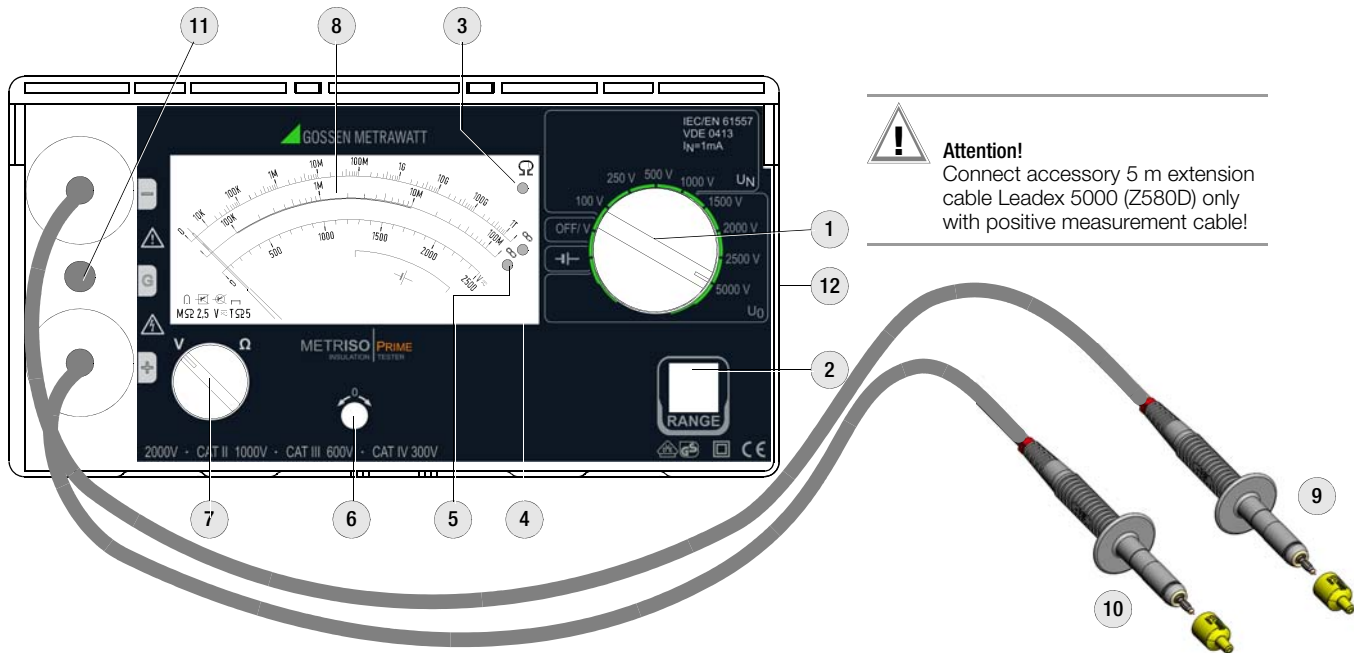


METRISO PRIME

High-Voltage Insulation Tester With Battery or Crank Generator Operating Mode

3-349-820-37
2/1.15





Attention!
 Connect accessory 5 m extension cable Leadex 5000 (Z580D) only with positive measurement cable!

- | | |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Selector switch for test voltage, battery test and power supply interruption 2 RANGE key for measuring range selection 3 Ω indicator LED – green: measurement OK
– off: invalid measurement, battery too weak 4 LED lit: measuring range or scale up to 1 TΩ is selected 5 LED lit: measuring range or scale up to 100 MΩ is selected 6 Adjustor screw for mechanical zero adjustment | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 7 Selector switch for voltage or insulation resistance measurements 8 Analog display 9 Test prod for – measurement cable with safety cap 10 Test prod for + measurement cable with safety cap 11 Guard cable connector jack (accessory Guard 5000A (Z580C)) 12 Battery or crank generator module |
|--|---|

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1 Safety Precautions

This instrument fulfills the requirements of the applicable European and national EC guidelines. We confirm this with the CE marking. The relevant declaration of conformity can be obtained from GMC-I Messtechnik GmbH.

