

- Appliance Multitester

# C.A 6155



ENGLISH

User's manual

# CONTENTS

<b>1</b>	<b>GENERAL DESCRIPTION</b> .....	<b>9</b>
1.1	WARNINGS .....	10
1.2	WARNING MARKINGS ON CONNECTOR PANEL.....	11
1.3	STANDARDS APPLIED .....	11
<b>2</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION OF C.A 6155</b> .....	<b>13</b>
2.1	FRONT PANEL .....	13
2.2	SAFETY PRE-TESTS .....	15
2.3	SYMBOLS AND MESSAGES .....	16
2.4	DUAL SUPPLY VOLTAGE OPERATION.....	20
<b>3</b>	<b>TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS</b> .....	<b>20</b>
3.1	WITHSTANDING 1890 V, 2500 V .....	20
3.2	WITHSTANDING 1000 V .....	21
3.3	DISCHARGING TIME .....	22
3.4	CONTINUITY .....	22
3.5	INSULATION RESISTANCE, INSULATION – S RESISTANCE.....	24
3.6	SUBLEAKAGE CURRENT, SUBLEAKAGE – S CURRENT .....	25
3.7	DIFFERENTIAL LEAKAGE CURRENT .....	25
3.8	POWER / FUNCTIONAL TEST .....	26
3.9	TOUCH LEAKAGE CURRENT .....	26
3.10	POLARITY TEST.....	27
3.11	CLAMP CURRENT .....	27
3.12	PRCD TESTING.....	28
3.13	RCD TESTING .....	28
3.13.1	General data.....	28
3.13.2	Contact voltage RCD-Uc .....	29
3.13.3	Trip-out time .....	30
3.13.4	Trip-out current .....	30
3.14	FAULT LOOP IMPEDANCE.....	31
3.14.1	Zs .....	31
3.14.2	Zs (rcd), RS (rcd).....	32
3.15	LINE IMPEDANCE .....	34
3.16	VOLTAGE, FREQUENCY, AND PHASE ROTATION .....	35
3.16.1	Phase rotation.....	35
3.16.2	Voltage, Frequency.....	35
3.17	GENERAL DATA.....	36

<b>4</b>	<b>MAIN MENU AND TEST MODES.....</b>	<b>38</b>
4.1	HELP MENUS .....	38
4.2	C.A 6155 MAIN MENU .....	39
4.3	GENERAL SETTINGS MENU .....	40
4.3.1	Setting date and time.....	41
4.3.2	Language selection .....	42
4.3.3	Print header.....	43
4.3.4	Viewing of C.A 6155 data .....	43
4.3.5	Display contrast adjustment.....	44
4.3.6	Reset instrument settings.....	44
4.3.7	Communication settings.....	45
4.3.8	Edit User / device data menu .....	46
4.3.9	Password .....	51
<b>5</b>	<b>PAT TESTING OPERATING MODE .....</b>	<b>53</b>
5.1	PAT TESTING MAIN MENU .....	53
5.2	VDE ORGANIZER MENU.....	53
5.3	AUTOTEST CUSTOM MENU .....	54
5.4	PROJECT AUTOTESTS MENU.....	54
5.5	BARCODE / TAG MENU.....	55
5.6	SINGLE TEST MENU.....	55
5.7	RECALL / DELETE / SEND RESULTS MENU .....	56
5.8	DATA UPLOAD / DOWNLOAD MENU.....	56
5.9	SETUP MENU .....	57
5.9.1	Instrument settings.....	57
<b>6</b>	<b>SINGLE TESTS IN PAT TESTING MODE.....</b>	<b>58</b>
6.1	PERFORMING MEASUREMENTS IN SINGLE TEST MODE .....	58
6.2	MEASUREMENTS .....	59
6.2.1	Earth bond resistance .....	59
6.2.2	Insulation resistance .....	60
6.2.3	Insulation resistance - S.....	63
6.2.4	Substitute leakage current.....	65
6.2.5	Substitute leakage - S.....	67
6.2.6	Differential leakage current.....	70
6.2.7	Touch leakage current .....	71
6.2.8	Polarity test.....	74
6.2.9	Clamp current test .....	75
6.2.10	PRCD test .....	77
6.2.11	Power / Functional test.....	82

<b>7</b>	<b>AUTOTEST SEQUENCES.....</b>	<b>84</b>
7.1	VDE ORGANIZER – GENERAL MENU.....	84
7.1.1	VDE Organizer operation.....	86
7.1.2	Example of creating a test sequence with VDE organizer.....	87
7.2	CUSTOM AUTOTESTS.....	89
7.2.1	Deleting an existing custom test sequence.....	90
7.2.2	Viewing, modifying and saving an custom autotest.....	90
7.3	PROJECT AUTOTESTS.....	93
7.3.1	Selecting a project autotest.....	94
7.3.2	Starting a project autotest.....	96
7.3.3	Comparison of results (evaluation of result trends).....	97
7.4	BARCODE / TAG AUTOTESTS.....	98
7.4.1	Working with RFID tags.....	99
7.4.2	Working with barcode reader.....	101
7.5	PERFORMING AUTOTEST SEQUENCES.....	103
7.5.1	Visual inspection.....	103
7.5.2	Earth bond resistance measurement.....	104
7.5.3	Insulation resistance measurement.....	104
7.5.4	Insulation resistance S measurement.....	105
7.5.5	Substitute leakage current measurement.....	105
7.5.6	Substitute leakage S measurement.....	106
7.5.7	Differential leakage current.....	106
7.5.8	Touch leakage current measurement.....	107
7.5.9	Polarity test.....	107
7.5.10	TRMS current measurement using clamp current adapter.....	108
7.5.11	PRCD test.....	108
7.5.12	Power / Functional test.....	109
<b>8</b>	<b>WORKING WITH AUTOTEST RESULTS.....</b>	<b>110</b>
8.1	SAVING AUTOTEST RESULTS.....	110
8.2	RECALLING RESULTS.....	112
8.3	DELETING RESULTS.....	114
8.4	DOWNLOADING AND PRINTING RESULTS.....	115
8.5	DATA UPLOAD / DOWNLOAD.....	120
8.6	SETUP MENU.....	121
8.6.1	Instrument settings.....	121

<b>9</b>	<b>MACHINE TESTING OPERATING MODE.....</b>	<b>123</b>
9.1	SINGLE TESTS (MACHINE TESTING) MENU.....	124
9.2	MEASUREMENTS AND INSPECTIONS .....	125
9.2.1	Visual test.....	125
9.2.2	Continuity .....	126
9.2.3	Insulation resistance .....	132
9.2.4	High Voltage withstanding test .....	134
9.2.5	Loop impedance and prospective fault current.....	137
9.2.6	RCD tests .....	141
9.2.7	Discharging Time .....	149
9.2.8	Voltage.....	153
9.2.9	Functional test .....	156
<b>10</b>	<b>SWITCHGEAR TESTING OPERATING MODE.....</b>	<b>157</b>
10.1	SINGLE TESTS (SWITCHGEAR TESTING) MENU.....	157
10.2	MEASUREMENTS AND INSPECTIONS .....	158
10.2.1	Visual test.....	158
10.2.2	Continuity .....	159
10.2.3	Insulation resistance .....	164
10.2.4	High Voltage withstanding test.....	166
10.2.5	Discharging time.....	169
10.2.6	Voltage.....	174
10.2.7	Functional test .....	176
<b>11</b>	<b>ALL TESTS OPERATING MODE .....</b>	<b>178</b>
11.1	SINGLE TESTS (ALL TESTS) MENU .....	178
11.1.1	Visual test.....	179
11.1.2	Continuity of protective conductors .....	179
11.1.3	Insulation resistance .....	180
11.1.4	Insulation resistance - S.....	180
11.1.5	Substitute leakage current.....	180
11.1.6	Substitute leakage current - S .....	180
11.1.7	Leakage current .....	180
11.1.8	Touch leakage current .....	180
11.1.9	Polarity test.....	180
11.1.10	Clamp current test.....	180
11.1.11	RCD test.....	180
11.1.12	Functional test .....	180
11.1.13	HV test .....	181
11.1.14	Line impedance and prospective short circuit current test .....	181
11.1.15	Loop impedance test and prospective fault current.....	183
11.1.16	Voltage.....	183
11.1.17	Discharging time.....	184
11.1.18	Power.....	184






<b>12</b>	<b>WORKING WITH RESULTS IN MACHINE, SWITCHGEAR AND ALL TESTS OPERATING MODE .....</b>	<b>184</b>
12.1	MEMORY ORGANIZATION.....	184
12.2	SAVING SINGLE TEST RESULTS.....	185
12.3	RECALLING PROJECTS.....	186
12.4	DELETING SIGNLE TEST RESULTS.....	189
12.5	DELETING PROJECT(S).....	189
12.6	DOWNLOADING AND PRINTING RESULTS.....	190
<b>13</b>	<b>MAINTENANCE.....</b>	<b>194</b>
13.1	PERIODIC CALIBRATION.....	194
13.2	FUSES .....	194
13.3	SERVICE.....	194
13.4	CLEANING.....	194
13.5	REPAIR.....	195
<b>14</b>	<b>WARRANTY .....</b>	<b>195</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>INSTRUMENT SET AND ACCESSORIES .....</b>	<b>196</b>
<b>A</b>	<b>APPENDIX A – PREPROGRAMMED AUTOTESTS .....</b>	<b>197</b>
<b>B</b>	<b>APPENDIX B – AUTOTEST SHORTCUT CODES.....</b>	<b>203</b>
<b>C</b>	<b>APPENDIX C – FUSE TABLE/ <math>I_{PSC}</math> .....</b>	<b>205</b>

Thank you for buying an **Appliance Multitester C.A 6155**.

For best results from your device:

- **Read** this user manual attentively,
- **Observe** the precautions for its use.

Meaning of the symbols used

	<p>The rubbish bin with a line through it indicates that, in the European Union, the product must undergo selective disposal in compliance with Directive WEEE 2002/96/EC.</p>
	<p>WARNING, risk of DANGER! The operator must refer to these instructions whenever this danger symbol appears.</p>
	<p>Earth terminal.</p>
	<p>Caution! Risk of electric shock. The voltage of the parts identified by this symbol may be <math>\geq 120</math> V DC. For safety reasons, this symbol is displayed when such a voltage is generated.</p>
	<p>The CE marking indicates conformity with the European LVD and EMC directives.</p>

## DEFINITION OF MEASUREMENT CATEGORIES

- **CAT I:** corresponds to measurements taken on circuits not directly connected to the network.  
*Example: protected electronic circuits.*
- **CAT II:** corresponds to measurements taken on circuits directly connected to low-voltage installations.  
*Example: power supply to electro-domestic devices and portable tools.*
- **CAT III:** corresponds to measurements on building installations.  
*Example: distribution panel, circuit breakers, machines or fixed industrial devices.*
- **CAT IV:** corresponds to measurements taken at the source of low-voltage installations.  
*Example: power feeders, counters and protection devices.*

This device complies with safety standard IEC 61010-1 for a supply voltage of 300 V max in class II at an altitude below 2000 m and indoors, with a degree of pollution at most equal to 2.

Failure to follow safety instructions can cause electric shock, fire, explosion, destruction of the instrument and installations.



# 1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The multifunctional portable test instrument Multiservicer C.A 6155 is intended to perform all measurements for testing the electrical safety of portable electrical equipment, machines and switchboards. The following tests can be performed:

- Earth bond / Continuity test,
- Insulation resistance,
- Substitute leakage current,
- Differential leakage current,
- Touch leakage current,
- IEC cord polarity test,
- Leakage and TRMS load currents with current clamp,
- Portable RCD test,
- Power test,
- Three phase voltage/ rotary field,
- Line and Loop impedance,
- RCD test,
- Discharging time,
- High voltage (Withstanding) test,
- Functional and Visual inspection,

The measurements are divided into four subgroups:

- Tests for testing portable DUTs acc. to VDE 0701-0702
- Tests for testing electrical safety of machines acc. to IEC/EN 60204
- Tests for testing safety of switchboards IEC/ EN 60439 and IEC 61439
- All tests. Because of the large set of functions the instruments is suitable also for safety testing (type testing, maintenance, routine testing) according to other product standards.

The instrument has a powerful test data management system. Autotests and single tests can be stored (depending on the application) in approx. 6000 memory locations.

Some instrument's highlights:


- Large graphic LCD display with resolution of 240 ´ 128 dots, with back-light,
- Over 6000 memory locations in data flash memory for storing test results & parameters,
- Four communication ports (USB and 3 RS232C) for communication with PC, barcode reader/writer and printers,
- Soft touch keyboard with cursor keys,
- Built in real time clock,
- Fully compatible with new software package.

In PAT testing operating mode powerful functions for fast and efficient periodic testing are included:

- Pre-programmed test sequences,
- Fast testing with barcode identification systems,
- Test data can be uploaded from PC,
- On site comparisons between old and new test results can be performed,
- Enables on site printing of test labels.

## 1.1 WARNINGS

In order to reach high level of operator safety while carrying out various measurements using Multiservicer C.A 6155 instrument, as well as to keep the test equipment undamaged, it is necessary to consider the following general warnings:

- Read this user manual carefully, otherwise use of the instrument may be dangerous for the operator, for the instrument or for the equipment under test!
-  Warning on the instrument means »Read the Instruction manual with special care to safety operation«. The symbol requires an action!
- If the test equipment is used in manner not specified in this user manual the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired!
- Do not use the instrument and accessories if any damage is noticed!
- Consider all generally known precautions in order to avoid risk of electric shock while dealing with hazardous voltages!
- Do not use the instrument in supply systems with voltages higher than 300 V!

- Use only standard or optional test accessories supplied by your distributor!
- The protection class of the TP1 test terminal is CAT III / 300V. It means that maximum allowed voltage between test terminals and ground is 300 V!
- Use only correctly earthed mains outlets to supply the instrument!
- In case a fuse has blown follow the instructions in this user manual to replace it!
- Instrument servicing and calibration is allowed to be carried out only by a competent authorized person!
- Hazardous voltages of up to 2800 V are applied to the HV terminals during the Withstanding test. It is advisable to keep the current trip out limit as low as possible. Risk of electric shock!
- It is advisable not to run tested devices with load currents above 13 A for more than 15 minutes. Load currents higher than 13 A can result in high temperatures of On/Off switch and fuse holders!

## 1.2 WARNING MARKINGS ON CONNECTOR PANEL

*Refer to chapter 2.1 Front panel.*

## 1.3 STANDARDS APPLIED

The C.A 6155 is manufactured and tested according to the following regulations, listed below.

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

<b>EN 61326</b>	Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use – EMC requirements Class B (Portable equipment used in controlled EM environments)
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## Safety (LVD)

<b>EN 61010-1</b>	Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use – Part 1: General requirements
<b>EN 61010-031</b>	Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use - Part 031: Safety requirements for hand-held probe assemblies for electrical measurement and test

## Functionality

<b>VDE 0404-1</b>	Testing and measuring equipment for checking the electric safety of electric devices - Part 1: General requirements
<b>VDE 0404-2</b>	Testing and measuring equipment for checking the electric safety of electric devices - Part 2: Testing equipment for tests after repair, change or in the case of repeat tests
<b>VDE 0701-702</b>	Inspection after repair, modification of electrical appliances – Periodic inspection on electrical appliances General requirements for electrical safety
<b>EN 60204-1</b>	Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines - Part 1: General requirements
<b>EN 60439</b>	Low-voltage switchgear and control gear assemblies
<b>IEC 61439-1</b>	Low-voltage switchgear and control gear assemblies - Part 1: General rules
<b>IEC 61008-1</b>	Residual current operated circuit-breakers without integral over current protection for household and similar uses (RCCBs) - Part 1: General rules

**Note about EN and IEC standards:**

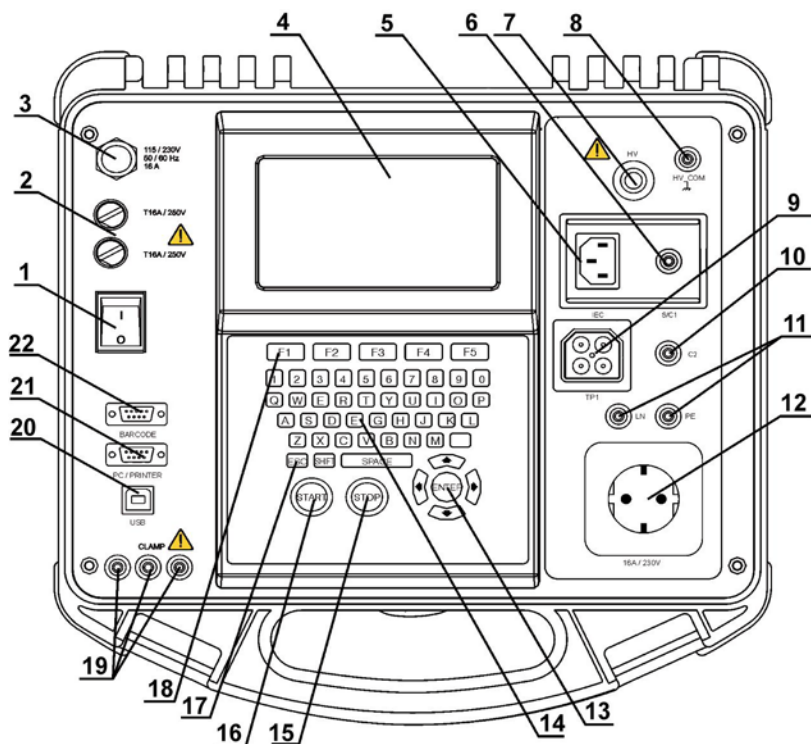
Text of this manual contains references to European standards. All standards of EN 6xxxx (e.g. EN 61010) series are equivalent to IEC standards with the same number (e.g. IEC 61010) and differ only in amended parts required by European harmonization procedure.

**NOTES:**

Various devices and appliances can be tested by Multiservicer C.A 6155 and in further text the common DUT (abbreviation for Device Under Test) is applied.

## 2 DESCRIPTION OF C.A 6155

### 2.1 FRONT PANEL



Front panel

**Legend:**

1. Mains switch with indicator
2. Two T16 A / 250 V fuses for C.A 6155 protection,
3. Mains supply cord.
4. 240 x 128 dots graphic matrix display with backlight,
5. IEC appliance connector for testing supply cords,  
**WARNING:** The connector input is for test purpose only; do not connect it to the mains supply!
6. Test probe (S/C1) connector, used as output for earth bond/ continuity tests and probe input in for class 2 equipment tests (insulation resistance-S, substitute leakage-S and touch leakage currents),
7. HV test connector output,  
**WARNING:** A high dangerous voltage of up to 2800 V ac is applied at this output during the measurement!
8. HV-PE test connector return, functional earth of test system.  
**NOTE:** HV source is referenced to earth (PE), this means that there shall be proper prepared set-up for withstanding testing.
9. TP1 test socket for testing line impedance, loop impedance, voltage and residual current devices, discharge time.
10. C2 connector, used as output for continuity tests (in machine, switchboard and All operating modes),
11. LN and PE sockets for testing the insulation resistance and substitute leakage current of fixed installed DUTs.  
**WARNING:** These sockets are intended only for the connection to deenergized devices.
12. Test socket (230 V).  
**WARNING:** Dangerous voltage is present on the test socket during the measurement. Maximum output current is 16 A, test only devices with maximum rated supply current not higher than 16 A!  
**NOTE:** For devices incorporating high reactive loading, e.g. motor with rated power >1.5 kW, it is recommended to start measurement first and to turn on the tested device later.
13. Cursor keys and ENTER key,
14. Alphanumeric keyboard,
15. STOP key,
16. START key,
17. ESCAPE key,
18. Function keys intended for displayed defined options,

19. Current clamp adapter input sockets.

**WARNING:**

- Do not connect any voltage source on this input. It is intended only for connection of current clamp with current output. Maximum input current is 30 mA!
- Green socket is connected to the functional earth of the system and is intended for connection with shield of current clamps only.

20. USB connector,

21. PC / printer connector,

22. Barcode reader / writer connector.

## 2.2 SAFETY PRE-TESTS

Before performing a measurement, the instrument performs a series of pre-tests to ensure safety and to prevent any damage. These safety pre-tests are checking for:

- Any external voltage against earth on mains test socket,
- Excessively high leakage current,
- Excessively high touch leakage current,
- Short circuit or too low resistance between L and N of tested device,
- Correct input mains voltage,
- Input PE connection,
- Presence of HV\_PE test lead during withstanding tests.

If pre-tests fail, an appropriate warning message will be displayed.

