

# Benchtop Multimeters MX 5006 - 6000pts MX 5060 - 60000pts

# User's Manual



### **melcix**

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#### **General directions**

#### Introduction



**Congratulations!** You are the new owner of a **benchtop multimeter**.

We thank you for this sign of confidence in the quality of our products. The line of instruments to which it belongs comprises the following models:

MX 5006	6000pts	TRMS	-	
MX 5060	60000pts	TRMS	USB	Range 60mV

It complies with safety standard NF EN 61010-1 + NF EN 61010-2-030 concerning electronic measuring instruments.

For best results, read this manual closely and observe the precautions of use.

Failure to observe these warnings and/or directions may damage the instrument and/or its components and may endanger the user.

#### Precautions and safety measures



- This instrument is been designed to be used as follows:
  - -indoors
  - -in an environment of pollution degree 2
  - -at an altitude of less than 2000m
  - -at a temperature between 0°C and 40°C
  - -at a relative humidity below 80% up to 35°C.
- The safety of any system incorporating the instrument is the responsibility of the system integrator.
- It can be used for measurements on 1000V, CAT III and 600V, CAT IV circuits.

However, some accessories may lead to the use of this instrument on circuits of a lower voltage and category.

#### before use

- Comply with the environmental and storage conditions.
- Check the integrity of the guards and insulation of the accessories. Any item
  of which the insulation is deteriorated (even partially) must be removed from
  service and scrapped. A change of colour of the insulation is a sign of
  deterioration.
- Supply: make sure that the power cord supplied with the instrument is in good condition. It must be connected to line power (230V ±10%, 300V, CAT II), (US version: 110V ±10%)
- The removable power cords must be replaced by cords having the appropriate rated characteristics.

#### during use

- Read closely all notes preceded by the symbol.
- The instrument's power supply has an electronic protection device that resets automatically after the fault disappears.
- As a safety measure, use only the appropriate leads and accessories supplied with the instrument or approved by the manufacturer.

### **General directions (continued)**

#### Definitions of the measurement categories

CAT II: Test and measurement circuits directly connected to the points of use of the low-voltage network (power outlets and other similar points).

E.g.: Measurements on the network circuits of household appliances, portable tools, and similar devices.



CAT III: Test and measurement circuits connected to parts of the low-voltage network of the building.

E.g.: Measurements on distribution panels (including secondary meters), circuitbreakers, wiring including cables, bus bars, branch boxes, disconnecting switches, power outlets in the fixed installation, and industrial appliances and other equipment, such as motors permanently connected to the fixed installation.

CAT IV: Test and measurement circuits connected to the source of the lowvoltage network of the building.

E.g.: Measurements on devices installed before the main fuse or the circuitbreaker of the building installation.

#### Warning!

Using a measuring instrument, a lead, or an accessory belonging to a lower measurement or voltage category derates the resulting system (instrument + leads + accessories) to the lowest measurement category and/or service voltage of any of the components.

#### Symbols on the instrument



Risk of electric shock: directions for connection and disconnection of the inputs. Always connect the probes or adapters to the instrument before connecting them to the measurement points. Always disconnect the probes or cords from the measurement points before disconnecting them from the instrument. These directions apply before the instrument is cleaned.



Warning: Hazard. The operator must refer to the manual each time this danger symbol is encountered.



Double insulation



Earth



In the European Union, this product is subject to selective collection for the recycling of electrical and electronic equipment waste in accordance with Directive WEEE 2002/96/EC: this equipment must not be treated as ordinary waste. The spent batteries must not be treated as ordinary waste. Take them in to the appropriate collection point for recycling.



The CE marking indicates conformity with the European "Low Voltage", "EMC", "WEEE" and "RoHS" directives.



USB (**MX 5060**, only)

### **General instructions (continued)**

#### Warranty



This equipment is warranted for 3 years against any defect of materials or workmanship, in accordance with the general terms of sale. During the warranty period, the instrument may be repaired only by the manufacturer, who reserves the right to repair the instrument or to replace it or part of it. If the equipment is returned to the manufacturer, the cost of transport to the manufacturer is borne by the customer.

The warranty does not apply following:

- improper use of the equipment or use in association with incompatible equipment
- modification of the equipment without the explicit permission of the manufacturer's technical staff
- maintenance done by a person not approved by the manufacturer
- adaptation to a particular application not anticipated in the definition of the equipment or by the user manual
- a shock, a fall, or flooding.

Maintenance, metrological verification Before opening the instrument, you must disconnect it from line power and from the measurement circuits and make sure that you are not charged with static electricity, which might destroy internal components. An adjustment, maintenance, or repair of the live instrument must be undertaken only by personnel who are qualified and have familiarized themselves with the directions in this manual.



This instrument should be checked at least once a year. For checking and calibration, contact one of our accredited metrology laboratories (information and contact details available on request), at our Chauvin Arnoux subsidiary or the branch in your country.

# Unpacking, repacking



All of the equipment has undergone mechanical and electrical checks before being dispatched. When you receive it, carry out a quick check to detect any deterioration that may have occurred during transport. Should the need arise, immediately contact our sales department and notify the carrier of the customary reservations.

Use the original packaging to reship the equipment, if possible. Indicate as clearly as possible, by a note attached to the equipment, the reasons for the transfer.

# Repair under warranty and post warranty

For all repairs before or after expiry of warranty, please return the device to your distributor.

### **Service**

#### **Maintenance**



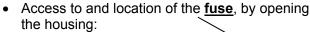
- Disconnect everything connected to the instrument and set the switch to "OFF".
- Use a soft cloth, moistened with soapy water. Rinse with a damp cloth and dry rapidly with a dry cloth or forced air.
- Make sure that no foreign objects interfere with the operation of the device by which the leads are snapped into place.

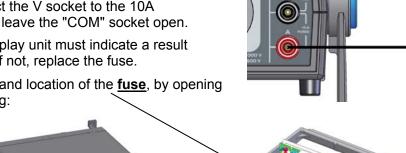
#### Replacing the fuse

Before replacing the fuse, disconnect the instrument from any source of current.

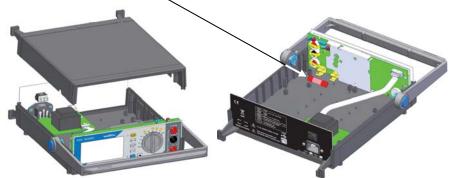
· Checking the current fuse:

- 1. Set the switch to  $\Omega$ .
- 2. Connect the V socket to the 10A socket; leave the "COM" socket open.
- 3. The display unit must indicate a result  $< 2 \Omega$ , if not, replace the fuse.









- Current protection: fuse, 11A, 1000V > 20kA (10x38)
- Power supply protection: PTC

#### Tilt stand

The tilt stand/handle has 2 blue pushbuttons on the sides that are used to unlock it:

- Press the pushbuttons simultaneously
- Adjust the prop to the desired position
- Release the 2 pushbuttons to lock the handle in position

#### Communication interface



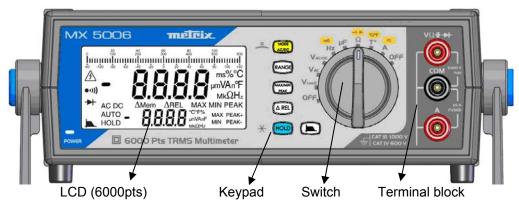
The MX 5060 has a USB communication interface, used:

- to configure and read the data measured by the instrument (using SX-DMM software),
- to recalibrate the instrument.
- The MX5006 does not have a USB communication port. Only an RS link is available to calibrate the instrument (after opening it).