The METRISO PRIME insulation tester is manufactured and tested in accordance with the following standards:

IEC 61010-1:2010, EN 61010-1:2010, VDE 0411-1:2011

IEC 61557-1, -2, DIN EN 61557-1:2007, -2:2007

VDE 413-1:2007, -2:2008

Hand-held probe assemblies: IEC61010-031:2002+A1:2008,

DIN EN61010-031:2008, VDE 0411-031:2008

For testing and measuring circuits: IEC61010-2-030:2010,

DIN EN 61010-2-030:2011, VDE 0411-2-030:2011

In order to maintain flawless technical safety conditions and to assure safe use, it is imperative that you read the operating instructions carefully and thoroughly before placing your instrument into service, and that you follow all points contained therein.

Opening of Equipment / Repair

The equipment may be opened only by authorized service personnel to ensure the safe and correct operation of the equipment and to keep the warranty valid.

Even original spare parts may be installed only by authorized service personnel.

In case the equipment was opened by unauthorized personnel, no warranty regarding personal safety, measurement accuracy, conformity with applicable safety measures or any consequential damage is granted by the manufacturer.

Repair and Parts Replacement by Authorized Service Personnel

Voltage conducting parts may be exposed when the instrument is opened. The instrument must be disconnected from all sources of voltage before repair or replacement of parts. If the repair of an open, live instrument cannot be avoided, this may only be performed by trained personnel who are familiar with the dangers involved.

Errors and Extraordinary Strains

If it may be assumed that the instrument can no longer be operated safely, it must be removed from serviced and secured against unintentional use. Send the instrument to the Repair and Replacement Parts Service Department; see Chapter 10, page 13. Safe operation can no longer be relied upon,

- if measurement cables are damaged,
- if the instrument demonstrates visible damage,
- if the needle gauge no longer responds,
- if one of the LEDs is defective,
- if the instrument no longer functions,
- after lengthy periods of storage under unfavorable conditions.

Observe the following safety precautions:

- The instrument may only be operated with batteries or storage batteries. Mains driven power packs are not permissible, because the use of such is life endangering.
- Be prepared for the occurrence of unexpected voltages at devices under test. (For example, capacitors can be dangerously charged.)
- Make certain that measurement cables are in flawless condition, e.g. no damage to insulation, no creases, no interruptions etc.



Attention!

Do not touch the test prods or the device under test during voltage testing! **High-voltage** of up to **5 kV** is present!



Attention! Accumulation of Moisture: An accumulation of moisture on the tester, on the measurement cables or on the DUT must be avoided, because leakage currents may be caused by high-voltages at exposed surfaces. Even isolated components may carry high-voltages.



Note

Overvoltage Influence: If the reversible fuse (PTC thermistor) responds to an overvoltage or an extraneous voltage, measurement may not be resumed immediately. A cool-down period of approximately 2 minutes must be observed.

Using the test probes (Electrical Safety)

Maximum rated voltage	300 V	600 V	1000 V	5000 V
Measuring category	CAT IV	CAT III	CAT II	—
With safety cap attached	•	•	—	—
Without safety cap	—	—	•	•



Attention!

Measurements per DIN EN 61010-031 may only be performed in environments in accordance with measuring categories III and IV with the safety cap attached to the test probe at the end of the measurement cable.

In order to establish contact inside 4 mm jacks, the safety caps have to be removed by prying open the snap fastener with a pointed object (e.g. the other test probe).

Meaning of symbols on the instrument



Warning concerning a point of danger (Attention: observe documentation)



Caution: high-voltage!
A life endangering high-voltage of up to 5 kV is present at the test prods.
Measurement category II/III/IV device

CAT II/III/IV



Continuous double, or reinforced insulation



Seal of approval from VDE testing authority



This device and the inserted (rechargeable) batteries may not be disposed of with the trash. For information regarding the WEEE mark can be accessed on the Internet at www.gossen-metrawatt.com by entering the search term 'WEEE'.