The warnings and measures are described in *chapter 2.2 Symbols and messages*.

## 2.3 SYMBOLS AND MESSAGES

**Mains voltage is not correct or PE not connected.**

**Check mains voltage and PE connection!**

Warning for improper supply voltage condition. Possible causes:

- No earth connection or other wiring problem on supply socket.
- Incorrect mains voltage.

Determine and eliminate the problem before proceeding!

**Warning:**

- **The instrument must be earthed properly!**

**Warning!  
Instrument is connected to the IT earthing system or PE not connected.  
Press START key to continue.**

Supply voltage warning. Possible causes:

- No earth connection,
- Instrument connected to an IT earthing system.

Press the START key to continue if instrument is connected to the IT supply system.

**Warning:**

- **The instrument must be earthed properly!**

**Resistance L – N too high (>30 kΩ).  
Check fuse and switch.  
Are you sure to proceed? (Y/N)**

An excessively high resistance was measured in the fuse pre-test. Indication means that tested device has too low consumption or is:

- Not connected,
- Switched off,
- Contains a fuse that has blown.

Select **YES** or **NO** with Y or N key.

**Resistance L – N low.  
Are you sure to proceed? (Y/N)**

A low resistance of the device under test (DUT) supply input was measured in the pre-test. This means that it is very likely that an excessively high current will flow after applying power to the DUT. If the high current is only of short duration (caused by a short inrush current) the test can be performed, otherwise not.

Select **YES** or **NO** with Y or N key.

**Resistance L – N too low.  
Are you sure to proceed? (Y/N)**

An extremely low resistance of the DUT supply input was measured in the pre-test. It is likely that fuses will blow after applying power to the DUT. If the too high current is only of short duration (caused by a short inrush current) the test can be performed otherwise it must be stopped.

Select **YES** or **NO** with Y or N key.

It is recommended to additionally check the DUT before proceeding with the test!



**Leakage LN-PE high.**

**Are you sure to proceed? (Y/N)**

Dangerous leakage current (higher than 3.5 mA) will flow if power would be connected to DUT.

Select **YES** or **NO** with Y or N key.

Proceed with testing only if all safety measures have been taken. It is recommended to perform a thorough earth bond test on the PE of the DUT before proceeding with the test.

**Leakage LN-PE too high.**

Dangerous leakage current (higher than 20 mA) will flow if power would be connected to the DUT.

Determine and eliminate the problem before proceeding!

**Leakage LN-PE or S/C1-PE too high!**

**Are you sure to proceed? (Y/N)**

Dangerous leakage current (higher than 20 mA) would flow if power were connected to the DUT.

Select **YES** or **NO** with Y or N key.

Proceed with testing only if all safety measures have been taken.

It is recommended to perform a thorough earth bond test on the PE of the DUT before proceeding with the test.

**Measurement aborted!  
Differential leakage too high!**

An exceptionally high leakage current (higher than about 5 mA) was measured through PE test terminal or PE socket during the pre-test or test.

**Leakage test S/C1-PE too high!**

An exceptionally high leakage current (higher than about 5 mA) was measured through S/C1 test terminal during the pre-test.

**External voltage on test socket too high!**

**DANGER!**

- **Voltage on mains test socket or LN/PE terminals is higher than approximately 20 V (AC or DC)!**

Disconnect the DUT from the instrument immediately and determine why external voltage was detected!

**External voltage on S/C1 too high!**

**DANGER!**

- **Voltage on test probe (S/C1) is higher than approximately 25 V (AC or DC)!**

Disconnect the test probe from the DUT and determine why external voltage was detected!

**Test was skipped for safety!**

Instrument skipped the required test because of a failed previous test.

<p><b>Overheated!</b></p>	<p>Temperature of internal components of the instrument reached their top limit. Measurement is prohibited until the internal temperature has reduced.</p>
<p><b>Warning!</b> <b>More than 80 % of memory is occupied. Stored data should be downloaded to PC.</b></p>	<p>Instrument memory is almost full. Download stored results to PC.</p>
<p><b>Warning!</b> <b>Calibration has been expired.</b></p>	<p>Recalibration of the instrument is required. Contact your dealer.</p>
<p><b>Warning!</b> <b>Too high contact voltage.</b></p>	<p>A too high contact voltage was detected before an RCD test being carried out. Check PE connections!</p>
<p><b>Warning!</b> <b>Test lead disconnected.</b></p>	<p>The test lead is not connected to the HV_PE test terminal. Measurement is prohibited / interrupted.</p>
<p><b>Hardware error.</b> <b>Return the instrument to the repair centre.</b></p>	<p>The instrument detects a serious failure.</p>



Connect the test lead to the S/C1 test socket.



Remove the S/C1 connection, especially if it is connected to any part that will begin to rotate or move when power is applied.



Connect the test leads to the S/C1 and C2 test sockets.



### Warning!

A high voltage is / will be present on the instrument output! (Withstanding test voltage, Insulation test voltage, or mains voltage).



The DUT should be switched on (to ensure that the complete circuit is tested).



Connect the lead to be tested to the TP1 test terminal.



Connect the lead to be tested to the IEC test terminal.



Connect current clamp adapter in this test.



Test passed.



Test failed.



Some tests in the autotest sequence were skipped, but all performed tests passed.

## 2.4 DUAL SUPPLY VOLTAGE OPERATION

The C.A 6155 will accept either a 110 V or 230 V, 50 Hz or 60 Hz mains input.

### NOTES:

- The PAT will conduct a leakage / power tests at the power up mains voltage. Therefore, to perform a run test on a 110 V DUT (e.g. 110 V drills), the PAT must be powered from a 110 V mains supply (or center tapped transformer).
- The mains voltage does not influence other measurements.

# 3 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

## 3.1 WITHSTANDING 1890 V, 2500 V

Withstanding voltage

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0 – 3 000 V	1 V	± (5 % of reading + 5 digit)

Withstanding current

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.0 – 99.9 mA	0.1 mA	± (10 % of reading + 8 digit)

\* Displayed apparent current

Output voltage: 1890 V (-0/+20 %), 2500 V (-0/+20 %), grounded  
 Trip out current [mA]: 2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100; (accuracy ± 10 %)  
 Trip out time: < 30 ms  
 Timer [s]: 2, 3, 5, 10, 30. START / STOP button must be pressed for operation

Test terminals

<b>Withstanding voltage</b>	<b>HV socket, HV_PE</b>
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### 3.2 WITHSTANDING 1000 V

Withstanding voltage

<b>Range</b>	<b>Resolution</b>	<b>Accuracy</b>
0 – 1 500 V	1 V	± (5 % of reading + 5 digit)

Withstanding current

<b>Range</b>	<b>Resolution</b>	<b>Accuracy</b>
0,0 – 199.9 mA	0,1 mA	± (5 % of reading + 5 digit)
200 – 500 mA	1 mA	± (5 % of reading + 5 digit)

\* Displayed apparent current

Output voltage / power: 1000 V -0 %, +20 % / 200 W at  $U_{\text{mains}}$  230 V, grounded  
 Trip out current [mA]: 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200; (accuracy ±10 %)  
 Trip out time: <30 ms  
 Timer [s]: 2, 3, 5, 10, 30. START / STOP button must be pressed for operation

Test terminals

<b>Withstanding voltage</b>	<b>HV socket, HV_PE</b>
-----------------------------	-------------------------

### 3.3 DISCHARGING TIME

Discharging time

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.0 – 9.9 s	0.1 s	± (5 % of reading +3 digit)

Peak voltage

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.0 – 550 V	1 V	± (5 % of reading +5 digit)

2 wires system, triggered on DC voltage falling slope

Max. working voltage: 550 V peak

Min. working voltage: 85, 170 V peak

Threshold values: 1 s, 5 s

Threshold voltage level: 60 V, 120 V

Input resistance: 48 M $\Omega$

Test terminals

Discharging time	TP1 test terminal L ↔ N
------------------	-------------------------

### 3.4 CONTINUITY

Continuity 10 A (PAT)

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.00 $\Omega$ ÷ 1.99 $\Omega$	0.01 $\Omega$	± (5 % of reading + 3 digit)
Indication range : 2.00 $\Omega$ ÷ 19.9 $\Omega$		

## Continuity 10 A (other)

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.000 $\Omega$ $\div$ 0.999 $\Omega$	0.001 $\Omega$	$\pm$ (5 % of reading +6 digit)
1.00 $\Omega$ $\div$ 1.99 $\Omega$	0.01 $\Omega$	$\pm$ (5 % of reading + 3 digit)
Indication range : 2.00 $\Omega$ $\div$ 19.9 $\Omega$		

## Continuity 200 mA

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.00 $\Omega$ $\div$ 1.99 $\Omega$	0.01 $\Omega$	$\pm$ (5 % of reading + 3 digit)
Indication range : 2.00 $\Omega$ $\div$ 19.9 $\Omega$		

Test currents:	10 A into 100 m $\Omega$ at rated mains supply voltage 200 mA into 2.00 $\Omega$
Open circuit voltage:	<9 V AC
Lead calibration:	yes,
Pass levels [ $\Omega$ ]:	0.01 $\div$ 0.09, 0.10 $\div$ 0.90, 1.00 $\div$ 9.00
Test duration [s]:	5, 10, 30, 60, 120, 180
Test method:	2-wire measurement, floating to earth

## Test terminals

<b>Continuity (PAT)</b>	S $\leftrightarrow$ PE (mains test socket) ; (200 mA and 10 A) S $\leftrightarrow$ PE ; (200 mA)
<b>Continuity (other)</b>	S/C1 $\leftrightarrow$ C2

### 3.5 INSULATION RESISTANCE, INSULATION – S RESISTANCE

Insulation resistance

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.000 MΩ ÷ 0.500 MΩ	0.001 MΩ	± (10 % of reading +5 digit)
0.501 MΩ ÷ 1.999 MΩ	0.001 MΩ	± (5 % of reading + 3 digit)
2.00 MΩ ÷ 19.99 MΩ	0.01 MΩ	
20.0 MΩ ÷ 199.9 MΩ	0.1 MΩ	

Insulation – S resistance

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.000 MΩ ÷ 0.500 MΩ	0.001 MΩ	± (10 % of reading +5 digit)
0.501 MΩ ÷ 1.999 MΩ	0.001 MΩ	± (5 % of reading + 3 digit)
2.00 MΩ ÷ 19.99 MΩ	0.01 MΩ	

Nominal voltages:	250 V DC, 500 V DC (- 0 %, + 10 %)
Measuring current:	min. 1 mA at 250 kΩ (250 V), 500 kΩ (500 V)
Short circuit current:	max. 2.0 mA
Pass levels [MΩ]:	0.10, 0.30, 0.50, 1.00, 2.00, 4.0, 7.0, 10.0, none
Test duration [s]:	5, 10, 30, 60, 120, none

Test terminals

<b>Insulation (PAT)</b>	LN (mains test socket) / LN ↔ PE (mains test socket) / PE/S
<b>Insulation - S</b>	LN (mains test socket) / LN ↔ S
<b>Insulation (other)</b>	LN ↔ PE



### 3.6 SUBLEAKAGE CURRENT, SUBLEAKAGE – S CURRENT

Substitute leakage current

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.000 mA ÷ 19.99 mA	0.01 mA	± (5 % of reading +5 digits)

Open circuit voltage:	<50 V AC at rated mains voltage
Short circuit current:	<40 mA
Pass levels [mA]:	0.25, 0.50, 0.75, 1.00, 1.50, 2.50, 3.50, 4.00, 4.50, 5.00, 5.50, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 15.0
Test duration [s]:	5, 10, 30, 60, 120, none
Displayed current:	calculated to DUT nominal mains supply voltage (110 V or 230 V) x 1.06.
Frequency response:	complies to EN61010-Figure A1

Test terminals

<b>Subleakage (PAT)</b>	LN (mains test socket) / LN ↔ PE (mains test socket) / PE/S
<b>Subleakage - S</b>	LN (mains test socket) / LN ↔ S
<b>Subleakage (other)</b>	LN ↔ PE

### 3.7 DIFFERENTIAL LEAKAGE CURRENT

Differential leakage current

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.000 mA ÷ 9.99 mA	0.01 mA	± (5 % of reading +5 digits)

Pass levels [mA]:	0.25, 0.50, 0.75, 1.00, 1.50, 2.50, 3.00 mA, 3.50, 4.00, 4.50, 5.00, 5.50, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, none
Test duration [s]	5, 10, 30, 60, 120, none
Frequency response:	complies to EN61010-Figure A1

Test terminals

<b>Differential leakage</b>	Mains test socket
-----------------------------	-------------------

### 3.8 POWER / FUNCTIONAL TEST

Apparent power

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.00 kVA ÷ 4.00 kVA	0.01 kVA	± (5 % of reading +3 digits)

Test duration [s] : 5, 10, 30, 60, 120, none

Test terminals

<b>Power</b>	Mains test socket
--------------	-------------------

### 3.9 TOUCH LEAKAGE CURRENT

Touch leakage current

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.00 mA ÷ 2.50 mA	0.01 mA	± (10 % of reading +5 digits)

Pass levels [mA]: 0.25, 0.50, 0.75, 1.00, 1.50, 2.00, none

Test duration [s]: 2, 3, 5, 10, 30, 60, 120, none

Output: test socket, test probe connector

Impedance,

Frequency response: complies to EN 61010-Figure A1

Test terminals

<b>Touch leakage</b>	Mains test socket or external source / S.
----------------------	---

### 3.10 POLARITY TEST

Test voltage <50 V AC  
 Detects Pass, L-open, N-open, PE-open, L-N crossed, L-PE crossed, N-PE crossed, L-N shorted, L-PE shorted, N-PE shorted, multiple faults

Test terminals

<b>Differential leakage</b>	Mains test socket ↔ CEI
-----------------------------	-------------------------

### 3.11 CLAMP CURRENT

True RMS current using 1000: 1 current clamp

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.00 mA ÷ 9.99 mA	0.01 mA	± (5 % of reading +10 digits)
10.0 mA ÷ 99.9 mA	0.1 mA	± (5 % of reading +5 digits)
100 mA ÷ 999 mA	1 mA	± (5 % of reading +5 digits)
1.00 A ÷ 9.99 A	0.01 A	± (5 % of reading +5 digits)
10.0 A ÷ 24.9 A	0.1 A	± (5 % of reading +5 digits)

\*It does not consider accuracy of current transformer.

Pass levels [mA]: 0.25, 0.50, 0.75, 1.00, 1.50, 2.25, 2.50, 3.00, 3.50, 5.00, 9.90, none  
 Test duration [s]: 5, 10, 30, 60, 120, none

Test terminals

<b>Clamp current</b>	Clamp inputs
----------------------	--------------

Temperature coefficient outside reference temperature limits is 1 % of measured value per °C

### 3.12 PRCD TESTING

Portable RCD trip-out time

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0 ms ÷ 300 ms ( $\frac{1}{2} \times I_{\Delta N}$ )	1 ms	± 3 ms
0 ms ÷ 300 ms ( $I_{\Delta N}$ )	1 ms	
0 ms ÷ 40 ms ( $5 \times I_{\Delta N}$ )	1 ms	

Test currents ( $I_{\Delta N}$ ): 10 mA, 15 mA, 30 mA  
 Test current multipliers:  $\frac{1}{2} \times I_{\Delta N}$ ,  $I_{\Delta N}$ ,  $5 \times I_{\Delta N}$   
 Start angle: 0°, 180°, both  
 Test modes: single, autotest

Pass / Fail limits

$\frac{1}{2} \times I_{\Delta N}$	$I_{\Delta N}$	$5 \times I_{\Delta N}$
$t_{\Delta} > 300$ ms	$t_{\Delta} > 300$ ms	$t_{\Delta} > 40$ ms

Test terminals

PRCD testing	TP1 test sockets
--------------	------------------

### 3.13 RCD TESTING

#### 3.13.1 General data

Nominal residual current [mA]: 10, 30, 100, 300, 500, 1000  
 Test current options:  $0.5 \times I_{\Delta N}$ ,  $I_{\Delta N}$ ,  $2 \times I_{\Delta N}$ ,  $5 \times I_{\Delta N}$   
 Test currents accuracy:  $-0 / +0.1 \cdot I_{\Delta}$ ;  $I_{\Delta} = I_{\Delta N}$ ,  $2 \times I_{\Delta N}$ ,  $5 \times I_{\Delta N}$   
 $-0.1 \cdot I_{\Delta} / +0$ ;  $I_{\Delta} = 0.5 \times I_{\Delta N}$   
 Test current shape: Sine-wave (AC), pulsed (A)  
 DC offset for pulsed current: 6 mA (typical)  
 RCD type: G (non-delayed), S (time-delayed)  
 Test current starting polarity: 0° or 180°  
 Voltage range: 50 V ÷ 264 V (45 Hz ÷ 65 Hz)

Test terminals

<b>RCD testing</b>	TP1 test socket
--------------------	-----------------

RCD test current selection (r.m.s. value calculated to 20 ms) according to IEC 61009:

$I_{\Delta N}$ (mA)	$I_{\Delta N} \times 1/2$		$I_{\Delta N} \times 1$		$I_{\Delta N} \times 2$		$I_{\Delta N} \times 5$		RCD $I_{\Delta}$	
	AC	A	AC	A	AC	A	AC	A	AC	A
10	5	3.5	10	20	20	40	50	100	✓	✓
30	15	10.5	30	42	60	84	150	212	✓	✓
100	50	35	100	141	200	282	500	707	✓	✓
300	150	105	300	424	600	848	1500	n. a.	✓	✓
500	250	175	500	707	1000	1410	2500	n. a.	✓	✓
1000	500	350	1000	1410	2000	n. a.	n. a.	n. a.	✓	✓

n.a. not applicable  
 AC type sine wave test current  
 A type pulsed current

### 3.13.2 Contact voltage RCD-Uc

Measuring range according to EN 61557 is 7.5 V ÷ 62.0 V for limit contact voltage 50 V

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.0 ÷ 19.9 V	0.1 V	(- 0 % / + 15 %) of reading ± 10 digits
20.0 ÷ 99.9 V		(- 0 % / + 15 %) of reading

The accuracy is valid if mains voltage is stable during the measurement and PE terminal is free of interfering voltages.

Test current: max.  $0.5 \times I_{\Delta N}$   
 Limit contact voltage: 50 V  
 Specified accuracy is valid for complete operating range.

### 3.13.3 Trip-out time

Complete measurement range corresponds to EN 61557 requirements.  
Maximum measuring times set according to selected reference for RCD testing.

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.0 ÷ 40.0 V	0.1 ms	± 1 ms
20.0 ÷ 300 ms	0.1 ms	± 3 ms

Test current:  $\frac{1}{2} \times I_{\Delta N}$ ,  $I_{\Delta N}$ ,  $2 \times I_{\Delta N}$ ,  $5 \times I_{\Delta N}$   
 $5 \times I_{\Delta N}$  is not available for:  $I_{\Delta N} = 1000$  mA (RCD types AC) or  
 $I_{\Delta N} \geq 300$  mA (RCD type A).  
 $2 \times I_{\Delta N}$  is not available for:  $I_{\Delta N} = 1000$  mA (RCD type A).  
 Specified accuracy is valid for complete operating range.

### 3.13.4 Trip-out current

Trip-out current

Complete measurement range corresponds to EN 61557 requirements.

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
$0.2 \times I_{\Delta N} \div 1.1 \times I_{\Delta N}$ (AC type)	$0.05 \times I_{\Delta N}$	$\pm 0.1 \times I_{\Delta N}$
$0.2 \times I_{\Delta N} \div 1.5 \times I_{\Delta N}$ (AC type, $I_{\Delta N} \geq 30$ mA)	$0.05 \times I_{\Delta N}$	$\pm 0.1 \times I_{\Delta N}$
$0.2 \times I_{\Delta N} \div 2.2 \times I_{\Delta N}$ (AC type, $I_{\Delta N} \geq 30$ mA)	$0.05 \times I_{\Delta N}$	$\pm 0.1 \times I_{\Delta N}$

Trip-out time

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0 ÷ 300 ms	1 ms	± 3 ms

## Contact voltage

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0.0 ÷ 19.9 V	0.1 V	(- 0 % / + 15 %) of reading ± 10 digits
20.0 ÷ 99.9 V	0.1 V	(- 0 % / + 15 %) of reading

The accuracy is valid if mains voltage is stable during the measurement and PE terminal is free of interfering voltages.

Specified accuracy is valid for complete operating range.

### 3.14 FAULT LOOP IMPEDANCE

#### 3.14.1 Zs

Fault loop impedance

Measuring range according to EN 61557 is 0.25 Ω ÷ 9.99kΩ.