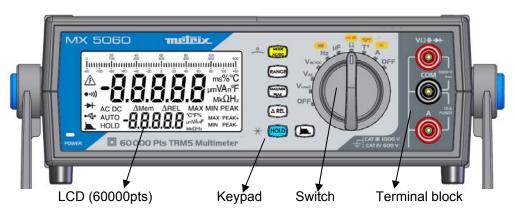
# **Description of the instruments**

### Front panel

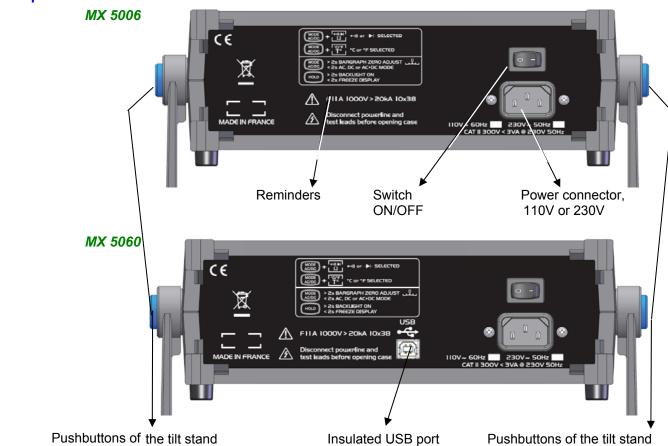
**MX 5006** 



**MX 5060** 



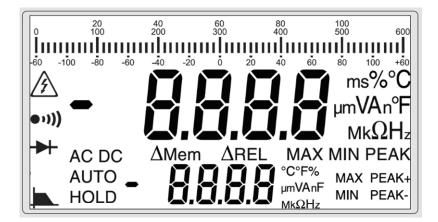
#### **Rear panel**



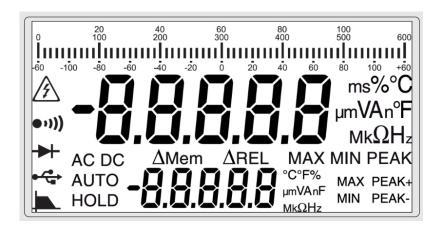
### **Functional description**

#### **Display unit**

MX 5006 double display 6000pts



MX 5060 double display 60000pts



# Quantities measured

- VLowZ AC voltage measurement at low impedance (VLowZ)
- Vac AC voltage measurement
- VAC/DC DC or AC+DC voltage measurement at high impedance (V)
- A Current measurement A
- Hz Frequency measurement
- Ω Resistance measurement
- µF Capacitance measurement
- T° Temperature measurement
- ms Measurement of the period
- % Measurement of relative value

#### Units

- V Volt
- A Ampere
- Hz Hertz
- Ω Ohm
- F Farad
- °F Degree Fahrenheit
- °C Degree Celsius
- ms millisecond
- k kilo  $(k\Omega kHz)$
- M Mega (MΩ MHz)
- n nano (nF)
- μ micro (μV- μA μF)
- m milli (mV- mA mF)
- % Percentage

Symbols	Designation					
AC	Measurement of the RMS AC signal					
DC	Measurement of the DC signal					
AC + DC	Measurement of the TRMS AC and DC signal					
AUTO	Automatic range switching					
ΔREL	Values relative to a reference					
ΔMem	Presence of a reference value in memory					
HOLD	Storage and display of stored values					
MAX	Maximum value					
MIN	Minimum value					
PEAK+	Maximum peak value					
PEAK-	Minimum peak value					
.run r.un ru.n	Capacitance meter, acquisition in progress					
	Frequency measurement impossible					
O.L	Overshoot of the measurement capacities					
V	Volt					
Hz	Hertz					
F	Farad					
°C °F	Degree Celsius, degree Fahrenheit					
A	Ampere					
<u></u>	Percentage					
Ω	Ohm					
ms	millisecond					
n	Symbol of the nano- prefix					
μ	Symbol of the micro- prefix					
m	Symbol of the milli- prefix					
k	Symbol of the kilo- prefix					
M	Symbol of the mega- prefix					
•11))	Symbol of the audible continuity measurement					
<b>→</b>	Symbol of the measurement and testing of a semiconductor junction					
ŹŹ.	Warning, possibility of electric shock (*)					
•4	USB communication					
<u> </u>	300Hz MLI filter					

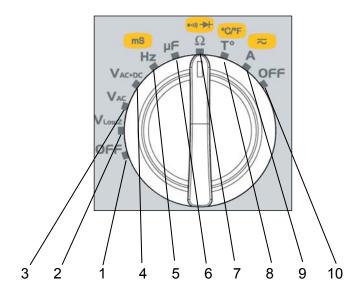
<sup>(\*)</sup>When voltages exceeding 60 VDC or 25 VAC are measured, the symbol flashes on the display unit.

#### **Switch**

The switch setting determines the measurement function chosen. The rotation of the switch has priority over key presses. The change from one position to another resets the configuration of the measurement mode.

The change from one measurement function to another deactivates the **HOLD** key, if the **HOLD** mode was selected.

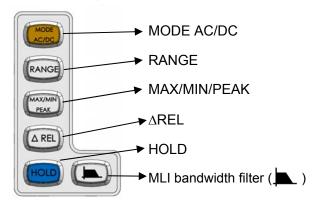
The switch has 10 positions:



- 1. OFF mode Switches the multimeter off
- **2.** AC voltage measurement at low impedance (VLowZ)
- 3. RMS AC voltage measurement
- **4.** DC or AC+DC voltage measurement at high impedance (V)
- **5.** Frequency measurement
- 6. Capacitance measurement
- Resistance measurement, audible continuity measurement, diode test
- 8. Temperature measurement T, K
- **9.** Current measurement A (AC, DC, or AC+DC)
- 10. OFF mode Switches the multimeter off

#### **Keypad**

The keypad has the following function keys:



The keys are taken into account and applied when pressed. If the key press is validated, the instrument beeps.

#### General rules

For the keys, 2 types of possible action are distinguished:

- Short press: key press lasting less than 2 seconds, validated by a beep as soon as the key press is detected.
- Long press: key press lasting more than 2 seconds, validated by a beep as soon as the key press is detected.



Choice of coupling, **AC**, **DC**, **AC+DC**, of the bargraph style, or of the secondary function key of the keypad (yellow).



Manual selection of the measurement range. The range defines the maximum measurement span the instrument can cover.

♦ The Auto Range mode is activated as default.



Display of the MAX, MIN, PEAK+, or PEAK- mode:

- MAX and MIN display the highest and lowest value of the RMS measurement.
- PEAK+ displays the maximum peak instantaneous value of the measurement.
- PEAK- displays the minimum peak instantaneous value of the measurement.



Storage of the measurements and quantities at a given time.

Freezes the display without stopping acquisition. The bargraph continues to operate normally.

The key is used to deactivate back-lighting of the instrument.



Display and storage of the reference value of the differential value in the unit of the quantity measured.



This key is used to limit the bandwidth to ≈300Hz.

Thanks to the low-pass filter (4th order), it is possible to measure the RMS voltage delivered by an MLI type speed variator (for asynchronous motor).

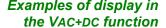
See curves p. 29 and 37.

Summary table		
of the keys	Successive short presses	Long press
AC/DC MODE	-Choice of AC, DC, or AC+DC coupling	Choice of bargraph style:
MODE AC/DC	-Access to the second function (yellow marking on the front panel)	Bargraph graduated from zero to full scale or
	-In the ∆REL or MAX/MIN PEAK plus ∆REL mode, the key is used to go from (present value - reference value) to	with central zero
	present value - reference value x 100	
	reference value	
	The value is displayed in %.	
RANGE	-Manual selection of the measurement range	Exit from the manual mode to
RANGE	-Exit from the MAX/MIN, PEAK mode	return to auto range (the default)
* MAX/MIN PEAK	-1 <sup>st</sup> press: recording of MAX, MIN, PEAK+, PEAK- (on the 2nd display unit). The max. value is displayed as default.	Exit from the MAX/MIN PEAK mode
(*) See example on p. 13	- Subsequent presses: look-up of recorded values	
HOLD	-Activation/deactivation of freezing of the display. Acquisition continues as a background task.	On/off switching of the backlight
	In the MAX/MIN PEAK mode, when HOLD is active, the blinking of the "MAX MIN PEAK" symbol indicates that acquisition continues as a background task.	
* AREL	-1 <sup>st</sup> press: activates the relative mode ∆REL	Exit from the ΔREL mode and
△ REL	(present value - reference value)	erasure of the reference value (the ∆Mem symbol goes off)
	and stores the measured value, which will be used as reference. "ΔMem" indicates storage of the reference.	(are many symbol goes sur)
(*) See example on p. 14	-Subsequent presses: toggles the display between measured value, reference, and relative measurement $\Delta REL$ , reference for look-up.	
	Activation of the 300Hz bandwidth filter	Activation/deactivation of the key- press beep

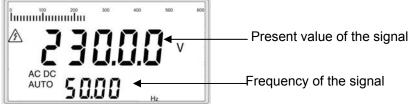
The ACODE, RANGE, HOLD, A REL, and functions can be accessed by successive short or long presses on a key (see table above). The functions are not mutually exclusive; they can be combined.

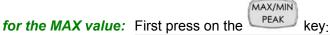
It is therefore possible to implement mAX/MIN PEAK in relative or pure relative only. Similarly, the HOLD mode applies to all functions and does not interfere with mAX/MIN PEAK surveillance; all it does is freeze the display. Each press is validated by an audible signal.