Indicates EU conformity

2 Applications

The METRISO PRIME insulation tester complies with regulation IEC 61557/EN 61557/VDE 0413 "Measuring and Monitoring Equipment for the Testing of Electrical Safety in Systems with Nominal Voltages of up to AC 1000 V and DC 1500 V" Part 2, insulation resistance testers.

It is suited for the measurement of insulation resistance for devices and systems in a voltage-free condition with nominal voltages of up to 1000 V. It is also suited for the measurement of insulation resistance of up to 1 T Ω with open-circuit voltages of up to 5000 V.

Additionally, the tester is equipped with a 2000 V measuring range for direct and alternating voltages. This is especially advantageous for the testing of DUTs for the absence of voltage, and for the discharging of capacitive DUTs.

3 Initial Start-Up

For initial start-up of the METRISO PRIME with crank generator or of the METRISO PRIME with accessory crank generator module see Chapter 8 and Chapter 3.4. For initial start-up of the METRISO PRIME with battery operation mode see Chapter 3.1 to Chapter 3.4.

3.1 Battery Installation



Attention!

Before opening the battery compartment (green side panel) be absolutely certain that the function selector switch is set to the "V" position, and that the range selector switch is set to the "OFF/V" position, and that the device is completely disconnected from all external power circuits.

- Unscrew and remove the battery compartment.
- Remove the battery clip.
- Pull the battery holder out of the battery compartment.
- Insert 6 commercially available 1.5 V type IEC R20 or IEC LR20 batteries or storage batteries (single cell) into the battery holder with correct poling as indicated by the symbols.
- Push the battery holder back into the battery compartment.

- Push the battery clip back over the contacts making certain that correct poling is assured.
- Return the battery compartment to the housing in the correct direction (labeling must be legible) and fasten with screws.

3.2 Testing the Batteries

After the batteries have been installed, or if the Ω indicator LED fails to light up during insulation resistance measurement, the batteries should be tested. For battery testing the range selector switch must briefly be set to the + position. Deflection of the needle gauge within the + scale for the battery test indicates the condition of the batteries or storage batteries at an average load of 1000 V test voltage. The position of the function selector switch need not be taken into consideration. The left end of the scale represents minimum required supply voltage, and the right end represents maximum available supply voltage.



Note

If the needle only moves into the minimal supply voltage range, several measurements can still be performed for test voltages of less than 1000 V, because the battery test is conducted with the same load as is used for a test voltage of 1000 V.

3.3 Switching the Tester On and Off

As long as the function selector switch is set to Ω , and the range selector switch is not in the OFF/V position, the tester remains activated. For purposes of transport and maintenance we recommend that the function selector switch be set to the V position, and the range selector switch to the OFF/V position, in order to prevent unintentional activation of the tester.



Note

Be certain that the grip on the function selector switch points exactly to "V" or " Ω ". No intermediate selector switch positions have been defined, and inaccurate switch positioning leads to meaningless measurement results. This is especially important during discharging of capacitive devices under test, because voltages are not displayed in intermediate selector switch positions.

3.4 Analog Display

Logarithmic representation of the upper resistance scale allows for quick recognition of the magnitude involved.

In order to achieve the required accuracy for testing of protective measures, the RANGE key allows for switching to the expanded lower limit measuring range of 100 k Ω ... 100 M Ω .

The orange colored LEDs, (4) and (5), at the right end of the scale indicate which of the two resistance measuring ranges is currently active.

The Ω indicator LED lights up green to confirm correct insulation measurement. If this LED does not light up, test voltage has not been achieved. In this event a battery test is advisable.

The two lower scales are for voltage measurement and battery testing; see Chapter 3.2.