Range (Ω)	Resolution (Ω)	Accuracy
0.00 ÷ 9.99	0.01	± (5 % of reading + 5 digits)
10.0 ÷ 99.9	0.1	
100 ÷ 1999	1	± 10 % of reading

Propective fault current (calculated value)

Measuring range (A)	Resolution (A)	Accuracy
0.00 ÷ 9.99	0.01	Consider accuracy of fault loop resistance measurement
10.0 ÷ 99.9	0.1	
100 ÷ 999	1	
1.00 k ÷ 9.99 k	10	
10.0 k ÷ 23.0 k	100	

The accuracy is valid if mains voltage is stable during the measurement.

Test current (at 230 V): 6.5 A (10 ms)  
 Nominal voltage range: 30 V ÷ 500 V (45 Hz ÷ 65 Hz)  
 Pass limits: Appendix C

Test terminals

Zs	TP1 test socket
----	-----------------

### 3.14.2 Zs (rcd), RS (rcd)

Fault loop impedance

Measuring range according to EN 61557 is 0.46  $\Omega$  ÷ 9.99 k $\Omega$ .

Range ( $\Omega$ )	Resolution ( $\Omega$ )	Accuracy
0.00 ÷ 9.99	0.01	± (5 % of reading + 10 digits)
10.0 ÷ 99.9	0.1	
100 ÷ 1999	1	± 10 % of reading

Accuracy may be impaired in case of heavy noise on mains voltage



Prospective fault current (calculated value)

Measuring range (A)	Resolution (A)	Accuracy
0.00 ÷ 9.99	0.01	Consider accuracy of fault loop resistance measurement
10.0 ÷ 99.9	0.1	
100 ÷ 999	1	
1.00 k ÷ 9.99 k	10	
10.0 k ÷ 23.0 k	100	

\* in Zs(rcd) only

Nominal voltage range: 50 V ÷ 500 V (45 Hz ÷ 65 Hz)

No trip out of RCD.

Pass limits:

Appendix C

Test terminals

Zs (rcd), Rs (rcd)	TP1 test socket
--------------------	-----------------

### 3.15 LINE IMPEDANCE

Line impedance

Measuring range according to EN 61557 is  $0.25 \Omega \div 9.99 \text{ k}\Omega$ .

Measuring range ( $\Omega$ )	Resolution ( $\Omega$ )	Accuracy
0.00 $\div$ 9.99	0.01	$\pm$ (5 % of reading + 5 digits)
10.0 $\div$ 99.9	0.1	
100 $\div$ 1999	1	$\pm$ 10 % of reading

Prospective short-circuit current (calculated value)

Measuring range (A)	Resolution (A)	Accuracy
0.00 $\div$ 0.99	0.01	Consider accuracy of line resistance measurement
1.0 $\div$ 99.9	0.1	
100 $\div$ 999	1	
1.00 k $\div$ 99.99 k	10	
100 k $\div$ 199 k	1000	

Test current (at 230 V):

6.5 A (10 ms)

Nominal voltage range:

30 V  $\div$  500 V (45 Hz  $\div$  65 Hz)

Pass limits:

See Appendix C

Test terminals

<b>Z LINE</b>	TP1 test socket
---------------	-----------------

### 3.16 VOLTAGE, FREQUENCY, AND PHASE ROTATION

#### 3.16.1 Phase rotation

Result displayed	1.2.3 or 3.2.1
------------------	----------------

Nominal system voltage range: 100 V<sub>CA</sub> ÷ 550V<sub>CA</sub>

Nominal frequency range: 14 Hz ÷ 500 Hz

Test terminals

Phase rotation	TP1 test socket
----------------	-----------------

#### 3.16.2 Voltage, Frequency

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
0 ÷ 550 V	1 V	± (2 % of reading + 2 digits)

Range (Hz)	Resolution (Hz)	Accuracy
0.0, 14.0 ÷ 499.9	0.1	± (2 % of reading + 1 digit)

Result type: True r.m.s. (trms)

Nominal frequency range: 0 Hz, 14 Hz ÷ 500 Hz

Nominal voltage range: 10 V ÷ 550 V

Test terminals

VOLTAGE	TP1 test socket
---------	-----------------

### 3.17 GENERAL DATA

#### Power supply

Rated supply voltage:	115 V / 230 V AC
Supply voltage tolerance:	±10 %
Frequency of supply voltage:	50 Hz, 60 Hz
Max. power consumption:	300 VA (without DUT)
Rated DUT:	16 A resistive, 1.5 kW motor

#### Overtoltage category

Instrument:	Cat II / 300 V
Test socket:	Cat II / 300 V
TP1 test socket:	Cat III / 300 V
Plug test cable:	300 V CAT II
Universal test cable:	300 V CAT III
Altitude:	≤2000 m

#### Protection classification

HV output:	Class I
TP1 test socket:	Class II, double insulation
Power supply:	Class I
Pollution degree:	2
Degree of protection:	IP 50 (closed and locked cover) IP 20 main test socket
Case:	shock proof plastic / portable
Display:	240x128 dots graphic matrix display with backlight
Memory:	6000 memory locations

### Communication interface

RS232 interfaces:	1200 bps ÷ 115200 bps, 1 start bit, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit
RS232 connectors:	9-pin sub miniature type D, female
PRINTER1 connector:	customized for use with customized label printer
USB interface:	1200 bps ÷ 115200 bps
USB connector:	type B

### Insulation:

Communication ports to PE:	600 k $\Omega$ , 5 %
Dimensions (l x h x p):	33.5 cm x 16.0 cm x 33.5 cm
Weight (with standard accessories):	8.4 kg

### Reference conditions

Reference temperature range:	15 °C ÷ 35 °C
Reference humidity range:	35 % ÷ 65 % HR

### Operation conditions

Working temperature range:	0 °C ÷ + 40 °C
Maximum relative humidity:	85 % HR (0 ÷ 40 °C), non-condensing

### Storage conditions

Temperature range:	-10 °C ÷ +60 °C
Maximum relative humidity:	90 % HR (-10 ÷ +40 °C) 80 % HR (40 ÷ 60 °C)

Accuracies apply for 1 year in reference conditions. Temperature coefficient outside these limits is 0.2 % of measured value per °C plus 1 digit, otherwise noted.

### Fuses

Test socket protection:	2 x T16 A / 250 V, 6.3 x 32 mm
-------------------------	--------------------------------

## 4 MAIN MENU AND TEST MODES

The C.A 6155 has a user-friendly manipulation. By pressing only a few keys most of the actions can be done. The menu tree of the instrument has been designed to be simple to understand and easy to operate.

The instrument can test electrical equipment in four operating modes:

- PAT testing operating mode,
- Machine testing operating mode,
- Switchgear testing operating mode,
- All tests operating mode.

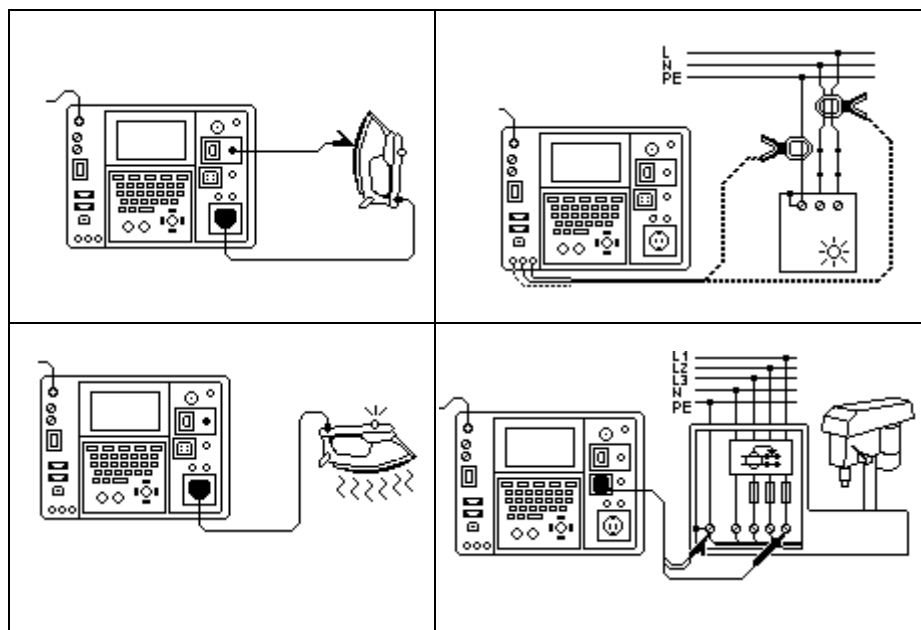
### 4.1 HELP MENUS

The measurement help menus are available in single and autotest modes. They can be accessed with the key HELP before the START key is pressed to initiate the measurement.

Help menus contain schematic diagrams for illustration of proper connection of DUT to the PAT testing instrument.

Keys in help menu:

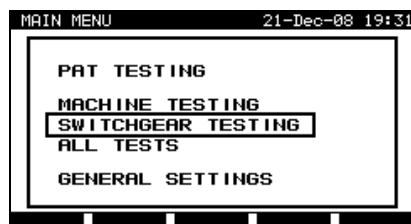
<b>PgUp (F1) / PgDown (F2)</b>	Selects next / previous help screen.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to the last test / measurement menu.



Example of help screens

## 4.2 C.A 6155 MAIN MENU

From the C.A 6155 main menu four different instrument operation menus and the General Settings menu can be set:



Main menu

## Keys in instrument main menu

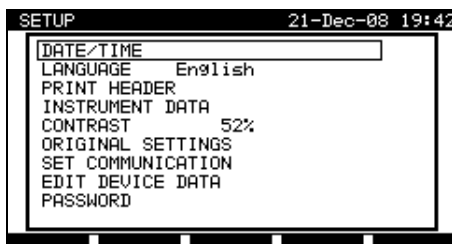
▲ / ▼	Select one of the following menu items: < <b>PAT TESTING</b> >, a group of tests intended for testing electrical devices, <i>see chapter 5</i> ; < <b>MACHINE TESTING</b> >, a group of tests intended for testing electrical equipment of machine, <i>see chapter 9</i> ; < <b>SWITCHGEAR TESTING</b> >, a group of tests intended for testing switchgear units, <i>see chapter 10</i> ; < <b>ALL TESTS</b> >, all tests can be applied for testing of electrical equipment, <i>see chapter 11</i> ; < <b>GENERAL SETTINGS</b> > the menu for general settings of the instrument, <i>see chapter 4.3</i> ;
<b>ENTER</b>	Confirms selection.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to the Instrument main menu.

**NOTE:**

- The ESC key must be pressed more than once to return to Instrument main menu from any submenu or selected function.

**4.3 GENERAL SETTINGS MENU**

In the **General settings** menu the parameters of the instrument that are considered for all operating modes, can be viewed or set.



*Setup menu*

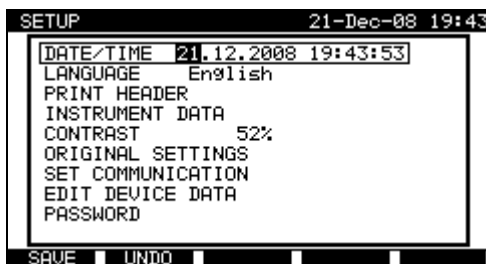


## Keys in General settings menu

▲ / ▼	Select the setting to adjust or view: < <b>DATE/TIME</b> >, day and time; < <b>LANGUAGE</b> >, instrument language; < <b>PRINT HEADER</b> >, printed header options; < <b>INSTRUMENT DATA</b> >, various instrument settings; < <b>CONTRAST</b> >, LCD contrast; < <b>ORIGINAL SETTINGS</b> >, factory settings; < <b>SET COMMUNICATION</b> >, communication options; < <b>EDIT DEVICE DATA</b> >, data for tested equipment; < <b>PASSWORD</b> >, to access restricted options.
<b>ENTER</b>	Confirms selection.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to the Instrument main menu.

## 4.3.1 Setting date and time

Selecting this option will allow the user to set the date and time of the unit. The following menu will be displayed:



*Date and time menu*

## Keys in date/time menu

</>	Select the field to be changed.
▲/▼	Modify selected field.
<b>F1 (SAVE)</b>	Confirms selection and returns to <b>General settings menu</b> .
<b>F2 (UNDO) ESC</b>	Discards modifications and returns to <b>General settings menu</b> .

## NOTES:

- Date is attached to each PAT autotest measurement results!
- Date format is DD-MM-YYYY (day-month-year).
- Date entry is checked for regularity and is not accepted in case of irregular date!

## 4.3.2 Language selection

Selecting this option will allow the user to select the language in the instrument. The following menu will be displayed:



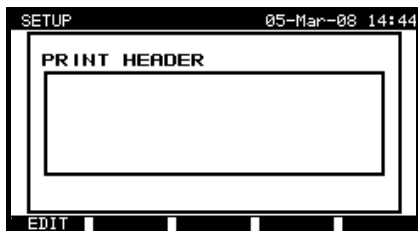
*Language menu*

## Keys in Language menu

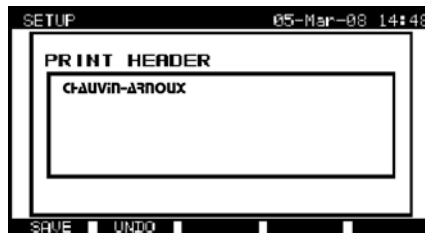
▲/▼	Select the language.
<b>ENTER°</b>	Confirms selection and returns to <b>General settings menu</b> .
<b>ESC</b>	Discards modifications and returns to <b>General settings menu</b> .

### 4.3.3 Print header

Selecting this option will allow the user to set text of printing header. The print header is appended to printout form when test results are printed using a serial printer.



*Print header menu*



*Editing print header*

Keys in print header menu

<b>F1 (EDIT)</b>	Enters edit menu for entering print header.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to <b>General settings menu</b> .

Keys in print header edit menu

<b>Alphanumeric keys</b>	Entering header text
<b>F1 (SAVE)</b>	Confirms selection and returns to General settings menu.
<b>F2 (UNDO) ESC</b>	Discards modifications and returns to General settings menu.

### 4.3.4 Viewing of C.A 6155 data

In this menu the following C.A 6155 data are shown:

- Producer name,
- Instrument name,
- Serial number,
- Firmware version,

Keys in C.A 6155 data menu:

<b>ENTER ESC</b>	Returns to <b>General settings menu</b> .
------------------	---

**NOTE:**

- Operator cannot change any C.A 6155 data!

### 4.3.5 Display contrast adjustment

Selecting this option will allow the user to set LCD contrast. The following menu will be displayed:



*Contrast menu*

Keys in contrast menu

<b>▲ / ▼</b>	Modify contrast.
<b>F1 (SAVE)</b>	Confirms selection and returns to <b>General settings menu</b> .
<b>F2 (UNDO) ESC</b>	Discards modifications and returns to <b>General settings menu</b> .

### 4.3.6 Reset instrument settings

In this menu the following parameters can be set to their initial values:

- All measurement parameters in single test mode,
- User defined tests are cleared,
- Custom autotest sequences are replaced by factory pre-programmed ones,
- PC baud rate is set to 115200 bps,
- Printer protocol is set to hardware handshaking – flow control (DTR).

The following menu is displayed:



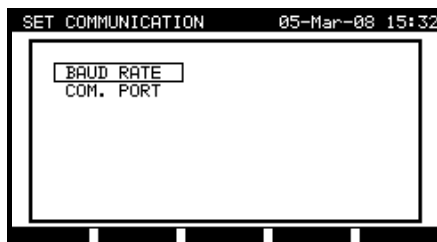
*Original settings menu*

Keys in instrument settings menu

<b>Y</b>	Confirms reset to default values and returns to <b>General settings menu</b> .
<b>N</b>	Returns to <b>General settings menu</b> without reset.

#### 4.3.7 Communication settings

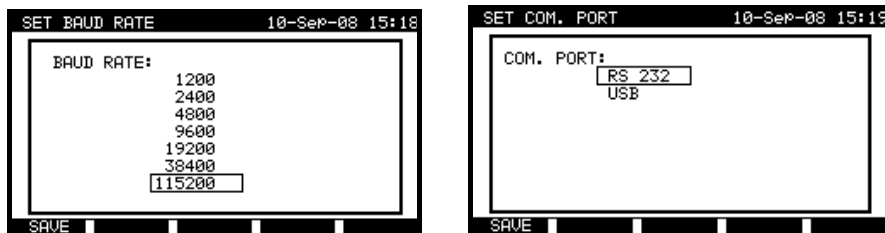
In this menu, the communication port and baud rate can be set for communication with PC. Following menu will be displayed:



*Communication menu*

Keys in set communications menu

<b>▲ / ▼</b>	Select the field to be changed.
<b>ENTER</b>	Confirms selection and opens menu of selected option.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to <b>General settings menu</b> .



Communication settings

Keys in communications port and baud rate menus

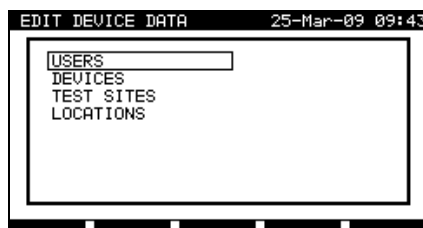
▲ / ▼	Select the proper option.
F1 (SAVE)	Confirms selection and returns to <b>Set communications menu</b> .
ESC	Returns to <b>Set communications menu</b> without changes.

**NOTE:**

- Only one port can be active at one time!

#### 4.3.8 Edit User / device data menu

Select User / device data in General settings menu with ▲ and ▼ keys and press ENTER key to confirm. The User / device data menu is displayed.



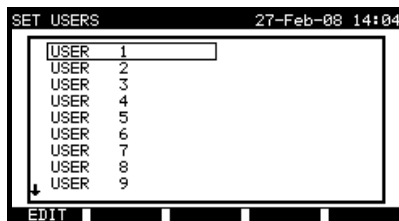
User / device data main menu

## Keys in user: device data menu

<b>▲ / ▼</b>	Select the field to be changed.
<b>ENTER</b>	Confirms selection and opens menu of selected item.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to <b>General settings menu</b> .

## 4.3.8.1 Users submenu

In this menu user names for up to 15 different users can be entered, edited and selected.



*Users submenu*

## Keys in set users menu

<b>▲ / ▼</b>	Select the user.
<b>ENTER</b>	Confirms selection and returns to <b>User / device data menu</b> .
<b>F1 (SAVE)</b>	Confirms selection and opens <b>User edit menu</b> .
<b>ESC</b>	Discards modifications and returns to <b>User / device data menu</b> .

## Keys in user edit menu

<b>Alphanumeric keys</b>	Entering user name
<b>F1 (SAVE)</b>	Confirms entry and returns to <b>User / device data menu.</b>
<b>F2 (UNDO) ESC</b>	Discards modifications and returns to <b>User / device data menu.</b>

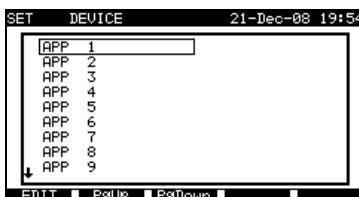
## 4.3.8.2 Device submenu

In this menu, default lists of device names (up to 100) can be edited.

The list can be also downloaded to/ uploaded from the PC SW.

For more information refer to *chapter 8.5 Data upload / download.*

Select **Device** in **User / device data menu** by ▲ and ▼ keys and press ENTER key to confirm. The following menu is displayed:



*Devices submenu*

## Keys in device menu

<b>▲ / ▼ / F2 (PgUp) / F3 (PgDown)</b>	Select the device.
<b>ENTER</b>	Confirms selection and returns to <b>User / device data menu.</b>
<b>F1 (EDIT)</b>	Confirms selection and opens <b>Device edit menu.</b>
<b>ESC</b>	Discards modifications and returns to <b>User / device data menu.</b>



## Keys in user edit menu

<b>Alphanumeric keys</b>	Entering user name
<b>F1 (SAVE)</b>	Confirms entry and returns to <b>User / device data menu.</b>
<b>F2 (UNDO) ESC</b>	Discards modifications and returns to <b>User / device data menu.</b>

## 4.3.8.3 Test sites submenu

In this menu default lists of object names (up to 100) can be edited.

The list can be also downloaded to/ uploaded from the PC SW.