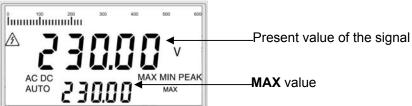
#### **MAX/MIN PEAK mode**



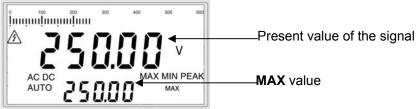
Examples of display in Measured signal: 230V, 50Hz:

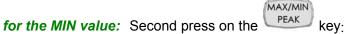


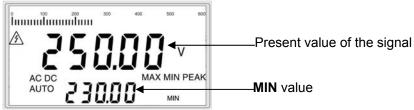




The measured signal changes to 250V, 50Hz:

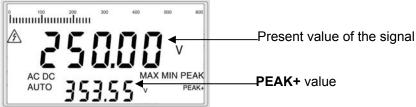






for the PEAK+ value: Third press on the





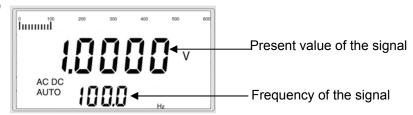


MAX/MIN

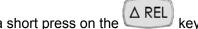
#### Mode AREL

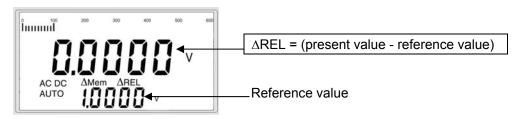
### Examples of display function

in the VAC+DC Measured signal: 1V, 100Hz:

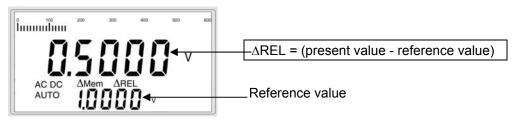


Activation of the △REL mode by a short press on the



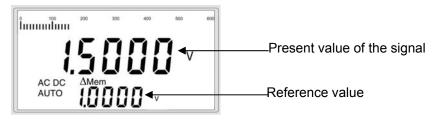


The signal changes to 1.5V ( $\triangle$ REL = 1.5V-1V = 0.5V)



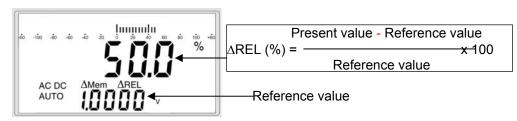
De-activation of the





**△ REL** A long press on the key erases the reference value and exits from the  $\Delta$ REL mode.

Short press, in the  $\Delta REL$  mode, on the



Functions of the switch and keys

To access the  $V_{LowZ}$ ,  $V_{AC+Dd}$ ,  $V_{$ 

Here are the possible combinations according to the type of measurement:

Turns of management	Max/Min	Peak ±	ΔREL	0	Ra	nge	HOLD	
Type of measurement	wax/wiin	Peak I	ΔKEL	-	Auto.	Manu.	HOLD	_
Voltage VLowZ Voltage VAC Voltage VAC+DC Current AAC, AAC+DC	<b>√</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>√</b>	in ΔREL <u>only</u>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Voltage VDC Current ADC	✓	-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	-
Voltage 60mVpc	✓	-	✓	✓	-	✓	✓	-
Voltage 60mVac Voltage 60mVac+Dc	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	✓		-	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	✓
Temperature	<b>✓</b>	-	✓		✓	✓	✓	-
Ohmmeter	<b>✓</b>	-	✓	in ∆REL <u>only</u>	✓	✓	✓	-
Capacitance	<b>√</b>	-	✓		<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>	-
Frequency	<b>✓</b>	-	✓		✓	-	✓	-
Period (1/F)	-	-	-	-	<b>√</b>	-	<b>√</b>	-
Continuity	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-	-
Diode	-	-	-	-	✓	-	✓	-

#### Preparation for use

# Instructions before starting up

When you use this multimeter, you must observe the usual safety rules, which:

- · protect you from electrical hazards,
- protect the multimeter from operator errors.

For your safety, use only the leads supplied with the instrument. Before each use, make sure that they are in perfect condition.

#### Power supply

line power at 230V ±10% (US version, 110V ±10%); 45Hz to 65Hz

The power connector is on the back of the instrument. (The earth connection serves to carry currents to earth).

# Powering up, down

Use the power On/Off switch on the back of the instrument to power it up.

A check light on the front of the instrument indicates that it is powered up.

#### Switching on

The switch is set to «**OFF**». Turn the switch to the function of your choice. All segments of the display unit light for a few seconds, then the screen of the function selected is displayed.

The multimeter is then ready to perform measurements.

and)

- Starting up accompanied by a simultaneous sustained press on the HOLD key (until it beeps) lights all segments of the display unit
- A second, short, press displays:
  - the hardware version (A, B, C, etc.),
  - the software version
  - the instrument model (MX 5006 or MX 5060).
- A third short press is used to exit from the mode.

#### Switching to standby

Set the switch to "OFF".

### How are the various quantities measured?

# 1. Voltage measurement

V<sub>AC+DC</sub>

AC voltage measurement, or measurement of an AC voltage superposed on a DC voltage, or DC voltage measurement at high impedance.

VAC

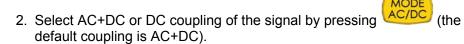
AC voltage measurement at high impedance



This position is provided to allow measurements in electrical installations. The input impedance <1M $\Omega$  serves to avoid measuring "phantom" voltages due to couplings between the lines.

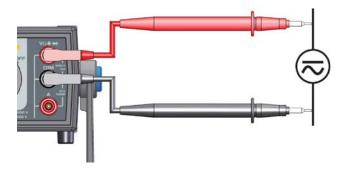
In all cases, "**O.L**" is displayed above 1050V and a beep sounds when the measurement exceeds 600V.

1. Set the switch to VLowZ or VAC+DC or VAC



Depending on what you select, the screen displays DC or AC+DC.

- 3. Connect the black lead to the "COM" terminal and the red lead to "+".
- 4. Place the test probes on the terminals of the circuit to be measured:



- 5. Read the measurement value indicated on the display unit.
- 6. As default, the 2nd display unit indicates the frequency, except in DC.

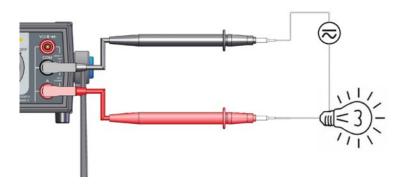
Remark:

It is possible to activate the filter in VLowz, VAC+DC, VAC. The cutoff frequency of the filter is ≤300Hz.

When a voltage having a frequency above 150Hz is measured, it is heavily attenuated, and so a large error may be observed. It is necessary in this case to deactivate the filter to have the full bandwidth.

# 2. Current measurement

- 1. Set the switch to A
- 2. Select the type of signal, AC+DC, AC, or DC, by pressing Depending on what you select, the screen displays AC, DC, or AC+DC.
- 3. Connect the black lead to the "COM" terminal and the red lead to "A".
- 4. Place the test probes in series between the source and the load:





- 5 Read the measurement value indicated on the display unit.
  - "O.L" is displayed, if I>20A.
- 6 As default, the 2nd display unit indicates the frequency, except in DC.

Remark:

It is possible to activate the filter in AAC+DC, AAC. The cutoff frequency of the filter is ≤300Hz.

When a voltage having a frequency above 150Hz is measured, it is heavily attenuated, and so a large error may be observed. It is necessary in this case to deactivate the filter to have the full bandwidth.

# 3. Frequency measurement

- 1. Set the switch to Hz
- 2. Connect the black lead to the "COM" terminal and the red lead to "+".
- 3. Place the test probes on the terminals of the circuit to be measured.

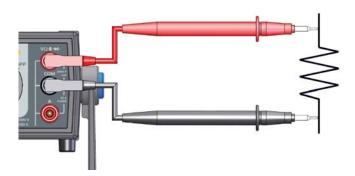
### d Connect the instrument as for a voltage measurement

- 4. Read the measurement value indicated on the display unit.
- 5. Press to obtain the period of the signal 1/F (ms).

# 4. Resistance measurement

- 1. Set the switch to  $\Omega$ .
- 2. Connect the black lead to the "COM" terminal and the red lead to "+".
- 3. Place the test probes on the terminals of the component.

Remark: Resistance measurements must be made with power off.
However, while the presence of a voltage will prevent or throw
off the measurement, it will not damage the instrument.



- 4. Read the measurement value indicated on the display unit.
- 5. "O.L" is displayed, if the circuit is open.

# 5. Audible continuity measurement

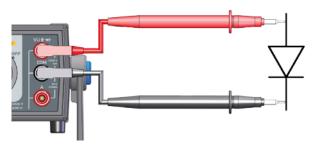
- 1. Set the switch to
- 2. Press AC/DC; the "●\*\*\*))" symbol is displayed.
- 3. Connect the black lead to the "COM" terminal and the red lead to "+".
- 4. Place the test probes on the terminals of the circuit to be measured.

### d Connect the instrument as for a voltage measurement.

- 5. Read the measurement value indicated on the display unit.
- 6. The continuity beep sounds when R<30 $\Omega$  ±3 $\Omega$ .
- 7. "O.L" is displayed, if the circuit is open.