4 Direct and Alternating Voltage Measurements

Direct voltages and sinusoidal alternating voltages with frequencies ranging from 15 to 500 Hz can be measured with the tester. Deflection of the needle at the instrument is always positive for direct voltage measurements, regardless of polarity at the connections. Alternating voltage is indicated as an effective value.

Voltage measurements are used to test for the absence of voltage prior to insulation resistance measurements, as well as for the automatic discharge of capacitive devices under test. The voltage drop can be observed at the display.



Note

Voltage measurement can always be performed with the function selector switch in the "V" position, regardless of the position of the range selector switch (even without batteries).

- ⇨ Set the function selector switch to the "V" position.
- ⇨ Check to see that the needle points to "0" in the V scale when the test prods are not connected. Reset the needle as required with the adjuster screw for mechanical zero adjustment.
- ⇨ The position of the range selector switch has no influence on voltage measurements, although we recommend setting it to the OFF/V position.
- ⇨ Contact the measuring points with both test prods.
- ⇨ Read the measurement value at the V scale.



Note

Voltages of greater than 2000 V may not be applied. Input resistance for the voltage measuring range is equal to 5 M Ω .

5 Insulation Resistance Measurement

Be certain that the device under test is voltage-free before performing measurements; see Chapter 4.

For measurements within a range of 100 G Ω (10 G Ω) ... 1 T Ω , the guard cable should be used; see Chapter 5.3, page 8.

5.1 Measurement Procedure

- ⇨ Set the function selector switch to the Ω position, in order to activate test voltage.
- ⇨ A range of either 10 k Ω ... 1 T Ω or 100 k Ω ... 100 M Ω can be pre-selected with the RANGE key.
- ⇨ Select the required nominal voltage of 100 V, 250 V, 500 V, 1000 V, 1500 V, 2000 V, 2500 V or 5000 V with the range selector switch depending upon the nominal voltage of the DUT. When lit, the LED (4) indicates that the upper limit measuring range of 10 k Ω ... 1 T Ω has been activated.
- ⇨ Contact the measuring point with both test prods and wait until the needle has come to rest. Depending upon the DUT this might take only a few, or up to 30 seconds, if, for example, large capacities (long cables) must be charged.
- ⇨ Read the measurement value from the upper scale. If the Ω indicator LED (3) lights up green, the insulation measurement is valid. If this LED does not light up, test voltage has not been achieved. In this event a battery test is advisable; see Chapter 3.2, page 5.
- ⇨ In order to achieve the required accuracy for testing of protective measures, select the high resolution range, 100 k Ω ... 100 M Ω , with the help of the RANGE key. The LED (5) lights up.
- ⇨ Contact the measuring point with both test prods once again.
- ⇨ Read the measurement value from the lower scale.



Attention! Contact Hazard

Do not touch the conductive ends of the test prods when the instrument has been activated for the measurement of insulation resistance.

This may cause current to flow over your body, which, although it does not reach life endangering levels, causes a clearly discernible shock.

When measurements are made at capacitive devices under test, e.g. cables, the DUT may be charged with voltages of up to approximately 5000 V, depending upon selected nominal voltage. Contact with the device under test after measurement is, in this event, life endangering!

Safe Discharge

For this reason the DUT must be discharged in a controlled fashion by switching to V and contacting the DUT with the test prods until the measurement display indicates 0 V. Do not reverse the poles of the DUT during discharging, because internal overvoltage protection would otherwise be triggered. If the capacity to be discharged is greater than 3 μF , the poles may absolutely not be reversed, because the device might otherwise be damaged.



Note Overvoltage Influence

If the reversible fuse (PTC thermistor) responds to an overvoltage or an extraneous voltage, measurement may not be resumed immediately. A cool-down period of approximately 2 minutes must be observed.

5.2 Evaluation of Measurement Values

In order to assure that insulation resistance values do not fall below those required by DIN VDE regulations, insulation tester inherent deviation and influence errors must be taken into consideration. Required minimum display values for insulation resistance which take maximum operational measurement deviation of the METRISO PRIME into consideration (under nominal conditions of use) can be determined with the following table. These are the minimum values which must be displayed, in order to assure that actual values do not fall below the required limit values. Intermediate values can be interpolated.