For more information refer to *chapter 8.5 Data upload / download.*



*Test sites submenu*

## Keys in test sites menu

<b>▲ / ▼ / F2 (PgUp) / F3 (PgDown)</b>	Select the test site.
<b>ENTER</b>	Confirms selection and returns to <b>User / device data menu.</b>
<b>F1 (EDIT)</b>	Confirms selection and opens <b>Test site edit menu.</b>
<b>ESC</b>	Discards modifications and returns to <b>User / device data menu.</b>

## Keys in user edit menu

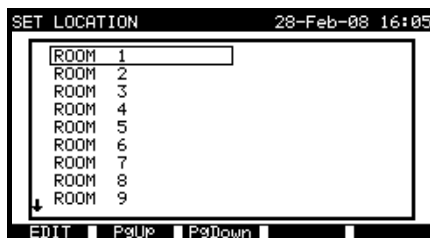
<b>Alphanumeric keys</b>	Entering test site name
<b>F1 (SAVE)</b>	Confirms entry and returns to <b>User / device data menu.</b>
<b>F2 (UNDO) ESC</b>	Discards modifications and returns to <b>User / device data menu.</b>

## 4.3.8.4 Locations submenu

In this menu default lists of location names (up to 100) can be edited.

The list can be also downloaded to/ uploaded from the PC SW.

For more information refer to *chapter 8.5 Data upload / download.*



*Locations / rooms submenu*

## Keys in device menu

<b>▲ / ▼ / F2 (PgUp) / F3 (PgDown)</b>	Select the location.
<b>ENTER</b>	Confirms selection and returns to <b>User / device data menu.</b>
<b>F1 (EDIT)</b>	Confirms selection and opens <b>Location edit menu.</b>
<b>ESC</b>	Discards modifications and returns to <b>User / device data menu.</b>

Keys in user edit menu

<b>Alphanumeric keys</b>	Entering location name.
<b>F1 (SAVE)</b>	Confirms entry and returns to <b>User / device data menu.</b>
<b>F2 (UNDO) ESC</b>	Discards modifications and returns to <b>User / device data menu.</b>

### 4.3.9 Password

In password protected actions, it is necessary to enter the password before deleting or editing the protected data. The instrument requires a password and it will not allow changes unless the correct password has been entered.



*Password menu*

Keys in password menu

<b>Alphanumeric keys</b>	Entering password.
<b>ENTER</b>	Accepts the password* and returns to General settings menu.
<b>ESC</b>	Discards modifications and returns to General settings menu.

Please take a note of this password and keep it in a safe place.

**NOTES:**

- If there is no password protection, the instrument will request that you enter a new password twice, once to confirm.
- If the instrument is already password protected, then the instrument will request the old password before entering the new one twice, once to confirm.
- To disable the password protection, instead of entering a new password just press the ENTER key when asked for a new password and confirmation and the password will be disabled.

Contact your dealer if password is forgotten.

Password protected actions:

- Entering Edit user menu,
- Editing measurement parameters in single / autotest custom test mode,
- Deleting stored results,
- Entering Original settings menu.

## 5 PAT TESTING OPERATING MODE

The PAT testing operating mode is primarily intended for periodic testing and maintenance of portable electrical appliances/devices. The instrument can test devices in the following modes:

- Single test mode,
- Three autotest modes.

After the instrument is switched on, the last menu used will be displayed.

### 5.1 PAT TESTING MAIN MENU

From the **PAT testing main menu** all instrument functions relevant for PAT testing can be selected.



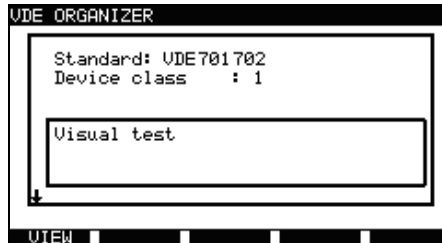
*PAT testing main menu*

Select the function you want to perform by using  $\uparrow$  and  $\downarrow$  keys and press ENTER key to confirm. To return to the previous menu press the ESC key.

### 5.2 VDE ORGANIZER MENU

This menu offers creation and performing of VDE compatible test sequences. The sequence setup and its parameters are exactly the same as suggested in the VDE 0701-0702 standard.

When an autotest sequence has been created in the VDE organizer, it can be run as an autotest or stored in the Custom Autotest menu.



*VDE organizer menu*

See chapter 7.1 VDE organizer for more information.

### 5.3 AUTOTEST CUSTOM MENU

The menu contains a list of custom prepared autosequences.

12 pre-programmed often used autotest sequences are added to the list by default. Up to 50 custom autotest sequences can be pre-programmed in this autotest mode.

Custom autotests can be also downloaded to/ uploaded from the PC SW.

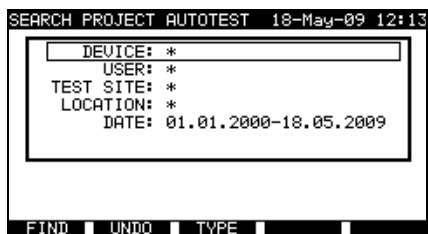


*Autotest custom menu*

See chapter 7 Autotest sequences for detailed description about this test mode.

### 5.4 PROJECT AUTOTESTS MENU

The Project autotest is a tool that simplifies and speeds up periodic testing of DUTs. The main idea is to re-use known and stored data about the DUT.

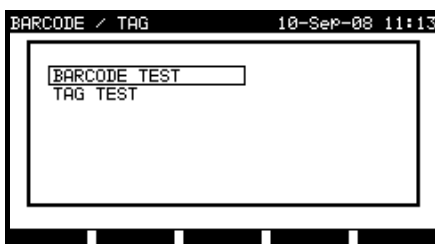


*Project autotest starting menu example*

See chapter 7.3 Project autotests for detailed description about this autotest mode.

## 5.5 BARCODE / TAG MENU

Barcode/ TAG menu supports operation with barcodes and RFID tags.

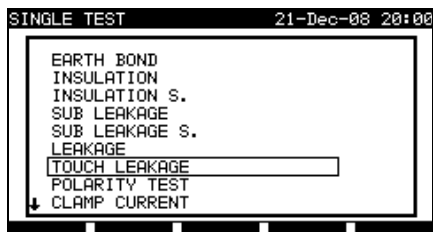


*Barcode / TAG menu*

See chapter 7.4 Barcode/TAG menu for more information.

## 5.6 SINGLE TEST MENU

In single test menu individual tests can be performed.

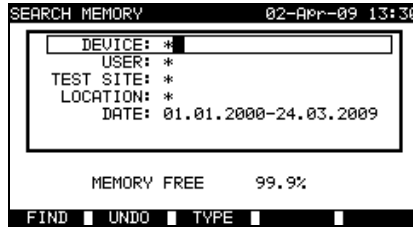


*Single test menu*

See chapter 6 Single test mode for detailed description about the single test mode.

## 5.7 RECALL / DELETE / SEND RESULTS MENU

Manipulation with stored data is allowed in this menu. Stored results can be recalled according to DUT name and date, deleted or send to PC or printers.



*Recall results menu*

See chapters 8.2 Recalling results, 8.3 Deleting results and 8.4 Downloading and printing results for more information.

## 5.8 DATA UPLOAD / DOWNLOAD MENU

In this menu it is possible to upload different data from PC to the instrument:

- Stored test results and data (results, parameters, notes),
- List of default DUT and test site names,
- List of custom autosequences.



*Upload of test data menu*

See chapter 8.5 Data upload / download for detailed description about uploading / downloading data from or to a PC.



## 5.9 SETUP MENU

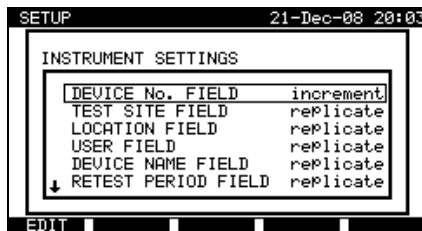
In this menu general instrument parameters specific for PAT testing mode can be set.



*Setup menu*

### 5.9.1 Instrument settings

When an autotest is completed, additional data about the DUT and comments can be appended to the autotest results before saving them. In the Instrument settings submenu, the settings as to how the data changes between tests can be controlled.



*Instrument settings menu*

The following data can be controlled between tests:

- Device number,
- Test site,
- Location,
- User,
- Device name,
- Retest period,
- Repairing code,
- Comments,
- Barcode systems.

See chapter 8.6.1 *Instruments settings* for more information.

## 6 SINGLE TESTS IN PAT TESTING MODE

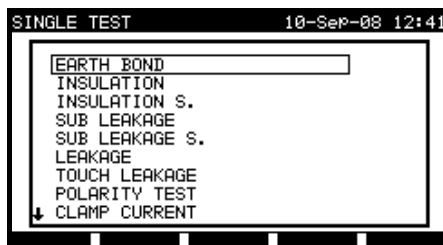
In the single test mode individual tests can be performed. This is especially helpful for troubleshooting.

### NOTE:

- Single test results cannot be saved in PAT testing operating mode.

### 6.1 PERFORMING MEASUREMENTS IN SINGLE TEST MODE

Select **Single test** in **PAT testing main menu** by using  $\blacktriangle$  and  $\blacktriangledown$  keys and press **ENTER** key to confirm. The **Single test menu** is displayed.



*Single test menu*

In **Single test menu** select single test by using  $\blacktriangle$  and  $\blacktriangledown$  keys and press **ENTER** key to confirm.

#### Editing test parameters

Test measurement parameters of the selected single test are displayed in the top right corner of the display.

They can be edited by pressing the **EDIT** (F1) button and selected with by  $\blacktriangle$  and  $\blacktriangledown$  keys. The selected parameter is highlighted. Its value can be set by using  $\blacktriangleleft$  and  $\blacktriangleright$  keys.

### NOTE:

- To keep new settings, press **SAVE** (F1) key.

## 6.2 MEASUREMENTS

### 6.2.1 Earth bond resistance

This test ensures that the connections between the protective conductor terminal in the mains plug of the DUT and earthed accessible conductive parts of the DUT (metal housing) are satisfactory and of sufficiently low resistance. This test has to be performed on Class 1 (earthed) DUT.

The instrument measures the resistance between mains test socket's PE terminal/ PE terminal (only if test current of 200 mA is set) and S/C1 terminal.

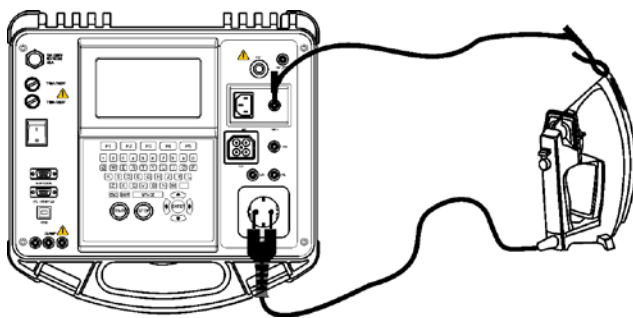


*Earth bond menu*

#### Test parameters for earth bond resistance measurement

OUTPUT	<b>Test current</b> [200 mA, 10 A]
LIMIT	<b>Maximum resistance</b> [0.01 Ω ÷ 0.09 Ω, 0.1 Ω ÷ 0.9 Ω, 1 Ω ÷ 9 Ω]
TIME	<b>Measuring time</b> [5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 60 s, 120 s, 180 s]

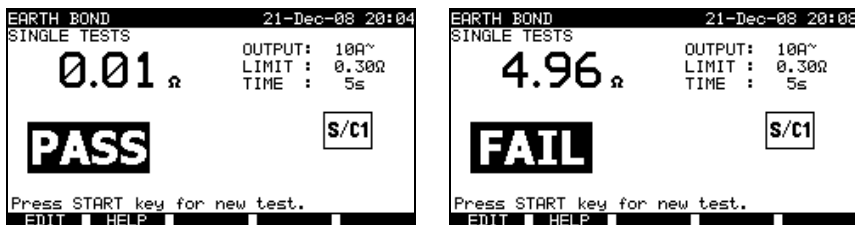
#### Test circuit for earth bond resistance measurement:



*Measurement of earth bond resistance of class I DUT*

Earth bond resistance measurement procedure:

- Select the **EARTH BOND** function.
- Set test **parameters**.
- **Connect** device under test to the instrument.
- **Connect** test lead to S/C1 output on the instrument.
- **Connect** S/C1 lead to accessible metal parts of the device under test (see figure above).
- Press the **START** key for measurement.



*Examples of earth bond resistance measurement results*

Displayed results:

Main result      earth bond resistance

**NOTE:**

- Consider displayed warnings before starting measurement!

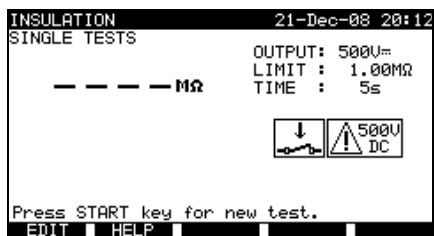
## 6.2.2 Insulation resistance

The insulation resistance test checks the resistance between live conductors and earthed (or isolated) accessible metal parts of a DUT. This test can disclose faults caused by pollution, moisture, deterioration of insulation metal etc.

The instrument measures the insulation resistance between:

- Mains test socket (L+N) and PE / (S/C1) test terminals, and
- LN and PE / (S/C1) test outputs.

This function is primarily intended for testing Class I DUTs.

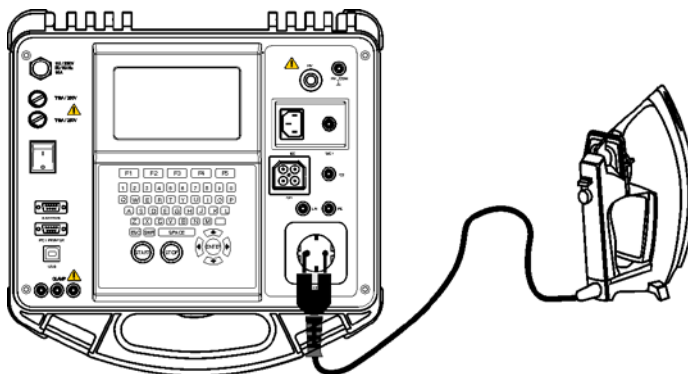


*Insulation menu*

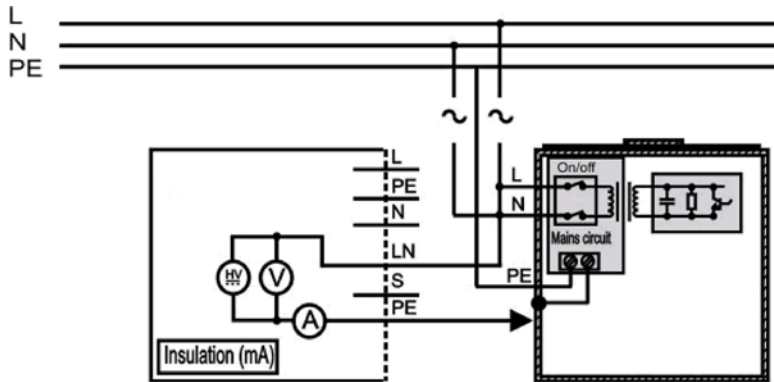
### Test parameters for insulation resistance measurement

OUTPUT	<b>Test voltage</b> [250 V, 500 V]
LIMIT	<b>Minimum resistance</b> [0.10 MΩ, 0.30 MΩ, 0.50 MΩ, 1.00 MΩ, 2.00 MΩ, 4.0 MΩ, 7.0 MΩ, 10.0 MΩ, none]
TIME	<b>Measuring time</b> [5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 60 s, 120 s]

### Test circuits for insulation resistance measurement:



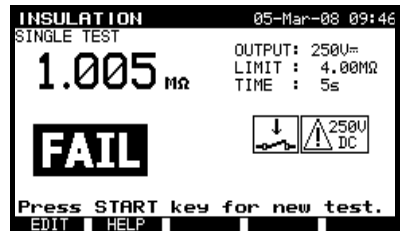
*Measurement of insulation resistance of Class I DUT*



Measurement of insulation resistance of fixed installed DUTs of Class I

#### Insulation resistance measurement procedure:

- Select the **Insulation** function.
- Set test **parameters**.
- **Connect** device under test to the instrument (see figures above).
- For **fixed** equipment:
- **Disconnect mains** supply of the fixed equipment;
- **Connect L** test socket of the instrument to L/N terminals of the fixed equipment;
- **Connect PE** test socket of the instrument to metallic enclosure of the fixed equipment.
- Press the **START** key for measurement.



Examples of insulation resistance measurement results

Displayed results:

Main result      Insulation resistance

**NOTES:**

- Leakage currents into the S/C1 input will influence insulation resistance measurement.
- When S/C1 probe is connected during the test then the current through it is also considered.
- The DUT should be de-energized before the measurement!
- Consider any warning on the display before starting the measurement!
- Do not touch or disconnect the DUT during the measurement or before it is fully discharged! The message «Discharging...» will be displayed while the voltage on the DUT is higher than 20 V!

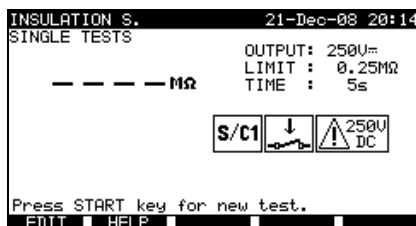
**6.2.3 Insulation resistance - S**

The insulation resistance test checks the resistance between live conductors and isolated accessible metal parts of DUT. This test can disclose faults caused by pollution, moisture, deterioration of insulation metal etc.

The instrument measures the insulation resistance between:

- Main test socket (L+N) and S/C1 test terminals, and
- LN and S/C1 test sockets.

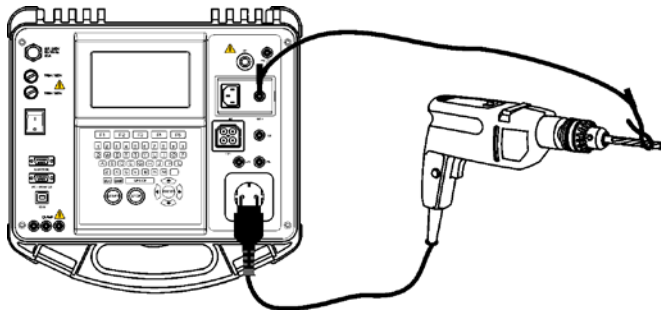
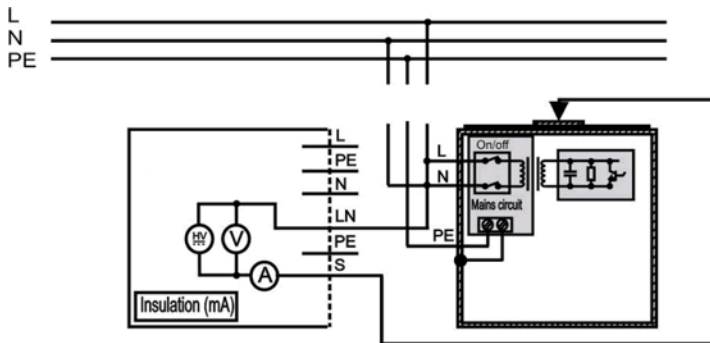
This function is primarily intended for testing Class II DUTs and Class II parts of Class I DUTs.



*Insulation S menu*

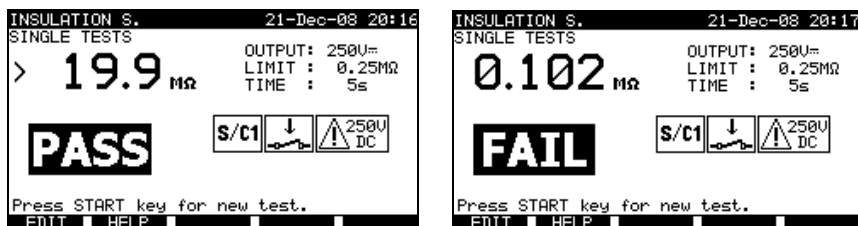
**Test parameters for insulation resistance measurement:**

OUTPUT	<b>Test voltage</b> [250 V, 500 V]
LIMIT	<b>Minimum resistance</b> [0.10 MΩ, 0.25 MΩ, 0.50 MΩ, 1.00 MΩ, 2.00 MΩ, 4.0 MΩ, 7.0 MΩ, 10.0 MΩ, none]
TIME	<b>Measuring time</b> [5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 60 s, 120 s]

**Test circuits for Insulation - S resistance measurement:***Measurement of insulation resistance of class II DUT**Measurement of insulation resistance of accessible isolated conductive parts of fixed installed DUTs***Insulation resistance S measurement procedure:**

- Select the **Insulation resistance S** function.
- Set test **parameters**.
- **Connect** device under test to the instrument (see figures above).
- **Connect** S/C1 probe to accessible conductive parts of the DUT
- For **fixed equipment**:
  - **Disconnect** mains supply of the fixed equipment;
  - **Connect** L test socket of the instrument to L/N terminals of the fixed equipment;
  - **Connect** S/C1 probe to accessible conductive parts of the fixed installed DUT
- Press the **START** key for measurement.