#### 6. Diode test

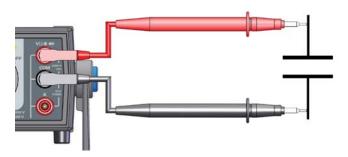
- 1. Set the switch to
- 2. Press twice; the "---" symbol is displayed.
- 3. Connect the black lead to the "COM" terminal and the red lead to "+".
- 4. Place the test probes on the terminals of the component:



- 5. Read the measured threshold voltage of the junction indicated on the display unit.
- 6. "O.L" is displayed, if the circuit is open or the threshold of the diode >3V.

# 7. Capacitance measurement

- 2. Connect the black lead to the "COM" terminal and the red lead to "+".
- 3. Place the test probes on the terminals of the component:



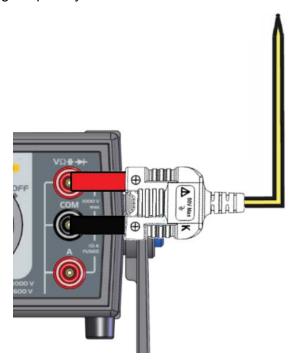
- 4. Read the measurement value indicated on the display unit.
- "O.L" is displayed, if the value to be measured exceeds the capacitance of the range.
  - "O.L" is displayed, if the capacitor is short-circuited.
  - For high values, the measurement cycle includes the display of "run" with a "chaser" decimal point. This means that acquisition is in progress; wait for the display of the digital result.



"Run" is displayed immediately, if the previous measurement was in a small range.

> The prior discharge of very high capacitances helps shorten the measurement time.

- 8. Temperature measurement
- 1. Set the switch to T°
- 2. Press to switch the temperature unit (°C or °F) between the two display units.
  - The unit displayed as default on the main display unit is °C.
- 3. Connect the temperature probe (K thermocouple) to the "**COM**" and "+" terminals, bearing the polarity in mind:



4. Read the measurement value indicated on the display unit.

If "O.L" is displayed, the thermocouple is open-circuit or the value to be measured exceeds the capacitance of the range. If the inputs are short-circuited, the instrument displays the ambient temperature.

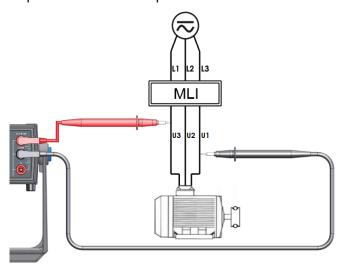
Remark: For greater accuracy, avoid exposing the instrument to sudden changes of temperature.

# 9. Measurement on an MLI type speed variator

1. Set the switch to VLouz

Voltage measurement

- 2. Select the filter by pressing
- 3. Connect the black lead to the "COM" terminal and the red lead to "+".
- 4. Place the test probes between two phases of the circuit to be measured:



5. Read the measurement values indicated on the display unit (voltage and frequency):

"O.L" is displayed above 1050V and a beep sounds when the measurement exceeds 600V.

The presence of the symbol indicates that the filter is active.

Remark: It is very important to leave the filter activated to measure the voltage and frequency of the signal without being perturbed by the MLI.

#### Technical characteristics of the MX 5006

Accuracy: Only values with tolerances or limits are guaranteed values.

"n% + nD" means Values without tolerances are given for guidance (standard NFC42670).

"n% of the reading the technical specifications are guaranteed only after 30 minutes of warming up. Except the n Digit" as otherwise indicated, they are valid from 5% to 100% of the measurement range.

#### **VOLTAGES**

Protection: 1414Vpk

#### **DC** voltage

**V**DC

Range	Specified measurement range	Resolution	Intrinsic error
600mV	0 to 600.0mV	0.1mV	0.5% L + 2 D
6V	0 to 6.000V	0.001V	
60V	0 to 60.00V	0.01V	
600V	0 to 600.0V	0.1V	0.09% L + 2 D
1000V *	0 to 1000V	1V	

(\*) The display indicates "+OL" above +1050V and "-OL" below -1050V.

#### **AC** voltage

VLowZ AC RMS The bandwidth is reduced to 300Hz if the filter is activated. The frequency measurement is made like a measurement in a 300Hz PB.

Range	Operating range	Specified measurement range <sup>3)</sup>	Resolution	Uncertainty (±)	Additional uncertainty F (Hz) 1)	Input impedance //< 50 pF	Peak factor		
600mV	0 to 600.0mV	60.0 to 600.0mV	0.1mV	1.2% L+ 0.25% x [F(kHz)-1] L ±5 D	45 <f<65hz 0.3% L typ.</f<65hz 		3 to 500mV		
6V	0 to 6.000V	0.600 to 6.000V	0.001V		at 100Hz 0.7% L typ.		3 to 5V		
60V	0 to 60.00V	6.00 to 60.00V	0.01V	1.2% L+ 0.18% x [F(kHz)-1] L	at 150Hz	$\cong$ 520k $\Omega$	3 to 50V		
600V	0 to 600.0V	60.0 to 600.0V	0.1V	±3 D	- ' ' -	- ' ' -	typ. at 300Hz		3 to 500V
1000V <sup>2)</sup>	0 to 1000V	60 to 1000V	1V		typ.		1,42 to 1000V		

<sup>1)</sup> See the typical curve of the 300Hz filter on p. 29.

Secondary measurements and displays: FREQ (AC coupling), MAX, MIN, PEAK

<sup>2)</sup> The LCD indicates "+OL" above +1050V, "-OL" below -1050V or above 1050VRMS.

<sup>3)</sup> From 1kHz, the measurement must exceed 15% of the range

VAC RMS

Range	Operating range	Specified measurement range 3)	Resolution	Uncertainty (±)	Additional uncertainty F (Hz) 1)	Bandwidth	@ 1kHz Input impedance // < 50 pF	Peak factor								
600mV	0 to 600.0mV	60.0 to 600.0mV	0.1mV	1% L + 0.25% x [F(kHz)-1]L ±5 D	45 <f<65hz 0.3% L typ.</f<65hz 	10Hz to 50kHz	10.9ΜΩ	3 to 500mV								
6V	0 to 6.000V	0.600 to 6.000V	0.001V		at 100Hz 0.7% L typ.		10.9ΜΩ	3 to 5V								
60V	0 to 60.00V	6.00 to 60.00V	0.01V	1% L + 0.18% x	at 150Hz 1.8% L	10Hz to	10.082ΜΩ	3 to 50V								
600V	0 to 600.0V	60.0 to 600.0V	0.1V	[F(kHz)- 1]L ±3 D								[F(kHz)- 1]L ±3 D	1]L ±3 D at 300Hz	100kHz	10.008ΜΩ	3 to 500V
1000V <sup>2)</sup>	0 to 1000V	60 to 1000V	1V		30% L typ.		10.008ΜΩ	1.42 to 1000V								

- 1) See the typical curve of the 300Hz filter on p. 29.
- 2) The LCD indicates "+OL" above +1050V, "-OL" below -1050V or above 1050VRMS.
- 3) From 1kHz, the measurement must exceed 15% of the range

Secondary measurements and displays: FREQ (AC coupling), MAX, MIN, PEAK

# AC and DC voltage AC+DC TRMS

Range	Operatin g range	Specified measurement range 3)	Reso- lution	Uncertainty DC (±)	Uncertainty AC (±)	Additional uncertainty F (Hz) 1)	Band- width	Input impedance // < 50 pF	Peak factor										
600mV	0 to 600.0mV	60.0 to 600.0mV	0.1mV		0.8% L + 0.18% x [F(kHz)-1] L ±5 D	45 <f<65hz 0.3% L typ.</f<65hz 	10Hz to 50kHz	10.9ΜΩ	3 to 500mV										
6V	0 to 6.000V	0.600 to 6.000V	0.001V	0.8% L		at 100Hz 0.7% L		10.9ΜΩ	3 to 5V										
60V	0 to 60.00V	6.00 to 60.00V	0.01V	±10 D										±10 D 0.8% 0.18	0.8% L + 0.18% x	typ. at 150Hz	10Hz to	10.082ΜΩ	3 to 50V
600V	0 to 600.0V	60.0 to 600.0V	0.1V		L ±3 D	L	L L	[F(kHz)-1] L ±3 D	1.8% L typ. at 300Hz	100kHz	10.008ΜΩ	3 to 500V							
1000V	0 to 1000V	60 to 1000V	1V			30% L typ.		10.008ΜΩ	1.42 to 1000V										

- 1) See the typical curve of the 300Hz filter on p. 29.
- 2) The LCD indicates "+OL" above +1050V, "-OL" below -1050V or above 1050VRMS.
- 3) From 1kHz, the measurement must exceed 15% of the range

Secondary measurements and displays: FREQ (AC coupling), MAX, MIN, PEAK

#### **CURRENTS**

#### **DC** current

#### Particular reference conditions:

 $\mu A$  range: Measuring a strong current for a long time can cause a temperature rise in some components. In this case, it is necessary to wait some time for the metrological characteristics specified in  $\mu A$  to be restored.