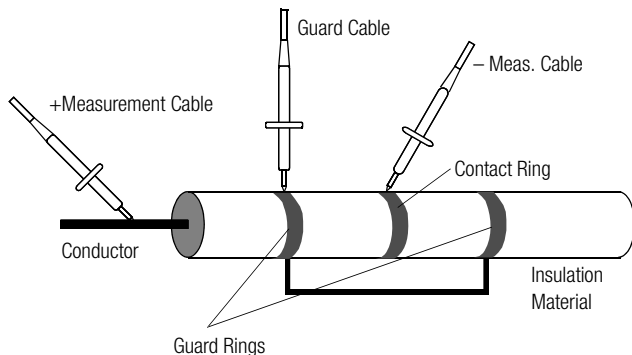
The table is valid for test voltages ranging from 100 V ... 1000 V.

Scale, 100 k Ω ... 100 M Ω	
Limit Value [k Ω]	Display Value [k Ω]
100	130
200	260
300	400
400	550
500	700
Limit Value [M Ω]	Display Value [M Ω]
1	1.3
2	2.6
3	4
4	5.5
5	7
10	13

5.3 Measurements with the Guard Cable (with Accessory Guard 5000A)

The measurement of very high impedance resistances presupposes extremely small measurement currents, and can be rendered problematic by influences such as electromagnetic fields, moisture or surface currents. For this reason, the measurement set-up must be implemented in an accurate fashion.

For measurements within a range of 100 G Ω (10 G Ω) ... 1 T Ω , a guard cable must be used in order to prevent the distortion of measurement results caused by surface currents. The guard rings prevent current at the surface of the insulation material from flowing from the +measurement cable to the -measurement cable, instead of through the insulation material itself.



- Insert the guard cable plug into the appropriate jack at the tester.
- Plug the crocodile clip onto the guard cable test prod.
- Clip the crocodile clip onto the guard ring located between the two measuring points of the insulation material to be measured.
- See Chapter 5.1, page 6 for measurement procedures.



Note

The following materials can be used as guard rings:
aluminum foil, copper foil or metal tubing clamps.

6 Characteristic Values

Insulation Resistance

Measuring Range	Nominal Range of Use	Nominal/Test Voltage U_N / U_T	Nom./Test Current I_N / I_T	Intrinsic Uncertainty ¹⁾	Measuring Uncertainty
100 k Ω ... 100 M Ω	100 k Ω ... 10 M Ω	100 V 250 V 500 V 1000 V	1 mA	$\pm 2.5\%$	$\pm 30\%$ of measured value
10 k Ω ... 1 T Ω	100 k Ω ... 100 G Ω	100/1500 V 250/2000 V 500/2500 V 1000/5000 V	1 mA/0.7 mA 1 mA/0.5 mA 1 mA/0.4 mA 1 mA/0.1 mA	$\pm 5\%$	

ShortCircuit Current I_K 1.3 mA

Direct and Alternating Voltage

Measuring Range	Frequency	Internal Resistance	Max. Allowable Voltage	Intrinsic Uncertainty ¹⁾
0 ... 2000 V DC/AC	15 ... 500 Hz	5 M Ω	2200 V DC/AC max. 10 s	$\pm 5\%$

Protective Devices

Terminal	Internal Resistance	Max. Allowable Voltage	Protective Device
-Measurement Cable	—	to +meas. cable/ to guard cable: 2000 V DC/AC max. 10 s	via grounded damping diodes
+Measurement Cable Insulation Measurement	—	to -meas. cable/ to guard cable: 2000 V DC/AC max. 10 s	diodes in high-voltage cascade, PTC thermistor ²⁾ and series resistors
Guard Cable	between guard and meas. cables 90 k Ω	to meas. cable 2000 V DC/AC max. 10 s	PTC thermistor ²⁾ and series resistors
Battery	—	10 V	pole protection with diodes voltage limiting in battery charger (optional)

¹⁾ with reference to scale length 97.5 mm (100 M Ω range) or 109.8 mm (1 T Ω range)

²⁾ PTC thermistor cool-down period until start of new measurement:
at least 2 minutes must be observed!