*Example of insulation S. resistance measurement results*

Displayed results:

Main result      Insulation resistance (LN – S)

#### NOTES:

- If a Class I device is connected to the mains test socket the currents flowing through the PE terminal will not be considered.
- The DUT should be de-energized before the measurement!
- Consider any warning on the display before starting the measurement!
- Do not touch/ disconnect the DUT during the measurement or before it is fully discharged! The message «Discharging...» will be displayed while the voltage on the DUT is higher than 20 V!

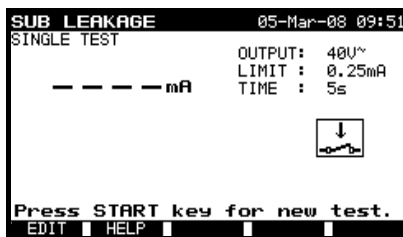
## 6.2.4 Substitute leakage current

Leakage currents between live conductors and accessible metal parts (housing, screws, handles etc.) are checked with this test. Capacitive leakage paths are included in the result too. The test measures the current flowing at a test voltage of 40 VAC and the result is scaled to the value of a nominal mains supply voltage of 230 VAC.

The instrument measures the insulation resistance between:

- Main test socket (L+N) and PE / (S/C1) test terminals, and
- LN and PE / (S/C1) test sockets.

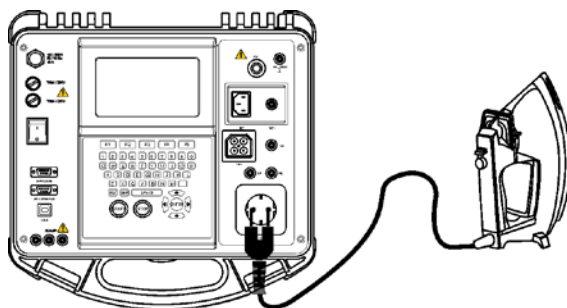
This function is primarily intended for testing Class I DUTs.



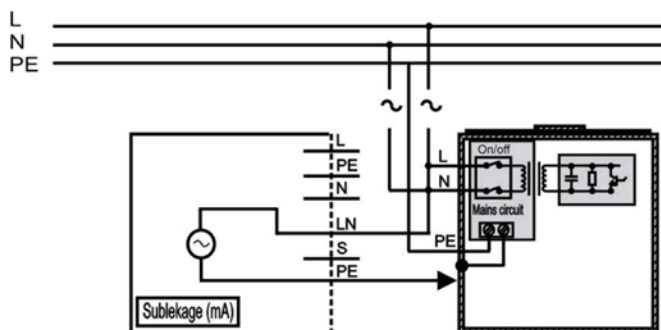
Sub leakage menu

**Test parameters for substitute leakage current measurement:**

- OUTPUT      **Test voltage** [40 V]
- LIMIT        **Maximum current** [0.25 mA, 0.50 mA, 0.75 mA, 1.00 mA, 1.50 mA, 2.50 mA, 3.50 mA, 4.00 mA, 4.50 mA, 5.00 mA, 5.50 mA, 6.00 mA, 7.00 mA, 8.00 mA, 9.00 mA, none]
- TIME         **Measuring time** [5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 60 s, 120 s]



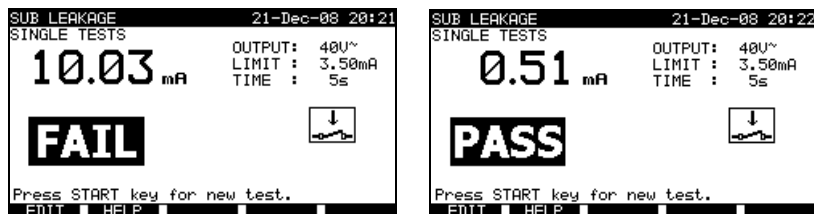
Measurement of substitute leakage current of class I DUT



Measurement of substitute leakage current of fixed installed DUTs of class I

**Substitute leakage measurement procedure:**

- Select the **Substitute leakage** function.
- Set test **parameters**.
- **Connect** device under test to the instrument (see figures above).
- For **fixed equipment**:
- **Disconnect mains** supply of the fixed equipment;
- **Connect L** test socket of the instrument to L/N terminals of the fixed equipment;
- **Connect PE** test socket of the instrument to metallic enclosure of the fixed equipment.
- Press the **START** key for measurement.



*Example of substitute leakage current measurement results*

Displayed results:

Main result       substitute leakage current

**NOTES:**

- Consider any displayed warning before starting measurement!
- When S/C1 probe is connected during the test then the current through it is also considered.
- Substitute leakage current may differ substantially from that of conventional leakage current test because of the way the test is performed. For example, the difference in both leakage measurements will be affected by the presence of neutral to earth noise suppression capacitors.

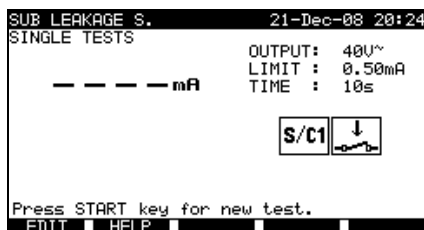
**6.2.5 Substitute leakage - S**

Leakage currents between live conductors and isolated accessible metal parts (screws, handles etc.) are checked with this test. Capacitive leakage paths are included in the result too. The test measures the current flowing at a test voltage of 40 V AC and the result is scaled to the value of a nominal mains supply voltage of 230 V AC.

The instrument measures the insulation resistance between:

- Main test socket (L+N) and S/C1 test terminals, and
- LN and S/C1 test sockets.

This function is primarily intended for testing Class II DUTs and Class II parts of Class I DUTs.

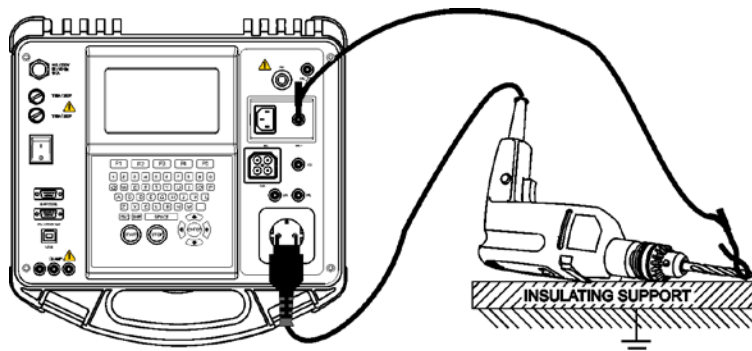


*Sub leakage S menu*

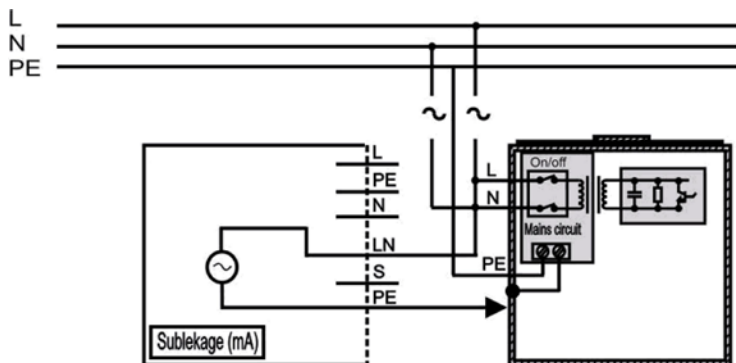
#### Test parameters for substitute leakage S current measurement:

OUTPUT	<b>Test voltage</b> [40 V]
LIMIT	<b>Maximum current</b> [0.25 mA, 0.50 mA, 0.75 mA, 1.00 mA, 1.50 mA, 2.0 mA, 2.50 mA, 3.0 mA, 3.50 mA, none]
TIME	<b>Measuring time</b> [5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 60 s, 120 s]

#### Test circuits for substitute leakage S measurement:



*Measurement of substitute leakage current of class II DUT*



Measurement of substitute leakage of accessible isolated conductive parts of fixed installed DUTs

#### Insulation resistance S measurement procedure:

- Select the **Substitute leakage S** function.
- Set test **parameters**.
- **Connect** device under test to the instrument (see figures above).
- **Connect** S/C1 probe to accessible conductive parts of the DUT.
- For **fixed equipment**:
- **Disconnect mains** supply of the fixed equipment;
- **Connect** L test socket of the instrument to L/N terminals of the fixed equipment;
- **Connect** S/C1 probe to accessible conductive parts of the fixed installed DUT
- Press the **START** key for measurement.



Example of substitute leakage S current measurement results

Displayed results:

Main result       substitute leakage current LN-S

**NOTES:**

- Consider any displayed warning before starting measurement!
- If a Class I device is connected to the mains test socket the currents flowing through the PE terminal will not be considered.

**6.2.6 Differential leakage current**

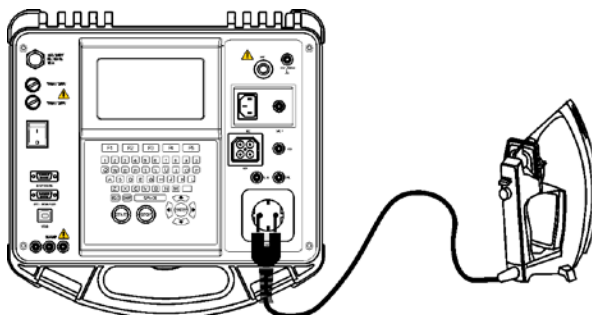
The purpose of this test is to determine the sum of all leakages flowing from the live conductor to the earth. Because the differential method for determining leakage current is used the full and true DUT leakage current is always measured, even when parallel current paths to ground exist in the DUT.



*Differential leakage current menu*

**Test parameters for differential leakage current measurement:**

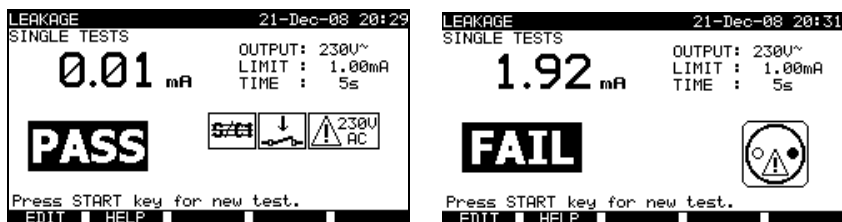
OUTPUT	<b>Test voltage</b> [230 V]
LIMIT	<b>Maximum current</b> [0.25 mA, 0.50 mA, 0.75 mA, 1.00 mA, 1.50 mA, 2.50 mA, 3.50 mA, 4.00 mA, 4.50 mA, 5.00 mA, 5.50 mA, 6.00 mA, 7.00 mA, 8.00 mA, 9.00 mA, none]
TIME	<b>Measuring time</b> [5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 60 s, 120 s]

**Test circuit for differential current measurement:**

*Measuring of differential current*

**Differential current measurement procedure:**

- Select the Differential function.
- Set test parameters.
- Connect device under test to the instrument (see figure above).
- Press the START key for measurement.



*Examples of differential current measurement result*

Displayed results:

Main result      differential leakage current

**NOTES:**

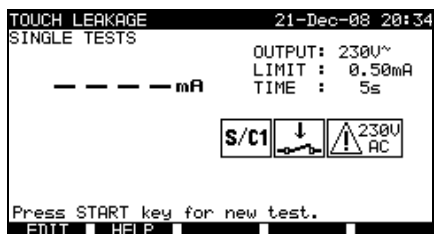
- During the test, a mains voltage is connected to the DUT. If DUT contains moving parts, make sure that it is safely mounted or protected to prevent possible danger to the operator or damage to the DUT or surrounding environment!
- Consider any displayed warning before starting measurement!
- The instrument automatically changes L and N polarity of connected DUT during the test.

**6.2.7 Touch leakage current**

This test determines the current that would flow if a person touches accessible conductive parts of the DUT.

The instrument measures the leakage current flowing through the S/C1 probe into earth.

The DUT can be powered from the mains test socket or directly from the installation (fixed installed equipment).



*Touch leakage menu*

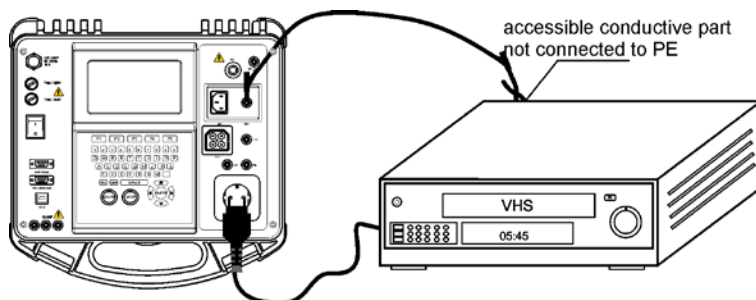
### Test parameters for touch leakage current measurement:

OUTPUT     **System voltage** [230 V]

LIMIT       **Maximum current** [0.25 mA, 0.50 mA, 0.75 mA, 1.00 mA, 1.50 mA, 2.00 mA, none]

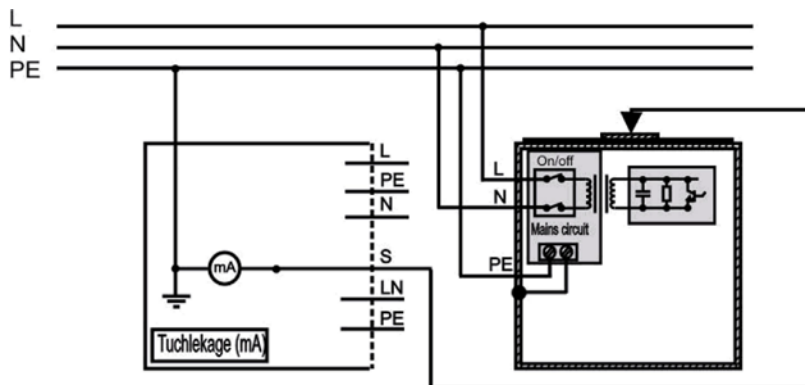
TIME        **Measuring time** [5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 60 s, 120 s]

### Test circuits for touch leakage current measurement



*Measurement of touch leakage current*

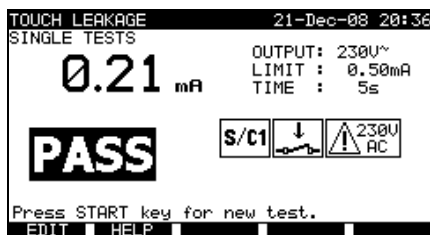




Measurement of touch leakage current on a fixed installed DUT

### Touch leakage current measurement procedure

- Select the **Touch leakage** function.
- Set test **parameters**.
- **Connect** S/C1 probe to accessible conductive parts of the DUT (see figures above).
- For **Portable appliance/device**:
  - **Connect** device under test to the instrument.
- For **fixed equipment**:
  - **Power on** the fixed equipment;
- Press the **START** key for measurement.



Examples of touch leakage current measurement results

Displayed results:

Main result touch leakage current

**NOTES:**

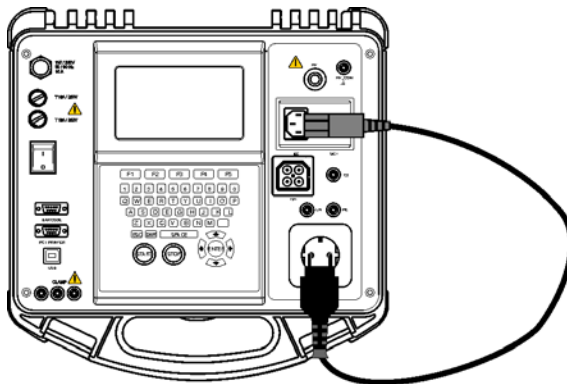
- During the test, a mains voltage is connected to the DUT. If DUT contains moving parts, make sure that it is safely mounted or protected to prevent possible danger to the operator or damage to the DUT or surrounding environment!
- Consider any displayed warning before starting measurement!
- The instrument automatically changes L and N polarity of connected DUT during the test.

**6.2.8 Polarity test**

This test checks the polarity of a supply cords. The following faults can be detected: L open, N open, PE open, L-N crossed, L-PE crossed, N-PE crossed, L-N shorted, L-PE shorted, N-PE shorted, multiple faults.



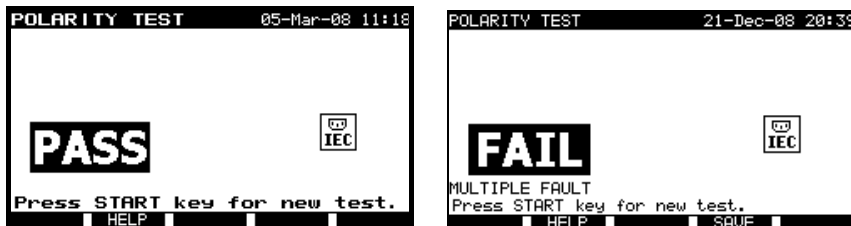
*Polarity test menu*

**Test circuit for polarity test:**

*Polarity test of IEC cord*

## Polarity test procedure

- Select the Polarity test function.
- Connect tested IEC cord to the instrument (see figure above).
- Press the START key for measurement.



*Examples of polarity test result*

Displayed results:

Main result      PASS / FAIL, description of fault

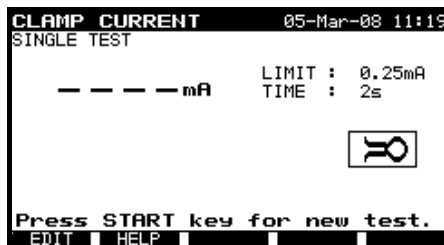
### NOTE:

- Consider any displayed warning before starting test!

## 6.2.9 Clamp current test

This function enables the measurement of AC currents in a wide range from 1 mA up to 25 A with current clamps. Typical applications are:

- measuring PE leakage currents through PE conductor in permanently installed DUTs,
- measuring load currents in permanently installed DUTs,
- measuring differential leakage currents in permanently installed DUTs.

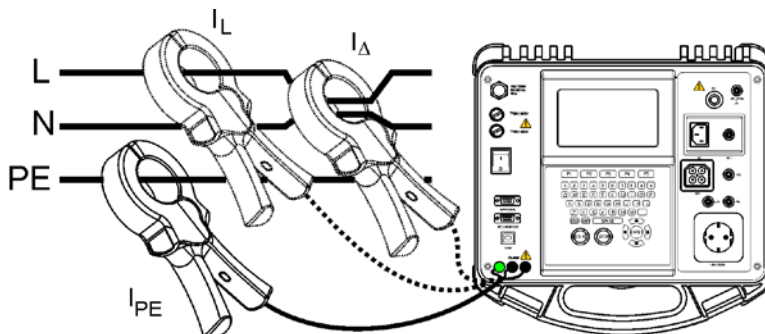


*Clamp current menu*

**Test parameters for clamp current measurement:**

LIMIT        **Maximum current** [0.25 mA, 0.50 mA, 0.75 mA, 1.00 mA, 1.50 mA,  
2.25 mA, 2.50 mA, 3.00 mA, 3.50 mA, 5.00 mA, 9.90 mA]

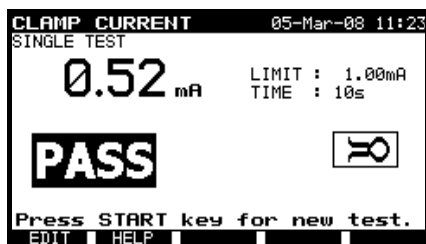
TIME         **Measuring time** [5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 60 s, 120 s]

**Test circuit for clamp current measurement:**

*Connecting current clamp to the instrument*

**Clamp current measurement procedure**

- Select the **Clamp current** function.
- Set test **parameters**
- **Connect** the current clamp to the instrument (see figure above).
- **Embrace** wire(s) that has to be measured with current clamp
- Press the **START** key for measurement.



*Examples of clamp current measurement result*

Displayed results:

Main result        clamp current

**NOTES:**

- When measuring leakage currents, the neighbour magnetic fields and capacitive coupling (especially from the L and N conductors) can disturb the results. It is recommended that the clamp is as close as possible to the grounded surface and away from wires and other objects under voltage or carrying current.
- Green socket is intended for current clamp shield terminal, if exists. This will improve measurement of leakage current. The socket is connected to internal grounding system and through this to PE.