#### **ADC**

Range	Operating range	Specified measurement range	Resolution	Uncertainty (±)	Voltage drop	Protection
6000μΑ	0 to 6000μA	2 to 6000µA	1μΑ	0.8% L ± 5 D	25mV/mA	
60mA	0 to 60.00mA	0.02 to 60.00mA	0.01mA	0.8% L ± 2 D	3mV/mA	
600mA	0 to 600.0mA	0.2 to 600.0mA	0.1mA	0.8% L ± 2 D	0.58mV/mA	11A/1000V fuse
6A	0 to 6.000A	0.200 to 6.000A	0.001A	0.8% L ± 3 D	0.05V/A	>20kA
10A / 20A*	0 to 20.00A	0.20 to 20.00A	0.01A	0.8% L ± 2 D	0.05V/A	

The display indicates "OL" above 19.99A. The symbol blinks and a beep sounds above 10A.

(\*) Acceptable overload: 10A to 20A for 30s max. with a pause of 5min between 2 measurements. Ambient temp. 35°C max.

#### **AC** current

#### AAC RMS

Range	Operating range	Specified measurement range	Resolution	Uncertainty (±) 40Hz to 20kHz (**)		Voltage drop	Protection
6000µA	0 to 6000μA	60 to 6000µA	1μΑ	1.2% L ±5 D	2.6 to 5mA	25mV /mA	
60mA	0 to 60.00mA	6.00 to 60.00mA	0.01mA	1% L ±3 D	2.6 to 50mA	3mV /mA	
600mA	0 to 600.0mA	60.0 to 60.0mA	0.1mA	1% L ±3 D	2.6 to 500mA	0.58mV /mA	Fuse 11A/1000V > 20 kA
6 A	0 to 6.000 A	0.600 to 6.000 A	0.001 A	1.2% L ±5 D	2.8 to 5 A	0.05V /mA	
10 A / 20 A*	0 to 20.00 A	1.00 to 10.00 A	0.01 A	1% L ±3 D	3.7 to 8 A	0.05V /mA	

The display indicates "OL" above 19.99A. The symbol blinks and a beep sounds above 10A.

Secondary measurements and displays: FREQ (AC coupling) MAX, MIN, PEAK (\*) Acceptable overload: 10A to 20A for 30s max. with a pause of 5min between 2 measurements. Ambient temp. 35°C max.

(\*\*) Additional uncertainty with the 300Hz filter: see curve on p.29.

AC and DC current Warning: the sum AC+DC must never exceed the range, 600mA, or 60mA, or 6000µA, or 6A, or 10A, as the case may be.

> The AC component must represent at least 5% of the amplitude of the AC+DC total for it to be possible to measure it.

AAC+DC TRMS

Range	Operating range	Specified measurement range	Resolution	Uncertainty AC 40Hz à 20kHz (±) (**)	Additional uncertainty DC (±)	Peak factor	Voltage drop	Protection
6000μΑ	0 to 6000μA	60 to 6000μA	1µA	1.2% L + 0.08% x [F(kHz)-1]L ±5 D	±15 D	2.6 to 5mA	25mV/mA	
60mA	0 to 60.00mA	6.00 to 60.00mA	0.01mA	1% L + 0.08% x	±13 D	2.6 to 50mA	3mV/mA	
600mA	0 to 600.0mA	60.0 to 60.0mA	0.1mA	[F(kHz)-1)]L ±3 D	1100	2.6 to 500mA	0.58mV/mA	Fuse 11A/1000V
6A	0 to 6.000A	0.600A to 6.000A	0.001A	1.2% L + 0.08% x [F(kHz)-1]L ±5 D	±10 D	2.8 to 5A	0.05V/mA	> 20kA
10A /20A*	0 to 20.00A	0.60A to 20.00A	0.01A	1% L + 0.08% x [F(kHz)-1]L ±3 D	±10 D	3.7 to 8A	0.05V/mA	

The display indicates "OL" above 19.99A. The symbol blinks and a beep sounds above 10A.

Secondary measurements and displays: FREQ (AC coupling) MAX, MIN, PEAK (\*) Acceptable overload: 10A to 20A for 30s max. with a pause of 5min between 2 measurements. Ambient temp. 35°C max.

(\*\*) Additional uncertainty with the 300Hz filter: see curve on p.29.

#### **Frequency**

Protection: 1414Vpk

Particular reference conditions: 150mV<U<600V

When the switch is set to Hz, the 300Hz filter is not in service.

Switch set to "Hz", measurement of the frequency of a voltage

Range	Operating range	Specified Resolution		Intrinsic error
60Hz	10.00 to 60.00Hz	10.00 to 60.00Hz	0.01Hz	
600Hz	10.0 to 600.0Hz	10.0 to 600.0Hz 0.1Hz		0.1% L ±1 D
6kHz	0 to 6.000kHz	0.010 to 6.000kHz	0.001kHz	0.1% L ±1 D
60kHz	0 to 60.00kHz	0.01 to 60.00kHz	0.01kHz	

Below 10Hz, or if the signal detection level is inadequate, the reading is forced to 0.

Measurement of the period in ms can be accessed using the key.



or frequency current (secondary display)

150mV < U < 600V Frequency voltage Particular reference conditions: 0.15A < I < 10A

simultaneously, Max. frequency measurable in volts: 60kHz Max. frequency measurable in amperes: 60kHz

> When the switch is set to VLowZ, Volts or Ampere, if the 300Hz filter is activated, the measurable frequency remains within the limits of the PB of the filter.

Below 10Hz, or if the signal detection level is inadequate, the reading is forced to "----".

#### **Resistance**

Protection: 1414Vpk

Particular reference conditions:

The (+COM) input must not have been overloaded following the accidental application of a voltage to the input terminals with the switch set to  $\Omega$  or T°.

If this happens, the return to normal may take about ten minutes.

Range	Specified measurement range	Resolution	Uncertainty	Measurement current	Open-circuit voltage
600Ω	0 to 600.0Ω *	0.1Ω	0.4% L ±2 D	≈ 1mA	
6kΩ	0 to 6.000kΩ	0.001kΩ		≈ 126.6µA	
60kΩ	0 to 60.00kΩ	0.01kΩ	0.4% L ±2 D	≈ 12.6µA	< 5V
600kΩ	0 to 600.0kΩ	0.1kΩ		≈ 1.26µA	< 50
6ΜΩ	0 to 6.000MΩ	0.001ΜΩ	1.5% L ±3 D	≈ 240nA	
60 MΩ	0 to 60.00MΩ	0.01ΜΩ	3% L ±3 D	≈ 29nA	

(\*) REL measurement

# Audible continuity

Protection: 1414Vpk. Response time <100ms

Range	Resolution	Uncertainty	Open-circuit voltage	Measurement current
600Ω	0.1Ω	Audible signal triggered $< 30\Omega \pm 5\Omega$	< 5V	< 1.1mA

#### **Diode Test**

Protection: 1414Vpk

Range	Resolution	Uncertainty Open-circuit voltage		Measurement current
3V	1mV	Audible signal triggered < 40mV ±10mV	< 5V	< 1.1mA

#### **Capacitance**

Protection: 1414Vpk

Range	Operating range	Specified measurement range	Resolution	Intrinsic error	Measurement current	Measurement time
6nF	0.100 to 6.000nF	0.100 to 6.000nF	0.001nF	2% L ±15 D	≈ 1,26µA	≈ 400ms
60nF	0 to 60.00nF	0 to 60.00nF	0.01nF	1% L ±8 D	≈ 1,26µA	≈ 400ms
600nF	0 to 600.0nF	0 to 600.0nF	0.1nF	1% L ±5 D	≈ 1.26µA	≈ 400ms
6μF	0 to 6.000μF	0 to 6.000μF	0.001µF	1% L ±5 D	≈ 12.6µA	≈ 0.125 s/µF
60µF	0 to 60.00µF	0 to 60.00μF	0.01µF	1% L ±5 D	≈ 126.6µA	≈ 0.125 s/µF
600µF	0 to 600.0µF	0 to 600.0μF	0.1µF	3% L ±5 D	≈ 1mA	≈ 0.125 s/µF
6mF	0 to 6.000mF	0 to 6.000mF	1µF	4% L ±5 D	≈ 1mA	≈ 17 s/mF
60mF	0 to 60.00mF	0 to 60.00mF	10µF	6% L ±5 D	≈ 1mA	≈ 17 s/mF

The use of wires that are very short and shielded is strongly recommended.