Display

Movement core-magnet moving-coil mechanism
Scale Length 111.5 mm (longest scale)

Reference Conditions

Ambient Temp. +23 °C ±2 K
Relative Humidity 40 ... 60 %
Meas. Quantity
Frequency 50 Hz ±10 Hz (for voltage measurement)
Mains Voltage
Waveform sine, deviation between effective and rectified value < 1 %
Battery Voltage 8 V ±1 %
Operational Position horizontal

Power Supply

Battery or Storage
Battery 6 ea. 1.5 V single cell per IEC R20 (6 · D-Size)
Working Range 6 V ... 10 V
Battery Service Life 7500 measurements at 1000 V test voltage with 1 MΩ measuring shunt,
15,000 measurements at 500 V test voltage with 500 kΩ measuring shunt,
with 5 s measurement and 25 s pause

Ambient Conditions

Operating Temp. 0 °C ... + 40 °C
Storage Temp. -20 °C ... + 60 °C (without batteries)
Relative Humidity max. 75%, no accumulation of moisture
Elevation to 2000 m

Electrical Safety

Protection Class II
Test Voltage 8.5 kV~
Measurement Category 1000 V CAT II, 600 V CAT III, 300 V CAT IV
Nominal Voltage U_N 1000 V
Open-Circuit Voltage U_0 5000 V
Pollution Degree 2

Electromagnetic Compatibility EMC

Product Standard DIN EN 61326-1: 2006

Interference emission		Class
EN 55022		B
Interference immunity	Test value	Performance feature
EN 61000-4-2	Contact/atmosphere - 4 kV/8 kV	B
EN 61000-4-3	10 V/m	B

Mechanical Design

Dimensions W x D x H: 290 mm x 250 mm x 140 mm
Weight 3.4 kg with batteries
Protection IP 52

Extract from table on the meaning of IP codes

IP XY (1 st digit X)	Protection against foreign object entry	IP XY (2 nd digit Y)	Protection against the penetration of water
0	not protected	0	not protected
1	≥ 50.0 mm dia.	1	vertically falling drops
2	≥ 12.5 mm dia.	2	vertically falling drops with enclosure tilted 15°
3	≥ 2.5 mm dia.	3	spraying water
4	≥ 1.0 mm dia.	4	splashing water
5	dust protected	5	water jets

Making Capacity for Insulation Resistance Measurement

Response Time < 100 GΩ < 3 s;
> 100 GΩ < 8 s also valid
for test voltage or measuring range changes

7 Maintenance



Attention!

Before replacing batteries completely disconnect the device from all external power circuits.

For purposes of transport and maintenance we recommend that the range selector switch be set to the OFF/V position, in order to prevent unintentional activation of the tester.

7.1 Batteries

The condition of the batteries should be checked from time to time. Discharged or corroded batteries must be removed from the battery compartment. If leakage occurs at the batteries, battery electrolyte must be completely removed and the batteries replaced. The batteries must be replaced when:

- the needle gauge no longer climbs into the scale which contains the battery symbol when the range selector switch is set to the battery test position.
- the indicator LED for the selected test voltage does not light up green.

Batteries are to be replaced as described in Chapter 3.1, page 5. Always replace batteries as a complete set!



Note

Prior to lengthy periods of rest (e. g. holiday), we recommend removing the (rechargeable) batteries. This helps to prevent excessive depletion or leakage of batteries, which, under unfavourable circumstances, may cause damage to the instrument.

7.2 Housing

No special maintenance is required for the housing. Keep outer surfaces clean and dry. Use a slightly dampened cloth for cleaning. Avoid the use of cleansers, abrasives or solvents.