**6.2.10 PRCD test**

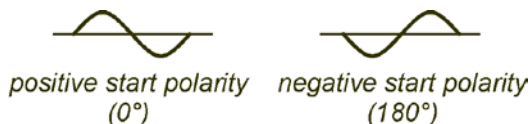
The purpose of this test is to ensure the proper operation of residual current devices built into a DUTs and portable residual current devices. Trip-out time measurement verifies the sensitivity of a PRCD at selected residual currents.

**Test parameters for PRCD test:**

$I_{\Delta N}$	Rated PRCD residual current [10 mA, 15 mA, 30 mA]
MODE	Type of <b>PRCD test</b> [single, auto]

If Single mode is selected,

Multi	Actual test current $I_{\Delta N}$ [ $\times \frac{1}{2}$ , $\times 1$ , $\times 5$ ]
Phase	<b>Starting angle</b> [ $0^\circ$ , $180^\circ$ , ( $0^\circ, 180^\circ$ )]



*PRCD test current starting polarities*

### Trip-out time limits

Trip-out time according to EN 61540:

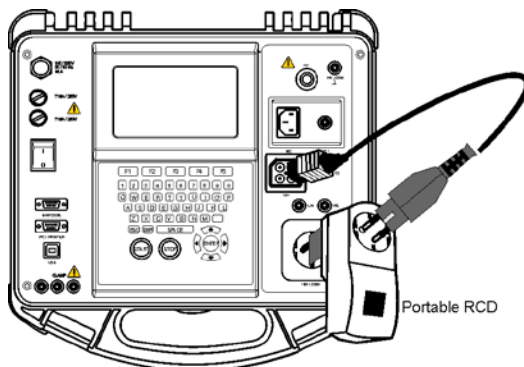
	$\frac{1}{2} \times I_{\Delta N}^*$	$I_{\Delta N}$	$5 \times I_{\Delta N}$
General RCDs (non-delayed)	$t_{\Delta} > 300$ ms	$t_{\Delta} > 300$ ms	$t_{\Delta} > 40$ ms

\*) Minimum test period for current of  $\frac{1}{2} \times I_{\Delta N}$ , RCD shall not trip-out.

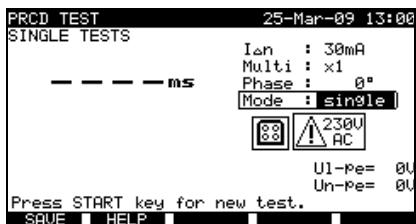
Maximum test times related to selected test current for general (non-delayed) RCD

Standard	$\frac{1}{2} \times I_{\Delta N}$	$I_{\Delta N}$	$5 \times I_{\Delta N}$
EN 61540	400 ms	400 ms	40 ms

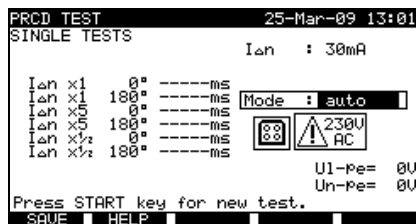
### Circuits for testing PRCD:



Testing of portable RCD (PRCD)



PRCD single test menu

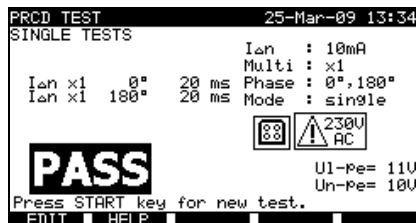
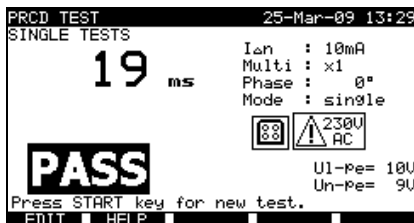


PRCD autotest menu

## 6.2.10.1 PRCD single test

**Trip-out time measurement procedure:**

- Select the PRCD test function.
- Select Single test mode.
- Set test parameters.
- Connect tested PRCD/ device to an external voltage socket (see figure above). Depending on the type of PRCD, it may be necessary to manually switch the PRCD on.
- Connect test lead to TP1 test socket of the instrument and the PRCD's output.
- Press the START key to perform measurement.
- If both current polarities are selected:
- Reactivate tested PRCD
- Press the START key to perform measurement with opposite current polarity.



Examples of PRCD test result

Displayed results:

Main result           last measured results  
 Subresults           all results are displayed as subresults  
 UI-pe                 voltage  $U_{L-PE}$

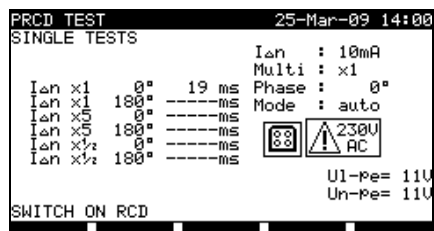
## 6.2.10.2 Automatic PRCD test

PRCD autotest function is intended to perform a complete PRCD analysis. (trip-out times at different residual currents and current phases).

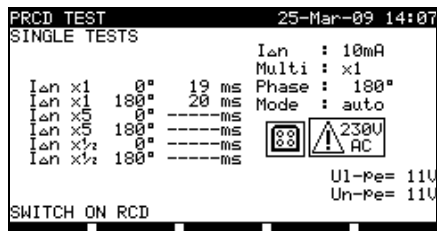
**PRCD autotest procedure:**

<b>PRCD Autotest steps</b>	<b>Notes</b>
Select the PRCD test function.	
Set Auto test mode.	
Select test parameters.	
Connect tested PRCD device to an external voltage socket (see figure above). Depending on the type of PRCD, it may be necessary to manually switch the PRCD on.	
Connect test lead to TP1 test socket of the instrument and the PRCD's output.	
Press the START key.	Start of test.
Test with $I_{\Delta N}$ , $0^\circ$ (step 1).	PRCD should trip-out.
Re-activate PRCD.	
Test with $I_{\Delta N}$ , $180^\circ$ (step 2).	PRCD should trip-out.
Re-activate PRCD.	
Test with $5 \times I_{\Delta N}$ , $0^\circ$ (step 3).	PRCD should trip-out.
Re-activate PRCD.	
Test with $5 \times I_{\Delta N}$ , $180^\circ$ (step 4).	PRCD should trip-out.
Re-activate PRCD.	
Test with $\frac{1}{2} \times I_{\Delta N}$ , $0^\circ$ (step 5).	PRCD should not trip-out.
Test with $\frac{1}{2} \times I_{\Delta N}$ , $180^\circ$ (step 6).	PRCD should not trip-out. End of test.

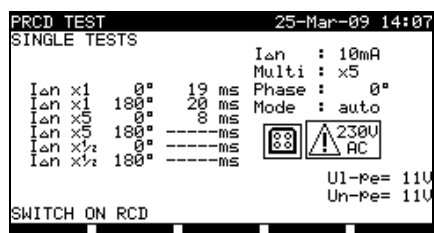




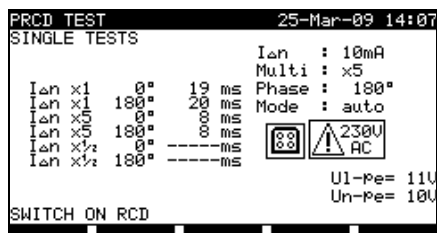
Step 1



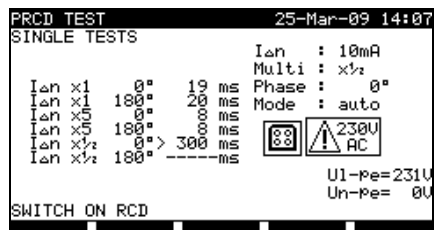
Step 2



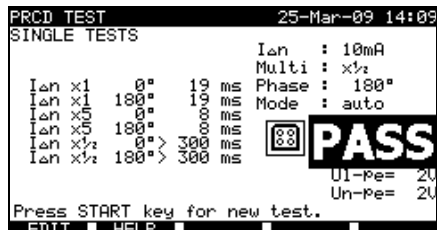
Step 3



Step 4



Step 5 and



Step 6

### Individual steps in PRCD autotest

The test passes if the PRCD:

- Does not trip-out the  $\frac{1}{2}I_{AN}$  tests,
- Trips inside predefined time limits at  $I_{AN}$  and  $5 \times I_{AN}$  tests.

Displayed results:

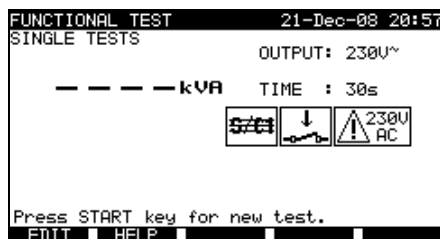
Main result            last measured results  
 Subresults            all results are displayed as subresults  
 UI-pe                    voltage  $U_{L-Pe}$

**NOTES:**

- Consider any displayed warning before starting measurement!
- For DUTs with integrated RCD the housing must be opened to access the RCD's L output terminal (this should only be performed by a competent engineer).
- Mains voltage is applied to the PRCD under test. Do not touch the equipment under test or the test leads during the test!

**6.2.11 Power / Functional test**

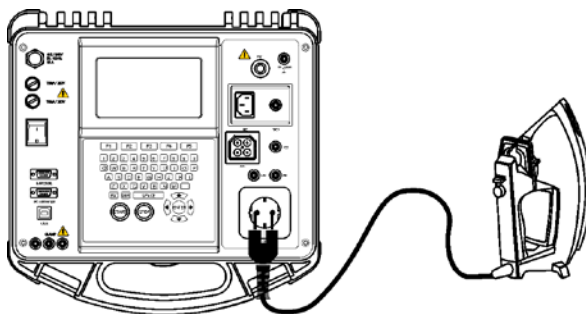
The DUT's power consumption is measured in this test. The apparent power is an useful indication of proper operation of the DUT.



*Power/functional test menu*

**Test parameters for the Power / Functional test**

OUTPUT      **System voltage** [230 V]  
 TIME        **Measuring time** [5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 60 s, 120 s]

**Circuit for the functional test**

*Functional test*

**Functional test procedure:**

- Select the **Functional test** function.
- Set measuring **time**.
- **Connect** tested DUT to the instrument (see figure above).
- Press the **START** key for measurement.



*Example of apparent power measurement result*

Displayed results:

Main result      apparent power

**NOTES:**

- During the test, a mains voltage is connected to the DUT. If DUT contains moving parts, make sure that it is safely mounted or protected to prevent possible danger to the operator or damage to the DUT or surrounding environment!
- Consider any displayed warning before starting measurement!

## 7 AUTOTEST SEQUENCES

---

Autotest is the fastest and easiest way to test DUTs. During the autotest preprogrammed measurements runs automatically in a sequential way. The complete autotest results can be stored together with their associated DUT name and all related information.

### 7.1 VDE ORGANIZER – GENERAL MENU

VDE organizer is a configuration tool for performing VDE 0701-0702 compatible device test sequences.

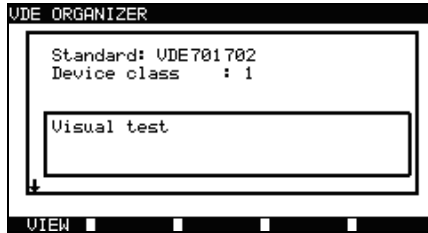
The instrument selects the appropriate test sequence and parameters on base of entered DUT data (class, accessible conductive parts, nominal power etc).

The test sequence is built up according to the flowchart below.



### 7.1.1 VDE Organizer operation

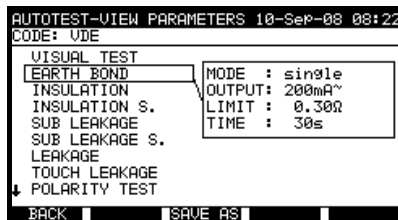
Select VDE Organizer in PAT testing main menu.



Example of VDE organizer screen

Keys:

<b>&lt;/&gt;</b>	Select organizer item.
<b>▲/▼</b>	Set parameter in selected (highlighted) item.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to previous menu.
<b>F1 (VIEW)</b>	Enters View (test sequence) menu.
<b>START</b>	Starts automatic sequence as currently set in VDE organizer. <i>Refer to chapter 7.5 Performing autotest sequences for more information.</i>



VDE organizer view menu

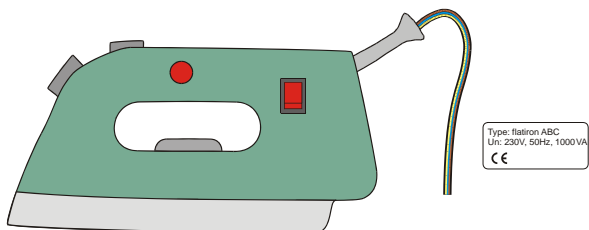
In the View menu the parameters of the selected measurement can be viewed.

Keys in View menu:

<b>▲ / ▼</b>	Select test to be viewed.
<b>START</b>	Starts automatic sequence as currently set in VDE organizer. <i>Refer to chapter 7.5 Performing autotest sequences for more information.</i>
<b>SAVE AS (F3)</b>	Opens dialog for saving currently set sequence as a custom autotest.
<b>BACK (F1)</b>	Returns to mains VDE organizer menu.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to previous menu.

### 7.1.2 Example of creating a test sequence with VDE organizer

A periodic test of an iron will be performed.



The iron can be classified as followed:

- For a periodic testing a VDE 0701-0702 test is relevant.
- The iron can be classified as a Class I DUT with isolated metal part and short supply cord.

**Example of test sequence configuration:**

	<b>Displayed item</b>	<b>Activity</b>
<b>1</b>	Standard : VDE	Information that a test acc. to VDE 0701-0702 will be set.
<b>2</b>	EST class : 1	Selection of DUT safety class: - Select Class 1.
<b>3</b>	Visual test	Information that visual test will be included in the VDE / Class1 procedure.
<b>4</b>	Accessible conductive parts? YES	Question if there is an isolated conductive part on the DUT: - Confirm with yes.
<b>5</b>	Cord length (earth bond) L: < 0.3 $\Omega$ / <= 5 m	Selection of Earth bond limit value on base of known supply cable length: - Select appropriate length.
<b>6</b>	Insulation test applicable? YES	Question if insulation test is applicable: - Confirm with yes.  Insulation and substitute leakage measurements will be included in the test sequence with this confirmation.
<b>7</b>	Insulation test Heating elements L: > 0.3 M $\Omega$	Classification of DUT: - Classify the iron as a standard DUT.
<b>8</b>	Insulation test Accessible cond. Parts L: > 2.0 M $\Omega$	Information that insulation resistance measurement of Class 2 parts will be included in the (VDE / Class1 / with isolated conductive parts) test procedure.
<b>9</b>	Leakage test method: Leakage	Selection of leakage current test method: - Select substitute leakage measurement.
<b>10</b>	Limit/Device type General device L < 3.5 mA	Classify the iron as an standard DUT with power <3.5 kW.
<b>11</b>	Touch leakage method: Substitute leakage; Limit < 0.5 mA	Information that substitute leakage current measurement class 2 parts will be included in the (VDE / Class1 / with isolated conductive parts) test procedure.



## 7.2 CUSTOM AUTOTESTS

In autotest custom menu setting and editing user-defined autotest procedures is allowed. Up to 50 custom autotest sequences can be pre-programmed in this autotest mode.

12 pre-programmed autotest sequences are added to the list by default.

The sequences can be also uploaded from the PC software. Refer to *chapter 8.5 Upload test data* for more information.

The pre-programmed sequences can be restored to default settings by selecting Original settings in General settings menu.

Select Custom Autotest in PAT testing main menu.



Custom autotest menu

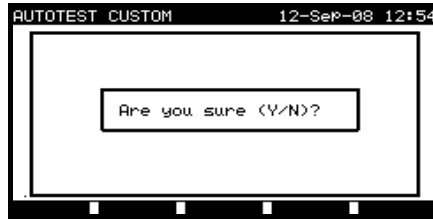
Keys:

<b>▲ / ▼</b>	Select the custom autotest.
<b>VIEW</b>	Opens View menu for viewing details of selected test sequence
<b>DELETE (F3)</b>	Removes selected test, <i>see chapter 7.2.1 Deleting an existing custom test sequence.</i>
<b>SEND (F5)</b>	Sends autotest sequence to the RFID tag.
<b>START</b>	Starts the selected autotest. <i>See chapter 7.5 Performing autotest sequences.</i>
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to Main menu.

### NOTE:

- If more than 50 autotests are saved, «Out of memory» message is displayed.

## 7.2.1 Deleting an existing custom test sequence



*Delete selected custom autotest sequence*

Keys:

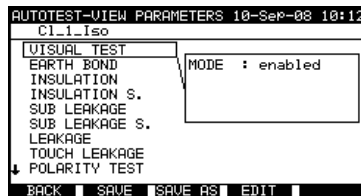
<b>Y / N</b>	Confirms or rejects deleting of selected custom autotest sequence.
<b>Any other key</b>	Return back to custom autotest menu without changes.

**NOTE:**

- If only one custom autotest is defined it cannot be deleted from the list!

## 7.2.2 Viewing, modifying and saving an custom autotest

An existing custom autotest sequence can be viewed, modified and stored. These functionalities are available in the Custom autotest view menu.



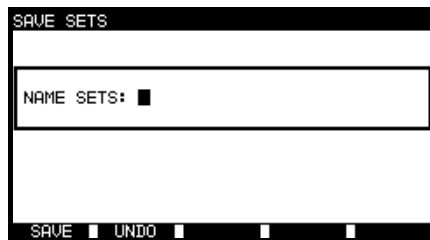
*View setup of selected custom autotest*

Keys in test sequence view mode:

<b>BACK (F1)</b>	Returns back to custom autotest main menu.
<b>SAVE (F2)</b>	Stores test sequence under the same name.
<b>SAVE AS (F3)</b>	Stores test sequence under a new name.
<b>EDIT (F4)</b>	Opens menu for modifying parameters of selected test function.
<b>▲ / ▼</b>	Select test function in the sequence.
<b>START</b>	Starts running the selected autotest. <i>See chapter 7.5 Performing autotest sequences.</i>
<b>ESC</b>	Returns back to custom autotest menu.



*Save option*



*Save as option*

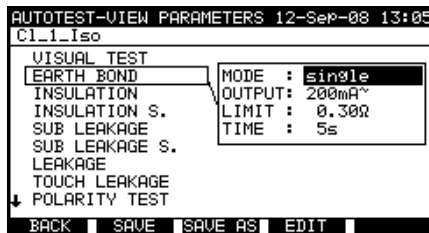
*Autotest custom Save menus*

Keys:

</>	Select character in line.
<b>Alphanumeric</b>	Enters character.
<b>SHIFT+ Alphanumeric</b>	Enters small letter or special character.
←	Deletes character left to cursor.
<b>SAVE (F1)</b>	Confirms saving custom autotest sequence under entered name.
<b>UNDO (F2)</b>	Cancels saving.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns back to custom autotest menu.

### Modification of an autotest sequence

Press EDIT (F4) key in the View menu to modify selected function.



*Modification parameters of selected test function*

Keys:

▼/▲	Select the parameter.
</>	Change the value of selected parameter (highlighted).
<b>CONFIRM (F1)</b>	Accepts modified function and returns to the view of selected test sequence.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to the view of selected test sequence.

Following modes can be set:

<b>Disabled</b>	Test is not selected in this custom autotest.
<b>Single</b>	Selected test is performed once inside the custom autotest.
<b>Continuous</b>	Selected test is performed more than once inside the custom autotest.

### 7.3 PROJECT AUTOTESTS

The **Project autotests** is an unique tool that dramatically simplifies and speeds up repeated (periodic) testing of DUTs.

The main idea is to re-use known stored data (either in instrument or on a PC) of the tested DUT. The following data can be recalled from the instrument's memory and re-used:

#### Test sequence

If the sequence has not changed (this is usually the situation) the user does not need to care about setting the right test sequence and parameters.

#### DUT data

ID number, names, descriptions, addresses, comments are not needed to be re-entered again. Old data are offered by default.

#### Old test results

New Project Autotest test results can be compared with previous results. The instrument automatically calculates the trends for each measurement.

#### NOTES:

- If the test results are close to the limit they should be compared with old test results. If the trends are deteriorating, the safety of the DUT and the time between test should be reassessed. If the results stay stable the DUT can generally be treated as safe.