#### **Temperature**

Protection: 1414Vpk

#### Particular reference conditions:

An internal temperature rise may have been caused by:

- > measurement of a strong current for a long time,
- $\triangleright$  overload of the +COM input with the switch set to T° or  $\Omega$ .

In this case, it is necessary to wait some time to recover the specified metrological characteristics.

The multimeter must be at the temperature of the room. If not, recovering the metrological characteristics may take up to 2h. Otherwise, there may be a temperature offset, because the cold junction temperature reference is a little off.

If there is any doubt, it is possible to check by measuring a known temperature (> example: ambient temperature) with the thermocouple.

Range	Operating range	perating range Specified measurement range		Uncertainty (±)
low	-200.0 °C to 200.0°C	- 60.0°C to 200.0°C	0.1°C	0.5% L ±2°C
	-328.0°F to 392.0°F	-76.0°F to 392.0°F	0.1°F	0.5% L ±4°F
high	-200°C to 1200°C	-60°C to 1200°C	1°C	0.5% L ±2°C
riigii	-328°F to 2192°F	-76°F to 2192°F	1°F	0.5% L ±4°F

The stated accuracy in temperature measurement does not take into account the accuracy of the K thermocouple.

There is no upper limit on the temperature display, other than the 6000 D of the display unit.

#### **PEAK+ PEAK-**

Add 1%L + 30D to obtain the accuracy corresponding to the function and the range. Fmax = 1kHz (1ms)

#### MAX / MIN

Add 0.2%L + 2D to obtain the accuracy corresponding to the function and the range. Acquisition time of the extrema: approximately 100ms.

# Operation of the audible beep

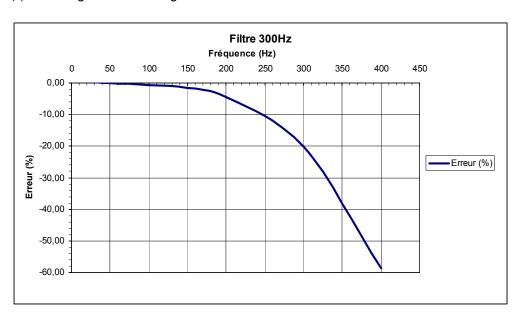
Beep reporting a valid key →high-pitched sound	4kHz, 100ms
Beep reporting an invalid key →low-pitched sound	1kHz, 100ms
Bursts of 3 beeps separated by 5-second gaps (beep beep beep - gap - beep beep beep) reporting an overshoot of the danger threshold (600V) →medium-pitched sound	2kHz, 100ms
2 successive beeps (beep beep) reporting recording of the MAX, MIN, PEAK:  → medium-pitched sound	2kHz, 100ms
Current >10A	4kHz, 100ms

Variation in the nominal range of use

Quantity of	Range of	Quantity	Influ	ence
influence	influence	influenced	typical	MAX
		VDCmV	0.01% L ±0.2 D / 1°C	0.02% L ±0.25 D /1°C
		VACmV, V <sub>LowZ</sub> mV	0.08% L ±0.2 D / 1°C	0.15% L ±0.25 D /1°C
		VDC	0.01% L ±0.1 D / 1°C	0.05% L ±0.1 D / 1°C
		VAC, VAC+DC VLowz		0.15% L ±0.1 D / 1°C
		ADC	0.05% L ±0.1 D / 1°C	0.1% L ±0.1 D / 1°C
		AAC and AAC+DC	0.08% L ±0.1 D / 1°C	0.12% L ±0.1 D / 1°C
Temperature	0°C 18 28 40°C	<b>+</b>	0.01% L ±0.1 D / 1°C	0.1% L / 1°C
		Ω	0.05% L / 1°C	0.1% L / 1°C
		60MΩ		0.3% L / 1°C
		nF,μF		0.2% L ±0.1 D / 1°C
		mF		0.6% L ±0.1 D / 1°C
		Hz		0.01% L / 1°C
		Temperature		± 2°C + 0.05% L /1°C
		Stabilization time	≈ 90 min	2 h
		V		
Humidity	10% 80% RH	A	_	_
(without condensation)		<b>→</b>	0	0
		Ω (*)		
		Hz		
Frequency	1kHz 3kHz	VAC		4% L
requestoy	3kHz 10kHz	V/10		6% L

(\*) excluding the  $60M\Omega$  range

# Response of the filter



### **Technical characteristics of the MX 5060**

Accuracy: Only values with tolerances or limits are guaranteed values.

"n% + nD" means Values without tolerances are given for guidance (standard NFC42670).

"n% of the reading The technical specifications are guaranteed only after 30 minutes of warming up. + n Digit" Except as otherwise indicated, they are valid from 5% to 100% of the measurement

(cf. CEI 485) range.

#### **VOLTAGES**

Protection: 1414Vpk

#### **DC** voltage

VDC 60mV range: Measuring a strong current or measuring a current for a long time may cause a temperature rise of some components.

Range	Specified measurement range	Resolution	Intrinsic error
60mV <sup>1)</sup>	0 to 60.000mV	0.001mV	0.5% L + 35 D
600mV	600mV 0 to 600.00mV		0. 5% L + 25 D
6V	0 to 6.0000V	0.0001V	
60V	0 to 60.000V	0.001V	0.05% L + 25 D
600V	0 to 600.00V	0.01V	
1000V <sup>2)</sup>	0 to 1000.0V	0.1V	0.07% L + 25 D

<sup>1)</sup> This range is accessible only with the RANGE key. Input impedance: approx.  $10.6M\Omega$  // 50pF

#### **AC** voltage

VLowZ AC RMS The PB is reduced to 300Hz. In VLowZ, there is no 60mV range. The frequency measurement is made like a measurement in a 300Hz bandwidth.

Range	Operating range	Specified measurement range 3)	Resolution	Uncertainty (±)	Additional uncertainty F (Hz) 1)	Input impedance //< 50 pF	Peak factor
600mV	0 to 600.00mV	60.00 to 600.00mV	0.01mV	1% L+ 0.25% x [F(kHz)-1] L ± 30 D	45 <f<65hz 0.3% L typ.</f<65hz 		3 to 500.0mV
6V	0 to 6.0000V	0.6 to 6.0000V	0.0001V		at 100Hz 0.7% L typ.		3 to 5.0V
60V	0 to 60.000V	6.000 to 60.000V	0.001V	0.5% L + 0.18% x [F(kHz) -1] L			$\cong$ 520k $\Omega$
600V	0 to 600.00V	60.00 to 600.00V	0.01V	± 25 D	typ.		3 to 500.0V
1000V <sup>2)</sup>	0 to 1000.0V	60 to 1000.0V	0.1V		30% L typ.		1.42 to 1000.0V

<sup>1)</sup> See the typical curve of the 300Hz filter on p. 37.

<sup>2)</sup> The display indicates "+OL" above +1050V and "-OL" below -1050V.

<sup>2)</sup> The LCD indicates "+OL" above +1050V, "-OL" below -1050V or above 1050VRMS.

<sup>3)</sup> From 1kHz, the measurement must exceed 15% of the range Secondary measurements and displays: FREQ (AC coupling) MAX, MIN, PEAK

**VAC RMS** 60mV range: Measuring a strong current or measuring a current for a long time may cause a temperature rise of some components.

Range	Operating range	Specified measurement range 4)	Resolution	Uncertainty (±)	Additional uncertainty F(Hz) 1)	Pass band	@ 1kHz Input impedance //< 50 pF	Peak factor						
60mV <sup>2)</sup>	0 to 60.000mV	6.000 to 60.000mV	0.001mV	1.5% L ± 35 D		≈ 400Hz	10.612ΜΩ	3 to 50.0mV						
600mV	0 to 600.00mV	60.00 to 600.00mV	0.01mV	1% L + 0.25% x [F(kHz)-1] L ± 30 D	45 <f<65hz 0.3% L typ.</f<65hz 	10Hz to 50kHz (≈ 23% @100kHz)	10.9ΜΩ	3 to 500.0mV						
6V	0 to 6.0000V	0.6 to 6.0000V	0.0001V		à 100Hz 0.7% L typ.		10.9ΜΩ	3 to 5.0V						
60V	0 to 60.000V	6.000 to 60.000V	0.001V	0.5% L + 0.18% x [F(kHz)-1] L	à 150Hz 1.8% L typ.		10.082ΜΩ	3 to 50.0V						
600V	0 to 600.00V	60.00 to 600.00V	0.01V	± 25 D							à 300Hz 30% L	10Hz to 100kHz	10.008ΜΩ	3 to 500.0V
1000V 3)	0 to 1000.0V	60 to 1000.0V	0.1V		typ.		10.008ΜΩ	1.42 to 1000.0V						

- 1) See the typical curve of the 300Hz filter on p. 37.
- 2) This range is accessible only with the key. Input impedance: approx. 10.6MΩ // 50pF
- 3) The LCD indicates "+OL" above +1050V, "-OL" below -1050V or above 1050VRMS.
- 4) From 1kHz, the measurement must exceed 15% of the range.