Device Return and Environmentally Compatible Disposal

The **instrument** is a category 9 product (monitoring and control instrument) in accordance with ElektroG (German Electrical and Electronic Device Law). This device is subject to the RoHS directive. Furthermore, we make reference to the fact that the current status in this regard can be accessed on the Internet at www.gossenmetrawatt.com by entering the search term WEEE.

We identify our electrical and electronic devices in accordance with WEEE 2012/19/EU and ElektroG with the symbol shown to the right per DIN EN 50419.



These devices may not be disposed of with the trash. Please contact our service department regarding the return of old devices.

If you use **batteries** or **rechargeable batteries** in your instrument or accessories which no longer function properly, they must be duly disposed of in compliance with the applicable national regulations.

Batteries or rechargeable batteries may contain harmful substances or heavy metal such as lead (Pb), cadmium (Cd) or mercury (Hg).

The symbol shown to the right indicates that batteries or rechargeable batteries may not be disposed of with the trash, but must be delivered to collection points specially provided for this purpose.



7.3 Measurement Cables

Damaged or buckled measurement cables may not be used under any circumstances, because this may cause a reduction in insulation performance. The permanently connected test cables are double insulated. Inspect the measurement cables on a regular basis. We recommend that a thorough inspection be carried out every 6 to 12 months.



Attention!

Even if only very slight damage is apparent at the measuring cables, we recommend that you send the tester, together with the cables, to the GMC-I Messtechnik GmbH Repair and Replacement Parts Service Department.

7.4 Recalibration, Repair, Parts Replacement, and Device Balancing

Voltage conducting parts may be exposed when the instrument is opened. The instrument must be disconnected from the measuring circuit before repair, replacement of parts or balancing. If the repair of an open, live instrument cannot be avoided, this may only be performed by trained personnel who are familiar with the dangers involved.

Recalibration

The respective measuring task and the stress to which your measuring instrument is subjected affect the ageing of the components and may result in deviations from the guaranteed accuracy.

If high measuring accuracy is required and the instrument is frequently used in field applications, combined with transport stress and great temperature fluctuations, we recommend a relatively short calibration interval of 1 year. If your measuring instrument is mainly used in the laboratory and indoors without being exposed to any major climatic or mechanical stress, a calibration interval of 2-3 years is usually sufficient.

During recalibration* in an accredited calibration laboratory (DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025) the deviations of your instrument in relation to traceable standards are measured and documented. The deviations determined in the process are used for correction of the readings during subsequent application.

We are pleased to perform DAkkS or factory calibrations for you in our calibration laboratory. Please visit our website at www.gossenmetrawatt.com (→ Company → DAkkS Calibration Center or → FAQs → Calibration questions and answers).

By having your measuring instrument calibrated regularly, you fulfill the requirements of a quality management system per DIN EN ISO 9001.

* Verification of specifications or adjustment services are not part of the calibration. For products from our factory, however, any necessary adjustment is frequently performed and the observance of the relevant specification is confirmed.

8 Z580A Crank Generator Operating Mode

8.1 Installing the Crank Generator

- Set the range selector switch at the **METRISO PRIME** to the OFF/V position and the function selector switch to V.
- Disconnect the measurement cables from the device under test!
- Unscrew and remove the battery module.
- Pull the battery clip out, and save the battery module for possible later use.
- Plug the battery clip onto the crank generator module.
- Insert the crank module into the instrument with the crank handle on top. Be certain that the rubber ring is not separated from the crank generator.
- Secure the crank module with the 4 screws.

8.2 Operating the Crank Generator

- Fold the crank handle out until it snaps into place.



Attention!

Turn the crank only in the direction indicated by the arrow. The crank generator is difficult to turn in the other direction, and the protective devices at the generator and in the instrument may be destroyed after several rotations! Brief, inadvertent rotation in the wrong direction causes no damage.

Fold the crank handle to its closed position before transporting the instrument.