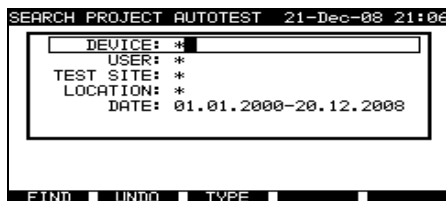
Old test results can be uploaded from a PC back to the instrument. This brings further advantages:

- Old test results are not occupying the instrument's memory and can be temporarily uploaded only for the purpose of re-testing,
- Test results and DUT data can be moved / shared among different test instruments,
- DUT data can be pre-entered on the computer and then sent to the instrument.

### 7.3.1 Selecting a project autotest

The first step when performing project autotests is to recall the appropriate stored DUT data from the instruments memory. The procedure is similar as if test results are to be recalled from the instrument's memory.

In the **PAT testing main menu** select **Project autotests** by using  $\wedge$  and  $\vee$  keys and press ENTER key to confirm. **Search project autotest menu** will be displayed.



*Project autotests main menu*

When searching for stored autotest results the following filters can be used to narrow the hits:

- Device number,
- User,
- Test site,
- Location,
- Date from and date to.

By using  $\wedge$  and  $\vee$  keys select the filter you want to edit.

Keys:

$\wedge$ / $\vee$	Select parameter line.
$\langle$ / $\rangle$ alphanumeric	Edits parameter line.
<b>F1 (FIND)</b>	Starts search after filters are setup correctly.
<b>F2 (UNDO)</b>	Undo latest change.
<b>F3 (TYPE)</b>	Selects parameter line type.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to Main menu.

**NOTES:**

- To change the selected parameter line type, press the TYPE (F3) key and the »parameter type« will become highlighted (e.g. DUT). The ◀ and ▶ keys can then be used to change the parameter type and by pressing ENTER key the choice can be confirmed. Once the parameter types have been set up, the data required to filter the files can be inserted. Filter information can be inserted via the alphanumeric keypad or, in some filter fields such as user, can also be selected from a predefined list by pressing the LIST (F4) key. The DUT number field can also be read using a barcode reader.
- By placing a «\*» (shift + "2") in a particular field, tells the instrument not to search the associated filter field. When searching, the instrument will therefore ignore data in this parameter and go on to find all the DUTs that conform to data placed in the other filter fields.
- To find all stored results, enter «\*» in the all fields (excluding DATE where the correct from and to dates must be entered).

If the search filters are set up correctly and the DUTs exist in the units memory, the **Project autotests result menu** will be displayed.

While recalling stored results, the instrument shows a bar graph and a ratio of files found compared to files stored in memory (e.g. 7/11 implies 7 results have been found to meet the filter criteria out of a potential 11 results stored in the flash memory).



*Project autotest result menu*

By using ▲ and ▼ keys, the PgUp (F1) and PdDown (F2) keys or barcode reader, select the DUT that should be retested.

**DUT tickers**

Each DUT is marked with a ticker. The ticker appears at the right of the DUT number and helps to speed up finding DUTs to be retested.

The meaning of the tickers is as follows:

<b>PC</b>	The stored DUT data was uploaded from PC
<b>PC✓</b>	The stored DUT data was uploaded from PC and has been retested
<b>I</b>	The stored DUT data was performed with the instrument and stored.
<b>I✓</b>	The stored DUT data was performed with the instrument and stored and has been retested.

By pressing ENTER key on a DUT, more information regarding the DUT results and data can be viewed. The information can be scrolled using the PgUp (F1) and PdDown (F2) keys and the MORE (F5) function key can be used to switch between different DUT data views.



*View results menu examples*

Use ESC key to return to previous menu.

### 7.3.2 Starting a project autotest

Select Project Autotest in PAT testing main menu.

Using the filters, search for the DUTs to be retested. After the DUT is found and selected (in Project autotest result menu) begin retesting the DUT by pressing the START key.

The autotest sequence will be the same as it was for the selected Project autotest. Exactly the same DUT data (except time and user) will be offered to store in the selected Project autotest.

When a new autotest is saved, it will get an « I » ticker. The original autotest will get a « I✓ » or « PC✓ » ticker when the DUT is retested through the project autotest.



### 7.3.3 Comparison of results (evaluation of result trends)

If an autotest sequence was performed from the Project autotests menu, an additional option TREND is offered in the **View result** menu after the autotest is finished.

COMPARE RESULTS		18-May-09 12:28	
DEVICE : PlanchaMPL			<b>PASS</b>
OLD: 24/04/2009 - PASS			
NEW: 18/05/2009 - PASS			
FUNCTIONS	OLD	NEW	TREND
EARTH BOND	0.71Ω	0.10Ω	↑
INSULATION	>200MΩ	>200MΩ	◇
INSULATION S	20.0MΩ	20.0MΩ	◇
SUB LEAKAGE	0.02mA	0.04mA	↓
SUB LEAKAGE S	0.01mA	0.01mA	↓
			RESULT

*View Project autotest results menu*

In the Save results window, press the VIEW (F4) key the results to enter the view results window. By pressing TREND (F4) key again a comparison between the old and new test data will be performed. This is a very useful feature to evaluate result trends in cases where results are relatively close to the limit.

COMPARE RESULTS		18-May-09 12:28	
DEVICE : PlanchaMPL			<b>PASS</b>
OLD: 24/04/2009 - PASS			
NEW: 18/05/2009 - PASS			
FUNCTIONS	OLD	NEW	TREND
EARTH BOND	0.71Ω	0.10Ω	↑
INSULATION	>200MΩ	>200MΩ	◇
INSULATION S	20.0MΩ	20.0MΩ	◇
SUB LEAKAGE	0.02mA	0.04mA	↓
SUB LEAKAGE S	0.01mA	0.01mA	↓
			RESULT

*Compare results menu example*

**Meaning of trend symbols:**

↑	New result of particular test is better than last result. Examples: New insulation resistance result is higher than old result. New earth bond result is lower than old one.
○	Difference between old and new result of particular test is so small that can be treated as the same; Example: New insulation resistance result stays at the same level as old result.
↓	New result of particular test is worse than last result. Examples: New insulation resistance result is lower than old result. New earth bond result is higher than old one.

By using PgUp (F1) and PgDown (F2) keys all measurements can be compared. Use RESULT (F5) key to return to View result menu.

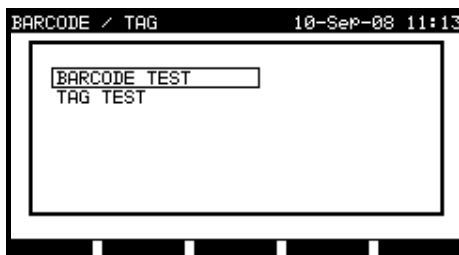
**7.4 BARCODE / TAG AUTOTESTS**

Barcode/ TAG menu supports operation with barcodes and RFID tags. From this menu the following actions can be performed:

Device test sequences can be read from barcode labels.

Test sequences and stored measurement results for tested DUT can be downloaded (uploaded) from (to) the RFID tags.

Select Barcode/ TAG in PAT testing main menu.



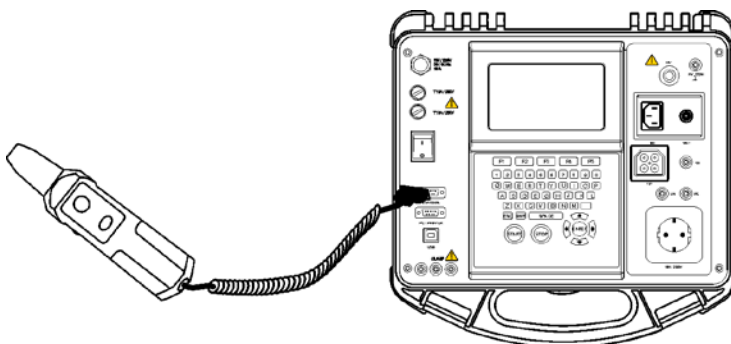
*Barcode / TAG menu*

Keys:

▲ / ▼	Select the device.
<b>ENTER</b>	Opens menu for selected device.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to Main menu.

### 7.4.1 Working with RFID tags

To use RFID system, connect RFID reader/writer to DB-9 female BARCODE connector first. See RFID reader/writer user manual for more information.



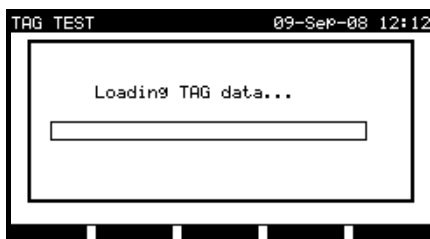
*Connecting RFID tag reader/writer to the C.A 6155*

#### NOTE:

- Because of limited memory space of RFID tags, the following data are not stored in RFID tags:
  - DUT name,
  - Repairing code,
  - Comments.

Loading data from RFID tags to the instrument

Select **Tag test** from **Barcode / tag** menu and press the ENTER key to confirm. The C.A 6155 is now ready to accept RFID tag data.



*RFID tag menu*

Once the data from RFID tag have been successfully received, the following menu is displayed:



RFID tag menu

Keys:

▲ / ▼	Select the option.
<b>ENTER</b>	Opens menu for selected option.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to Barcode/tag menu.

If no test results were stored in RFID tag, the **View results** option won't be displayed.

The following actions can be performed now:

- New reading from RFID tag,
- View autotest sequence,
- View autotest results,
- Start autotest sequence.

#### Viewing autotest sequence from RFID tag

Select View autotest in TAG menu and press ENTER key to confirm. *Refer to chapter 7.2.2 Viewing/modifying and saving of existing custom autotest.*

#### Starting autotest sequence from RFID tag

Select Start new autotest in TAG menu and press ENTER key. *Refer to chapter 7.5 Performing autotest sequences.*

#### Viewing autotest results from RFID tag

Select View results in TAG menu and press ENTER key to confirm. *Refer to chapter 8.2 Recalling results.*

### **Sending an autotest sequence to RFID tag**

From the Autotest custom menu press the SEND (F5) key. Selected autotest sequence is loaded to the RFID tag using RFID reader/writer. See RFID reader/writer user manual for more information.

### **Sending an autotest sequence/results to RFID tag**

Autotest sequence/results can be sent to RFID TAG from the Save results or Recall memory menu. Press the SEND (F3) key. When sending data from Recall results menu select TAG reader/writer option first and press ENTER key to confirm. Selected data from the instrument are loaded to the RFID tag using RFID reader/writer.

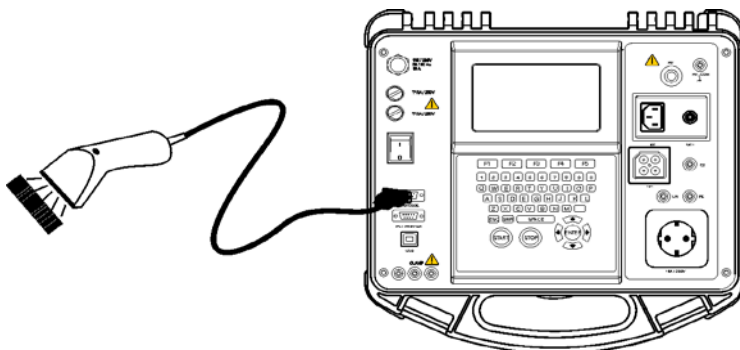
See RFID reader/writer user manual for more information.

## **7.4.2 Working with barcode reader**

The instrument supports the following functions:

- Reading 24 pre-defined autotest shortcut codes from barcode labels,
- Reading DUT numbers from barcode labels.

Two Barcode systems are supported. Refer to Appendix B for detailed information. Connect barcode reader to the DB-9 female BARCODE connector first.



Connecting barcode reader to the C.A 6155

### **Reading autotest sequence using barcode**

Select **Barcode test** in **Barcode/tag** menu and press ENTER key. The latest received or set autotest sequence name and its code is displayed

A new autotest sequence received from the barcode reader will be accepted by the instrument (refer to Appendix A for available autotest sequences and its codes). A successful receive of the barcode is confirmed by two short confirmation beeps.



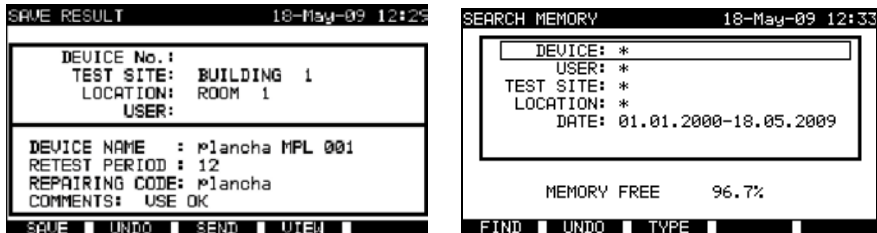
Barcode test menu

Keys:

<b>VIEW (F1)</b>	Views selected autotest sequence. <i>Refer to chapter 7.2.2 Viewing/modifying of existing custom autotest.</i>
<b>START</b>	Starts selected autotest sequence. <i>Refer to chapter 7.5 Performing autotest sequence.</i>
<b>&lt;/&gt;</b>	Manually selects a new autotest sequence by setting its code.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to Barcode/tag menu.

### Reading DUT number using barcode

With the barcode reader also DUT number can be read from barcode label in different menus. A successful receive of the barcode is confirmed by two short confirmation beeps.



Adding DUT number in save results / search results menu

## 7.5 PERFORMING AUTOTEST SEQUENCES

### 7.5.1 Visual inspection

A thorough visual check must be carried out before each electrical safety test. Following items should be checked:

- Inspection of DUT for sign of damage.
- Inspection of flexible supply cable for damage.
- Any signs of pollution, moisture, dirt that can jeopardize safety. Especially openings, air filters, protection covers and barriers must be checked!
- Are there signs of corrosion?
- Are there signs of overheating?
- Inscriptions and marking related to safety must be clearly readable.
- Installation of the DUT must be performed according to the user manuals.
- During visual inspection the measuring points for the electrical testing have to be determined too.

If the visual test passes, the instrument automatically proceeds with the next test in the sequence.

If the visual test fails the user must evaluate if it is safe to proceed with the measurements.



*Visual test menu*

Keys:

<b>PASS (F1)</b>	Confirms that the visual inspection passed.
<b>SKIP (F4)</b>	Skips visual test.
<b>FAIL (F5)</b>	Ends the autotest sequence.

### 7.5.2 Earth bond resistance measurement

Measurement is described in *chapter 6.2.1 Earth bond resistance*.

If the earth bond test fails or was skipped other tests (except Polarity) will not be carried out because of safety.

Keys:

<b>START</b>	Starts the earth bond resistance measurement. Proceeds with the next earth bond resistance measurement (in continuous mode). Proceeds to the next autotest sequence measurement (in single measurement mode only).
<b>HELP (F2)</b>	Displays the earth bond test help screens.
<b>REPEAT (F3)</b>	Repeats the earth bond resistance measurement.
<b>ENTER</b>	Proceeds to the next autotest sequence measurement (in continuous measurement mode only).
<b>SKIP (F4)</b>	Skips earth bond resistance measurement.
<b>END (F5)</b>	Ends the autotest sequence.

### 7.5.3 Insulation resistance measurement

Measurement is described in *chapter 6.2.2 Insulation resistance*.

If the insulation test fails or was skipped other tests (except Polarity) will not be carried out because of safety.

Keys:

<b>START</b>	Starts the insulation resistance measurement. Proceeds with the next insulation resistance measurement (in continuous mode). Proceeds to the next autotest sequence measurement (in single measurement mode only).
<b>HELP (F2)</b>	Displays the earth bond test help screens.
<b>REPEAT (F3)</b>	Repeats the earth bond resistance measurement.
<b>ENTER</b>	Proceeds to the next autotest sequence measurement (in continuous measurement mode only).
<b>SKIP (F4)</b>	Skips insulation resistance measurement.
<b>END (F5)</b>	Ends the autotest sequence.



### 7.5.4 Insulation resistance S measurement

Measurement is described *in chapter 6.2.3 Insulation resistance S*.

If this insulation test fails or was skipped other tests (except Polarity) will not be carried out because of safety.

Keys:

<b>START</b>	Starts the Insulation resistance S measurement. Proceeds with the next insulation resistance measurement (in continuous mode). Proceeds to the next autotest sequence measurement (in single measurement mode only).
<b>HELP (F2)</b>	Displays the earth bond test help screens.
<b>REPEAT (F3)</b>	Repeats the earth bond resistance measurement.
<b>ENTER</b>	Proceeds to the next autotest sequence measurement (in continuous measurement mode only).
<b>SKIP (F4)</b>	Skips earth bond resistance measurement.
<b>END (F5)</b>	Ends the autotest sequence.

### 7.5.5 Substitute leakage current measurement

Measurement is described *in chapter 6.2.4 Substitute leakage current*.

If the substitute leakage test fails or was skipped other tests (except Polarity) will not be carried out skipped because of safety.

Keys:

<b>START</b>	Starts the substitute leakage current measurement. Proceeds with the next substitute leakage current measurement (in continuous measurement mode only). Proceeds to the next autotest sequence measurement (in single measurement mode only).
<b>HELP (F2)</b>	Displays substitute leakage test help screens.
<b>REPEAT (F3)</b>	Repeats the substitute leakage current measurement.
<b>ENTER</b>	Proceeds to the next autotest sequence measurement (in continuous measurement mode only).
<b>SKIP (F4)</b>	Skip substitute leakage current measurement.
<b>END (F5)</b>	End the autotest sequence.

### 7.5.6 Substitute leakage S measurement

Measurement is described in *chapter 6.2.5 Substitute leakage S*.

If the substitute leakage test fails or was skipped other tests (except Polarity) will not be carried out skipped because of safety.

Keys:

<b>START</b>	Starts the Substitute leakage S current measurement. Proceeds with the next substitute leakage current measurement (in continuous measurement mode only). Proceed to the next autotest sequence measurement (in single measurement mode only).
<b>HELP (F2)</b>	Displays substitute leakage test help screens.
<b>REPEAT (F3)</b>	Repeats the substitute leakage current measurement.
<b>ENTER</b>	Proceeds to the next autotest sequence measurement (in continuous measurement mode only).
<b>SKIP (F4)</b>	Skips substitute leakage current measurement.
<b>END (F5)</b>	Ends the autotest sequence.

### 7.5.7 Differential leakage current

Measurement is described in *chapter 6.2.6 Differential leakage current*.

If the differential leakage test fails or was skipped other tests will not be carried out because of safety.

Keys:

<b>START</b>	Starts the leakage current measurement. Proceeds with the next leakage current measurement (in continuous measurement mode only). Proceed to the next autotest sequence measurement (in single measurement mode only).
<b>HELP (F2)</b>	Displays leakage test help screens.
<b>REPEAT (F3)</b>	Repeats the leakage current measurement.
<b>ENTER</b>	Proceeds to the next autotest sequence measurement (in continuous measurement mode only).
<b>SKIP (F4)</b>	Skips leakage current measurement.
<b>END (F5)</b>	Ends the autotest sequence.

### 7.5.8 Touch leakage current measurement

Measurement is described *in chapter 6.2.7 Touch leakage current*.

If the touch leakage test fails or was skipped other tests will not be carried out because of safety.

Keys:

<b>START</b>	Starts the leakage current measurement. Proceeds with the next leakage current measurement (in continuous measurement mode only). Proceed to the next autotest sequence measurement (in single measurement mode only).
<b>HELP (F2)</b>	Displays leakage test help screens.
<b>REPEAT (F3)</b>	Repeats the leakage current measurement.
<b>ENTER</b>	Proceeds to the next autotest sequence measurement (in continuous measurement mode only).
<b>SKIP (F4)</b>	Skips leakage current measurement.
<b>END (F5)</b>	Ends the autotest sequence.

### 7.5.9 Polarity test

Measurement is described *in chapter 6.2.8 Polarity test*.

If the polarity test fails or was skipped other tests will not be carried out because of safety.

Keys:

<b>START</b>	Starts the polarity test. Proceed to the next autotest sequence measurement (in single measurement mode only).
<b>HELP (F2)</b>	Displays polarity test help screens.
<b>REPEAT (F3)</b>	Repeats the polarity test.
<b>SKIP (F4)</b>	Skips polarity test.
<b>END (F5)</b>	Ends the autotest sequence.

### 7.5.10 TRMS current measurement using clamp current adapter

Measurement is described *in chapter 6.2.9 Clamp current measurement.*

If the current clamp test fails or was skipped other tests will not be carried out because of safety.