Secondary measurements and displays: FREQ (AC coupling) MAX, MIN, PEAK

# AC and DC voltage AC+DC TRMS

<u>60mV range</u>: Measuring a strong current or measuring a current for a long time may cause a temperature rise of some components.

Range	Operating range	Specified measuremen range <sup>4)</sup>	Resolution	Additional uncertainty DC (±)	Uncertainty AC (±)	Additional uncertainty F(Hz) 1)	Bandwidth	Input impedance //< 50 pF	Peak factor	
60mV <sup>2)</sup>	0 to 60,000mV	6,000 to 60,000mV	0,001mV		1,5% L ±35 D	at 100Hz 0,7% L typ. at 150Hz 1,8% L typ.	≈ 400Hz	10,612ΜΩ	3 to 50mV	
600mV	0 to 600,00mV	60,00 to 600,00mV	0,01mV		0,8% L + 0,18% x [F(kHz)-1]L ±30 D		0,3% L	10Hz to 50kHz	10,9ΜΩ	3 to 500mV
6V	0 to 6,0000V	0,6 to 6,0000V	0,0001V	145 D	0,5% L + 0,18% x [F(kHz)-1]L ±25 D			10,9ΜΩ	3 to 5V	
60V	0 to 60,000V	6,000 to 60,000V	0,001V	± 15 D			10Hz to 100kHz	10,082ΜΩ	3 to 50V	
600V	0 to 600,00V	60,00 to 600,00V	0,01V					10,008ΜΩ	3 to 500V	
1000V <sup>3)</sup>	0 to 1000,0V	60 to 1000,0V	0,1V			typ.		10,008ΜΩ	1,42 to 1000V	

- 1) See the typical curve of the 300Hz filter on p. 37.
- 2) This range is accessible only with the linput impedance: approx. 10.6MΩ // 50pF
- 3) The LCD indicates "+OL" above +1050V, "-OL" below -1050V or above 1050VRMS.
- 4) From 1kHz, the measurement must exceed 15% of the range

Secondary measurements and displays: FREQ (AC coupling) MAX, MIN, PEAK

#### **CURRENTS**

#### **DC** current

#### Particular reference conditions:

 $\mu A$  range: Measuring a strong current for a long time may cause a temperature rise of some components. In this case, it is necessary to wait some time for the metrological characteristics specified in  $\mu A$  to be restored.

#### **ADC**

Range	Operating range	Specified measurement range	Resolution	Uncertainty (±)	Voltage drop	Protection
6000µA	0 to 6000.0µA	2.0 to 6000.0µA	0.1μΑ	0.8% L ±25 D	25mV/mA	
60mA	0 to 60.000mA	0.020 to 60.000mA	0.001mA	0.8% L ±20 D	3mV/mA	
600mA	0 to 600.00mA	0.20 to 600.00mA	0.01mA	0.8% L ±20 D	0.58mV/mA	Fuse 11A/1000V
6A	0 to 6.0000 A	0.2000 to 6.0000A	0.0001A	0.8% L ±20 D	0.05 V/A	> 20kA
10A / 20A*	0 to 20.000A	0.200 to 20.000A	0.001A	0.8% L ±20 D	0.05 V/A	

The display indicates "OL" above 19.99A. The symbol blinks and a beep sounds above 10A.

(\*) Acceptable overload: 10A to 20A for 30s max. with a pause of 5min between 2 measurements. Ambient temp.  $35^{\circ}$ C max.

#### **AC** current

#### AC RMS

Range	Operating range	Specified measurement range	Resolution	Uncertainty (±) 40Hz to 20kHz (**)	Peak factor	Voltage drop	Protection
6000µA	0 to 6000.0μA	60 to 6000.0μA	0.1μΑ	1.2% L + 0.08% x [F(kHz)-1]L ±25 D	2.6 to 5mA	25mV/mA	
60mA	0 to 60.000mA	6.000 to 60.000mA	0.001mA	1% L + 0.08% x	2.6 to 50mA	3mV/mA	
600mA	0 to 600.00mA	60.00 to 600.00mA	0.01mA	[F(kHz)-1]L ±25 D	2.6 to 500mA	0.58mV/mA	Fuse 11A/1000V > 20 kA
6A	0 to 6.0000A	0.6000 to 6.000A	0.0001A	1% L + 0.1% x [F(kHz)-1]L ±25 D	2.8 to 5A	0.05V/mA	> 20 KA
10A /20A*	0 to 20.000A	1.000 to 20.000A	0.001A	1.2% L + 0.1% x [F(kHz)-1]L ±25 D	3.7 to 8A	0.05V/mA	

The display indicates "OL" above 19.99A. The symbol blinks and a beep sounds above 10A.

Secondary measurements and displays: FREQ (AC coupling) MAX, MIN, PEAK (\*) Acceptable overload: 10A to 20A for 30s max. with a pause of 5min between 2 measurements. Ambient temp. 35°C max.

(\*\*) Additional uncertainty with the 300Hz filter: see curve on p.37.

#### **AC and DC current**

**AC+DC TRMS** Warning: the sum AC+DC must never exceed the range, 600mA, or 60mA, or 6000μA, or 6A, or 10A, as the case may be.

The AC component must represent at least 5% of the amplitude of the AC+DC total for it to be possible to measure it.

Range	Operating range	Specified measurement range	Resolution	Uncertainty AC 40Hz - 20kHz (±) (**)	Additional uncertainty DC (±)	Peak factor	Voltage drop	Protection	
6000μΑ	0 to 6000.0µA	60 to 6000.0μA	0.1μΑ	1% L + 0.08% x [F(kHz)-1]L ±25 D		2.6 to 5mA	25mV/mA		
60mA	0 to 60.00mA	6.000 to 60.000mA	0.001mA	1% L + 0.08% x [F(kHz)-1]L ±25 D	–		2.6 to 50mA	3mV/mA	
600mA	0 to 600.00mA	60.00 to 600.00mA	0.01mA		±15 D	2.6 to 500mA	0.58mV/mA	Fuse 11A/1000V	
6A	0 to 6.0000A	0.6000 to 6.0000A	0.0001A	1% L + 0.1% x [F(kHz)-1]L ±25 D	110 0	2.8 to 5A	0.05V/mA	> 20kA	
10A / 20A*	0 to 20.00A	0.600 to 20.000A	0.001A	1.2% L+ 0.1% x [F(kHz)-1]L ±25 D		3.7 to 8A	0.05V/mA		

The display indicates "OL" above 19.99A. The symbol blinks and a beep sounds above 10A.

Secondary measurements and displays: FREQ (AC coupling) MAX, MIN, PEAK

- (\*) Acceptable overload: 10A to 20A for 30s max. with a pause of 5min between 2 measurements. Ambient temp. 35°C max.
- (\*\*) Additional uncertainty with the 300Hz filter: see curve on p.37.

#### **Frequency**

Switch set to "Hz", measurement of the frequency of a voltage Protection: 1414Vpk

Particular reference conditions: 150mV<U<600V

When the switch is set to Hz, the 300Hz filter is not in service.

Range	Operating range	Specified measurement range	Resolution	Intrinsic error
60Hz	10.00 to 60.00Hz	10.00 to 60.00Hz	0.01Hz	
600Hz	10.0 to 600.0Hz	10.00 to 600.0Hz	0.1Hz	0.1% L ±1 D
6kHz	0 to 6.000kHz	0.010 to 6.000kHz	0.001kHz	0.1% L ±1 D
60kHz	0 to 60.00kHz	0.01 to 60.00kHz	0.01kHz	

Below 10Hz, or if the signal detection level is inadequate, the reading is forced to 0.

Measurement of the period in ms can be accessed using the



Freq. voltage or Freq. current simultaneously, (secondary display)

Freq. voltage Particular reference conditions: 150mV < U < 600V

0.15A < I < 10A

Max. frequency measurable in volts: 60kHz Max. frequency measurable in amperes: 60kHz

When the switch is set to VLowZ, Volts or Ampere, if the 300Hz filter is activated, the measurable frequency remains within the limits of the PB of the filter.

Below 10Hz, or if the signal detection level is inadequate, the reading is forced: "-----".

#### Resistance

Protection: 1414Vpk

Particular reference conditions:

The (+COM) input must not have been overloaded following the accidental application of a voltage to the input terminals with the switch set to  $\Omega$  or T°. If this happens, the return to normal may take about ten minutes.