8.3 Measuring Insulation Resistance in the Crank Generator Operating Mode

- Establish contact with the DUT first, preferably with the included alligator clips. If this is not possible, and if contact must be established with the test probes, you will need a second person for assistance.
- Select the test voltage with the range selector switch.
- Set the function selector switch to Ω .

- Turn the crank in the direction indicated by the arrow at a speed which causes the Ω signal LED at the upper right hand portion of the display to light up and burn continuously.



Note

If the Ω signal LED is not lit, or if it flickers, test voltage is too low, i.e. too little power is being delivered by the crank generator. Measurement values are only valid if the Ω signal LED is continuously lit.

For high capacitance DUTs (cables, large machines and transformers), continue cranking until the needle gauge has stabilized. The Ω signal LED must be continuously lit during testing. This may take as long as several minutes, depending upon the capacitance of the DUT. Battery operation is recommended in such cases.

8.4 Discharging the Device Under Test

The function selector must be switched from Ω back to V, in order to discharge test voltage from the DUT. Contact with the DUT must be maintained until the discharge process has been completed. The range selector switch can be left at its original setting. The crank need not be operated in order to discharge the device under test.

8.5 Measuring Voltage in the Crank Generator Operating Mode

The crank need not be operated for the measurement of voltage. Voltage applied to the DUT is always displayed when the V/ Ω function switch is set to V.

8.6 Characteristic Values

Nominal Voltage	7.5 V (at approx. 2.5 r.p.sec.)
Nominal Power	4 W (at approx. 2.5 r.p.sec.)

Ambient Conditions

Same as METRISO PRIME (M550T)

Electrical Safety (installed)

see Chapter 6 "Characteristic Values"

9 Accessories (optional)

Type	Designation	Article Number
Generator 5000 A	Hand crank generator	Z580A
F2000	Universal carrying bag	Z700D
KY 5000 A	2 crocodile clips 1000 V CAT III / 5000 V CAT I 16 A	Z580B
Guard 5000 A	1 guard cable and 1 crocodile clip	Z580C
Leadex 5000	5 m extension cable	Z580D

For additional information on accessories, please refer to

- the relevant datasheet or our „Measuring Instruments and Testers“ catalog
- our website www.gossenmetrawatt.com

10 Repair and Replacement Parts Service Calibration Center* and Rental Instrument Service

When you need service, please contact:

GMC-I Service GmbH

Service-Center

Thomas-Mann-Straße 20

90471 Nürnberg, Germany

Phone +49 911 811718-0

Fax +49 911 811718-253

E-mail service@gossenmetrawatt.com

www.gmci-service.com

This address is for Germany only. Abroad, our representatives or establishments are at your disposal.

* DAKkS Calibration Laboratory for Electrical Quantities D-K-15080-01-01 accredited per DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025

Accredited measured quantities: direct voltage, direct current values, DC resistance, alternating voltage, alternating current values, AC active power, AC apparent power, DC power, capacitance and frequency and temperature

Competent Partner

GMC-I Messtechnik GmbH is certified in accordance with DIN EN ISO 9001:2008.

Our DAkkS calibration laboratory is accredited by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (National accreditation body for the Federal Republic of Germany) in accordance with DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 under registration number D-K-15080-01-01.

We offer a complete range of expertise in the field of metrology: from **test reports** and **proprietary calibration certificates** right on up to **DAkkS calibration certificates**.

Our spectrum of offerings is rounded out with free **test equipment management**.

An **on-site DAkkS calibration station** is an integral part of our service department. If errors are discovered during calibration, our specialized personnel are capable of completing repairs using original replacement parts. As a full service calibration laboratory, we can calibrate instruments from other manufacturers as well.

11 Product Support

When you need support, please contact:

GMC-I Messtechnik GmbH

Product Support Hotline

Phone +49 911 8602-0

Fax +49 911 8602-709

E-mail support@gossenmetrawatt.com

Edited in Germany • Subject to change without notice • A pdf version is available on the Internet.

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