Range	Specified measurement range	Resolution	Uncertainty	Measurement current	Open-circuit voltage
600Ω	0 to 600.00Ω *	0.01Ω	0.2% L ±20 D	≈ 1mA	
6kΩ	0 to 6.0000kΩ	0.0001kΩ		≈ 126.6µA	
60kΩ	0 to 60.000kΩ	0.001kΩ	0.2% L ±20 D	≈ 12.6µA	4 F) /
600kΩ	0 to 600.00kΩ	0.01kΩ		≈ 1.26µA	< 5V
6ΜΩ	0 to 6.0000MΩ	0.0001ΜΩ	1.5% L ±30 D	≈ 240nA	
60ΜΩ	0 to 60.000MΩ	0.001ΜΩ	3% L ±30 D	≈ 29nA	

(\*) REL measurement

# Audible continuity

Protection: 1414Vpk
Response time <100ms

Range	Resolution	Uncertainty	Open-circuit voltage	Measurement current
600Ω	0.01Ω	Audible signal triggered $< 30\Omega \pm 5\Omega$	< 5V	< 1.1mA

#### **Diode Test**

Protection: 1414Vpk

Range	Resolution	Uncertainty	Open-circuit voltage	Measurement current
3V	0.1mV	Audible signal triggered < 40mV ±10mV	< 5V	< 1.1mA

#### Capacitance

Protection: 1414Vpk

Range	Operating range	Specified measurement range	Resolution	Intrinsic error	Measurement current	Measurement time	
6nF	0.100 to 6.000nF	0.100 to 6.000nF	0.001nF	2% L ±15 D	≈ 1,26µA	≈ 400ms	
60nF	0 to 60.00nF	0 to 60.00nF	0.01nF	1% L ±8 D	≈ 1,26µA	≈ 400ms	
600nF	0 to 600.0nF	0 to 600.0nF	0.1nF	1% L ±5 D	≈ 1.26µA	≈ 400ms	
6µF	0 to 6.000μF	0 to 6.000μF	0.001µF	1% L ±5 D	≈ 12.6µA	≈ 0.125 s/µF	
60µF	0 to 60.00μF	0 to 60.00μF	0.01µF	1% L ±5 D	≈ 126.6µA	≈ 0.125 s/µF	
600µF	0 to 600.0μF	0 to 600.0μF	0.1µF	3% L ±5 D	≈ 1mA	≈ 0.125 s/µF	
6mF	0 to 6.000mF	0 to 6.000mF	1μF	4% L ±5 D	≈ 1mA	≈ 17 s/mF	
60mF	0 to 60.00mF	0 to 60.00mF	10µF	6% L ±5 D	≈ 1mA	≈ 17 s/mF	

The use of wires that are very short and shielded is strongly recommended.

#### **Temperature**

Protection: 1414Vpk

#### Particular reference conditions:

An internal temperature rise may have been caused by:

- > measurement of a strong current for a long time,
- $\triangleright$  overload of the +COM input with the switch set to T° or  $\Omega$ .

In this case, it is necessary to wait some time to recover the specified metrological characteristics.

The multimeter must be at the temperature of the room. If not, recovering the metrological characteristics may take up to 2h. Otherwise, there may be a temperature offset, because the cold junction temperature reference is a little off.

If there is any doubt, it is possible to check by measuring a known temperature (> example: ambient temperature) with the thermocouple.

# Temperature (continued)

Range	Operating range	Specified measurement range	Resolution	Uncertainty (±)
low	-200.0°C to 200.0°C	-60.0°C to 200.0°C	0.1°C	0.5% L ±2°C
IOW	-328.0°F to 392.0°F	-76.0°F to 392.0°F	0.1°F	0.5% L ±4°F
high	-200°C to 1200°C	-60°C to 1200°C	1°C	0.5% L ±2°C
	-328°F to 2192°F	-76°F to 2192°F	1°F	0.5% L ±4°F

The stated accuracy in temperature measurement does not take into account the accuracy of the K thermocouple.

There is no upper limit on the temperature display, other than the 6000 D of the display unit.

#### **PEAK+ PEAK-**

Add 1% L + 30 D to obtain the accuracy corresponding to the function and the range.

Fmax = 1kHz (1ms)

#### MAX / MIN

Add 0.2% L + 2 D to obtain the accuracy corresponding to the function and the range.

Acquisition time of the extrema: approximately 100ms.

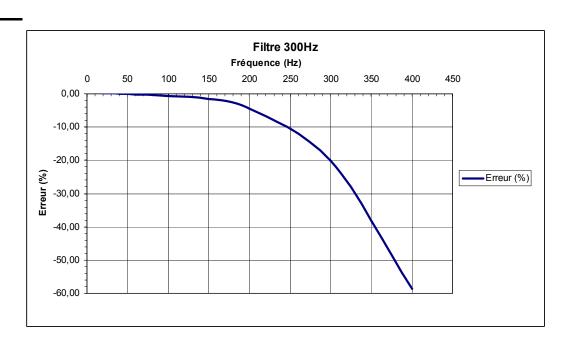
# Operation of the audible beep

Beep reporting a valid key →high-pitched sound	4kHz, 100ms
Beep reporting an invalid key →low-pitched sound	1kHz, 100ms
bursts of 3 beeps separated by 5-second gaps (beep beep beep - gap - beep beep beep) reporting an overshoot of the danger threshold (600V) → medium-pitched sound	2kHz, 100ms
2 successive beeps (beep beep) reporting recording of the MAX, MIN, PEAK:  → medium-pitched sound	2kHz, 100ms
Current >10A	4kHz, 100ms

Variation in the nominal range of use

Quantity of	Range of	Quantity	Influence			
influence	influence	influenced	typical	MAX		
		VDCmV	0.01% L ±0.2 D / 1°C	0.02% L ±0.25 D / 1°C		
		VACmV, V <sub>LowZ</sub> mV	0.08% L ±0.2 D / 1°C	0.15% L ±0.25 D / 1°C		
		VDC	0.01% L ±0.1 D / 1°C	0.05% L ±0.1 D / 1°C		
		VAC , VAC+DC, V <sub>LowZ</sub>		0.15% L ±0.1 D / 1°C		
		ADC	0.05% L ±0.1 D / 1°C	0.1% L ±0.1 D / 1°C		
		AAC and AAC+DC	0.08% L ±0.1 D / 1°C	0.12% L ±0.1 D / 1°C		
Temperature	0°C 18	+	0.01% L ±0.1 D / 1°C	0.1% L / 1°C		
	28 40°C	Ω	0.05% L / 1°C	0.1% L / 1°C		
		60 MΩ		0.3% L / 1°C		
		nF,µF		0.2% L ±0.1 D / 1°C		
		mF		0.6% L ±0.1 D / 1°C		
		Hz		0.01% L / 1°C		
		Temperature		± 2°C + 0.05% L / 1°C		
		Stabilization time	≈ 90 min	2 h		
		V				
Humidity	10% 80% RH	Α				
(without	10% 60% RH	<b>→</b> ⊢	0	0		
condensation)		Ω (*)				
		Hz				
Fraguer	1kHz 3kHz	\/AC		4% L		
Frequency	3kHz 10kHz	VAC		6% L		

# Response of the filter



#### **General characteristics**

# Environmental conditions

Altitude <2000m

Reference range  $23^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ Specified range of use  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $40^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Influence of temperature see §. Influences

Relative humidity 0% to 80% from 0°C to 35°C 0% to 70% from 35°C to 40°C

limited to 70% for the 5 and 50  $\Omega$  ranges

Dust- and water-tightness IP51

Storage range -20°C to 70°C

**Power supply** 

Network 230V ±10% at 50Hz

Switchable 110V ±10% at 60Hz (US version)

**Display** 

The refresh rate of the display unit is 200ms.



#### **Safety**

According to NF EN 61010-1:

Insulation class 2Degree of pollution 2

· Use indoor

Altitude <2000m</li>

 Measurement category of the "measurements" inputs CAT III, 1000V with respect to earth

Measurement category
 of the "measurements" inputs CA<sup>-</sup>

of the "measurements" inputs CAT IV, 600V with respect to earth

**EMC** 

This instrument is designed in conformity with the EMC standards in force and its compatibility has been tested in accordance with the following standards:

• Emissions (cl. A) and Immunity: NF EN 61326-1

### **Mechanical characteristics**

#### **Housing**

Dimensions
 295 x 270 x 95 mm

Mass 1.85 kgMaterials ABS V0

Dust- and water-tightness
 IP 51, according to NF EN 60529

### **Supply**

#### supplied with the instrument

- Operating instructions in 5 languages on CD ROM
- · Getting started guide
- EU line power cord
- Lead, 1.5m, straight/straight, red
- Lead, 1.5m, straight/straight, black
- Test probe, CAT IV, 1kV, red
- Test probe, CAT IV, 1kV, black

MX 5060 • USB cord

#### optional

- K thermocouple, wire + adapter
- SX-DMM BT software

**spare** • Fuse, 1000V 11A > 20kA 10 x 38mm (consult our regional Manumesure technical centre)