Keys:

<b>START</b>	Starts the TRMS leakage current measurement. Proceeds with the next TRMS leakage current measurement (in continuous measurement mode only). Proceeds to the next autotest sequence measurement (in single measurement mode only).
<b>HELP (F2)</b>	Displays help screens.
<b>REPEAT (F3)</b>	Repeats the TRMS leakage current measurement.
<b>ENTER</b>	Proceeds to the next autotest sequence measurement (in continuous measurement mode only).
<b>SKIP (F4)</b>	Skips TRMS leakage current measurement.
<b>END (F5)</b>	Ends the autotest sequence.

### 7.5.11 PRCD test

Measurement is described *in chapter 6.2.10 PRCD test.*

If the PRCD test fails or was skipped other tests will not be carried out because of safety.

Keys:

<b>START</b>	Starts the RCD test. Proceeds to the next autotest sequence measurement.
<b>HELP (F2)</b>	Displays help screens.
<b>REPEAT (F3)</b>	Repeats the RCD test.
<b>SKIP (F4)</b>	Skips the RCD test.
<b>END (F5)</b>	Ends the autotest sequence.

### 7.5.12 Power / Functional test

The main objective of this test is to verify correct operation of the DUT.

Especially items relevant for safety should be checked:

- All main operating modes. Testing power during this check is useful.
- Mechanical operation (motors, rotating parts)
- Safety relevant functions (alarms, switches etc)

A PASS/ FAIL ticker can be committed manually.

The power measurement can be carried out optionally and is stored too. The Power measurement is described *in chapter 6.2.11 Power / Functional test.*



*Power / Functional*

Keys:

<b>START</b>	Starts the POWER test (optional). Proceeds to the next autotest sequence measurement.
<b>PASS (F1)</b>	Commits a manual ticker and ends autotest.
<b>HELP (F2)</b>	Displays Power/ functional test help screens.
<b>SKIP (F4)</b>	Skips the Power/ Functional test.
<b>FAIL (F5)</b>	Commits a manual ticker and ends the autotest sequence.

## 8 WORKING WITH AUTOTEST RESULTS

After the autotest sequence is completed, measurement results can be:

- Saved to the flash memory of the instrument. Before that they can be viewed and edited. Refer to *chapter 8.1 Saving autotest results* for more information.
- Send to PC or a test report can be printed out to serial printer. Refer to *chapter 8.4 Downloading and printing results* for more information.
- DUT label can be printed out. Refer to *chapter 8.4 Downloading and printing results* for more information.

### 8.1 SAVING AUTOTEST RESULTS

After the autotest sequence is completed, **Save results** menu is displayed.

Following data can be added to the test results for saving:

- Device number and its name
- Test site and location,
- Retest period,
- Repairing code,
- Comments.

SAVE RESULT		18-May-09 12:53
DEVICE No.:	█	
TEST SITE:	BUILDING	1
LOCATION:	ROOM	1
USER:	USER	1
DEVICE NAME :	DLM562	
RETEST PERIOD :	12	
REPAIRING CODE:	67	
COMMENTS:	/	
SAVE █ UNDO █ SEND █ VIEW █		

*Save results menu*

Keys:

<b>▲ / ▼</b>	Select the item.
<b>◀ / ▶</b> <b>alphanumeric</b>	Edit data
<b>F1 (SAVE)</b>	Saves test results and returns to last autotest menu.
<b>F2 (UNDO)</b>	Undo changes.
<b>F3 (SEND)</b>	Sends results to printer, RFID reader/writer.
<b>F4 (VIEW)</b>	Views test results
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to Main menu.

In the **DEVICE No.** field up to 10 numeric characters can be entered. The **device number** can also be scanned with a barcode reader.

In the **Test site, Location** and **DEVICE NAME** fields, up to 15 alpha-numeric or special characters can be entered. Names can also be selected from the list of 100 predefined names for each parameter.

In **Retest period** field, the number of retest period in months can be entered.

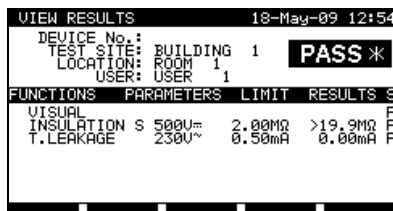
In **Repairing code** field, up to 20 alpha-numeric or special characters can be entered.

In the **Comments** field, up to 25 alpha-numeric or special characters can be entered.

All parameters added to the autotest results have, in general, a possibility to be replicated or default set to blank when saving new autotest results. Device number can also be automatically incremented when new autotest sequence is finished.

For detailed description refer to chapter 5.9.1 Instrument settings.

All test results can be viewed before saving by pressing **VIEW (F4)** key. View results menu will be displayed. To return to previous menu **ESC** key should be pressed.



FUNCTIONS	PARAMETERS	LIMIT	RESULTS	S	
VIEW RESULTS 18-May-09 12:54					
DEVICE No.:					
TEST SITE: BUILDING 1 <b>PASS</b> ✖					
LOCATION: ROOM 1					
USER: USER 1					
FUNCTIONS	PARAMETERS	LIMIT	RESULTS	S	
VISUAL					
	INSULATION S	500V=	2.00MΩ	>19.9MΩ	P
	T. LEAKAGE	230V~	0.50mA	0.00mA	P

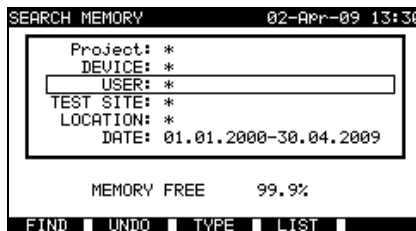
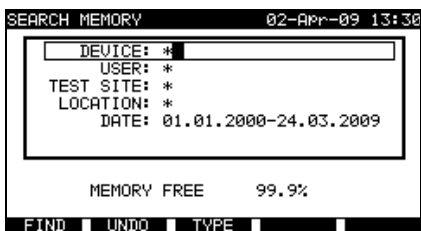
*View Project autotest results menu*

**NOTES:**

- The date and time are automatically attached to the saved results.
- The autotest results cannot be stored if the Device no. field is empty.
- **User** field cannot be edited (this must be selected from the User/ Device data menu of the instrument).

**8.2 RECALLING RESULTS**

Select **Recall/delete/send memory** in **Main menu** by using **▲** and **▼** keys and press **ENTER** key to confirm. **Search results** menu is displayed.



*Search results menus*

When searching for stored results the following filters can be used to narrow the hits:

- DUT number or project No. (for machine and switchgear testing)
- Test site,
- Location,
- Date from and date to,
- User.

By using **▲** and **▼** cursor keys select the filter you want to edit.

Keys:

<b>▲ / ▼</b>	Select parameter line.
<b>&lt; / &gt;</b> alphanumeric	Edits parameter line.
<b>F1 (FIND)</b>	Starts search after filters are setup correctly.
<b>F2 (UNDO)</b>	Undo latest change.
<b>F3 (TYPE)</b>	Selects parameter line type.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to Main menu.



**Notes:**

- To change the selected parameter line type, press the F3 function key and the «parameter type» will become highlighted (e.g. DEVICE). The ◀ and ▶ cursor keys can then be used to change the parameter type and by pressing **ENTER** key the choice can be confirmed. Once the parameter types have been set up, the data required to filter the results can be inserted. Filter information can be inserted via the alphanumeric keypad or, in some filter fields such as user, can also be selected from a predefined list by pressing the F4 function key. The device number field can also be read using a barcode reader.
- By placing a «\*» (shift + “2”) in a particular field, tells the instrument not to search the associated filter field. When searching, the instrument will therefore ignore data in this parameter and go on to find all the DUTs that conform to data placed in the other filter fields.
- To find all stored results, enter «\*» in the all fields (excluding DATE where the correct from and to dates must be entered).

When the search filters have been correctly set up, a search can be performed by pressing the F1 function key. If the search filters are set up correctly and the DUTs exist in the units memory, the **Recall results menu** will be displayed.

While recalling stored results, the instrument shows a bargraph and a ratio of files found compared to files stored in memory (e.g. 7/11 implies 7 results have been found to meet the filter criteria out of a potential 11 results stored in the flash memory).

*Recall results menu*

Once the DUTs have been found, the ▲ and ▼ cursor keys and F1 and F2 function keys can be used to scroll through the list of DUTs.

More information relating to a DUT can be viewed by pressing the **ENTER** key on the appropriate DUT. The information can be scrolled using the F1 and F2 function keys and the F5 function key can be used to switch between different DUT data views.

RECALL MEMORY		18-May-09 12:59	
DEVICE No.:	PlanchaMPL		
TEST SITE:	BUILDING 1		<b>PASS</b>
LOCATION:	ROOM 1		
USER:			
FUNCTIONS	PARAMETERS	LIMIT	RESULTS
VISUAL			
EARTH BOND	200mA <sup>~</sup>	1.00Ω	0.71Ω
INSULATION	500V <sup>-</sup>	0.10mA	>199.9mA
INSULATION S	500V <sup>-</sup>	1.00mA	>19.9mA
SUB LEAKAGE	400V <sup>~</sup>	4.50mA	0.02mA
SUB LEAKAGE S	400V <sup>~</sup>	0.50mA	0.01mA
PgUp PgDown MORE			

*View results menu*

Use the **ESC** key to return to **Recall results** or **Search results** menus.

From the **Recall results menu** stored data can be downloaded to a PC, printed out to a serial printer or deleted from the memory. Refer to *chapters 8.4 Downloading and printing results* and *8.3 Deleting results*, respectively.

### 8.3 DELETING RESULTS

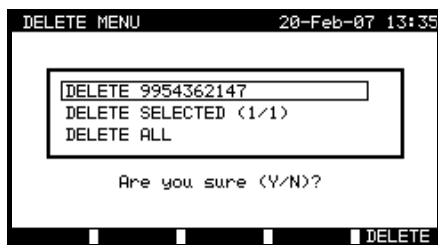
Stored autotest results can also be deleted from the memory.

Enter **Recall/delete/send memory menu** from [**PAT, Machine, Switchgear, All tests**] testing menu. Recall the result(s) you want to delete (Refer to *chapter 8.2 Recalling results* for detailed information on recalling results).

In the **Recall results** menu, press F5 function key. **Delete results** menu will be displayed.

In this menu the following functions can be performed.

<b>DELETE</b>	Deletes the single file last highlighted when the F5 function key was pressed,
<b>DELETE SELECTED</b>	Deletes all the files found from searching the memory of the instrument,
<b>DELETE ALL</b>	Clears all stored test data from the instrument.



Delete results menu

Keys:

▲ / ▼	Select deleting option.
<b>F5 (DELETE)</b>	Deletes selected results.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to memory recall menu.

Confirm the delete activity by using Y key. After performing the selected option, instrument returns to **Recall results** menu accepting the new memory state. If you don't want to delete the results, press the N key in **Delete results** menu. Instrument returns to **Recall results** menu without any changes.

## 8.4 DOWNLOADING AND PRINTING RESULTS

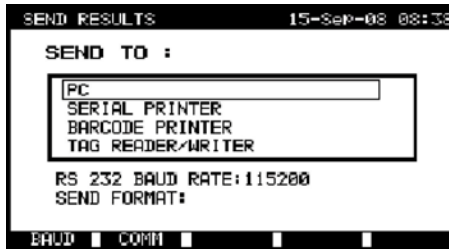
The instrument offers the following possibilities to send selected result or selection to:

- PC (to store and later operations on stored results),
- Serial printer for fast report printing,
- Label printer, and
- RFID tag (only one result).

It is possible to send data to selected output after:

- Autotest sequence is completed, or
- Recalling stored results from the instrument memory.

By pressing the F3 function key in the **Save results** or **Recall results** menus, **Send results** menu is available.



Send results menu

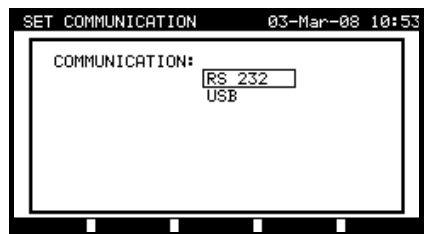
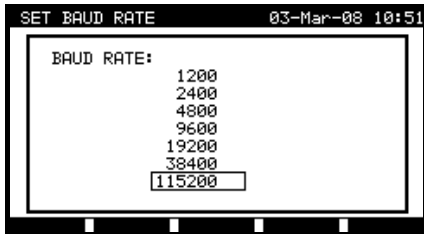
Keys:

<b>▲ / ▼</b>	Select activity.
<b>ENTER</b>	Starts sending to selected output.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to memory recall menu.

Send to PC:

Keys:

<b>F1 (BAUD)</b>	Opens menu for selection of Baud Rate.
<b>F2 (COMM)</b>	Opens menu for interface selection (RS232 or USB)

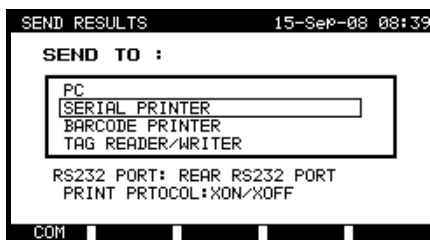


Communication ports settings

Keys:

<b>▲ / ▼</b>	Select the option.
<b>F1</b>	Saves selected option.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to Send results menu.

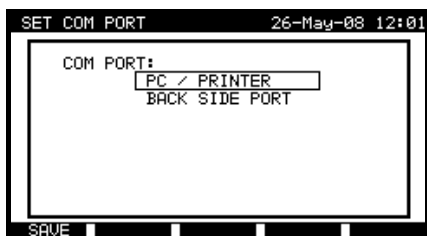
Send to serial printer:



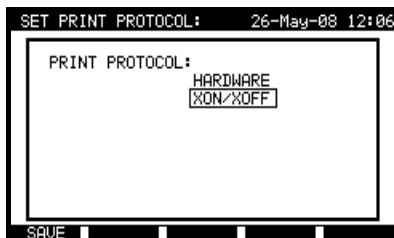
*Send to serial printer menu*

Keys:

<b>F1 (COM)</b>	Opens menu for interface selection (back-side printer or PC/Printer connector).
<b>F2 (CONTROL)</b>	Opens menu for selection of data transfer control option.
	Baud rate for serial printer is fixed and set to 9600 baud.



*Interface option*



*Data transfer control*

*Serial printer settings*

Keys:

<b>▲ / ▼</b>	Select the option.
<b>F1 (SAVE)</b>	Accepts selected option.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to Send results menu.

.....  
 .....

DEVICE : 11072010  
 TEST SITE :  
 LOCATION OFFICE 1  
 TIME/DATE : 09:31 11-JUL-2010  
 USER : CA  
 RESULT : PASS

-----  
 VISUAL PASS  
 EARTH BOND It : 10A~  
 Rlim: 0,10 Ohms  
 1. R = 0,03 Ohm PASS  
 INSULATION Ut : 500V Rlim: 1,00 MOhm  
 1. R = 178,9 MOhms PASS  
 LEAKAGE Ut : 230 V~ Ilim: 0,75 mA  
 1. I = 0,23 mA PASS  
 POWER  
 1. P = 2,01 KVA PASS  
 DEVICE NAME : APP 1  
 RETEST PERIOD : 11/07/2011  
 REPAIRING CODE : 021268505  
 COMMENTS : -  
 =====

END OF DATA

```

PRINT HEDER FOR MPL TESTING
2ND LINE
LAST HEADER LINE

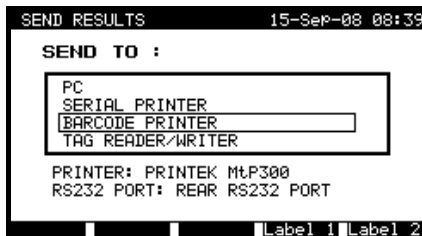
      DEVICE                planchaMPL
TEST SITE                BUILDING 1
LOCATION                   ROOM 1
TIME/DATE                14:00 24-APR-2009
USER
RESULT:                                PASS
-----
VISUAL                                PASS
EARTH BOND      It:200mA~ Rlim: 1.00 Ohm
  1. R =                                0.71 Ohm PASS
INSULATION      Ut: 500V Rlim: 0.30 MOhm
  1. R =                                >199.9 MOhm PASS
INSULATION S    Ut: 500V Rlim: 1.00 MOh
  1. R =                                >19.9 MOhm PASS
SUB LEAKAGE     Ut: 40V~ Ilim: 4.50 mA
  1. I =                                0.02 mA PASS
SUB LEAKAGE     Ut: 40V~ Ilim: 0.50 mA
  1. I =                                0.01 mA PASS
DEVICE NAME     : plancha MPL 001
RETEST PERIOD  : 24/04/2010
REPAIRING CODE : plancha
COMMENTS:VSE OK
=====
END OF DATA
  
```

*An example of data sent to serial printer*

#### NOTES:

- When working with serial printers, the baud rate is set by default to 9600 bps.
- Software transfer control uses X<sub>ON</sub> (CTRL-Q) and X<sub>OFF</sub> (CTRL-S) characters.
- Hardware transfer control uses DTR line.
- Back side port supports only (X<sub>On</sub>/X<sub>Off</sub>) software transfer control.

Send to barcode printer:



Send to barcode printer menu

Keys:

<b>F4 (Label 1)</b>	Prints one label (for the DUT).
<b>F5 (Label 2)</b>	Prints two labels.

Refer to *chapter 8.6.1 Instrument settings* and *Appendix B* for detailed information about barcode systems used when printing barcode labels.



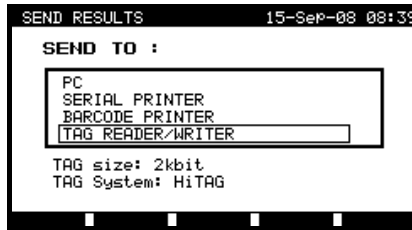
1 tag, barcode system:  
single (top label)  
1 tag, barcode system:  
double (bottom label)

2 tags, barcode system:  
double

2 tags, barcode system:  
single

Examples of DUT labels

Send to RFID tag:



*Send to tag menu*

Keys:

<b>ENTER</b>	Send data to the RFID tag.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to Send results menu.

## 8.5 DATA UPLOAD / DOWNLOAD

Autotests and results from PC software can be uploaded to the instrument from the **Data upload / download menu**. Also the following items can be downloaded and edited or created with PC software and then uploaded onto the instrument:

- Users,
- DUTs,
- Test sites / buildings,
- Locations / rooms.



*Downloading / uploading test data menu*



During the data transfer from the PC to the instrument, the transfer status will be displayed.

Pressing ESC key instrument returns to **Main menu**.

For detailed information on data uploading / downloading refer to help menus of PC software.

## 8.6 SETUP MENU

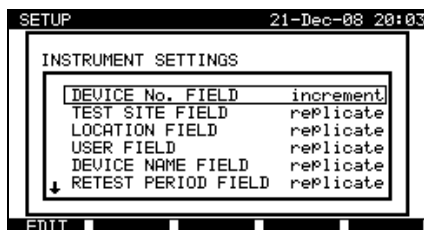
### 8.6.1 Instrument settings

When an autotest is completed, different data about DUT and other associated data can be added to the autotest results before saving them. In the **Instrument settings** submenu (**Setup** in the **PAT TESTING** menu), the settings as to how the data changes between tests can be controlled.

The following data can be controlled between tests:

- DUT number,
- test site,
- location,
- user,
- DUT name,
- retest period
- repairing code,
- comments,
- barcode system.

From the **Main menu**, select **Setup** and then select **Instrument settings** by using **▲** and **▼** cursor keys and press ENTER key to confirm. The **Instrument settings submenu** will be displayed.



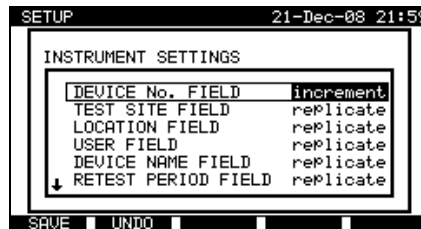
*Instrument settings menu*

Keys:

<b>▲ / ▼</b>	Select the item whose parameter will be changed.
<b>F1 (EDITE)</b>	Highlight the parameter that can be changed.
<b>ENTER</b>	
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to main settings menu.

### Changing the instrument parameter:

The selected parameter is highlighted.



*Modification of selected setting*

Keys:

<b>▲ / ▼</b>	Modify highlighted parameter.
<b>F1 (SAVE)</b>	Saves setting of selected item,
<b>F2 (UNDO)</b>	Recovers currently modified setting.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to main settings menu.

### NOTES:

- If blank is selected for a particular item, then the appropriate field will initially appear blank in the Save results menu.
- If replicate option is selected for a particular item, the last entered data will initially appear in an appropriate field when new autotest sequence is finished.
- The increment option can also be set in the device number field. In this case, the DUT number will be automatically incremented when new autotest sequence is finished.

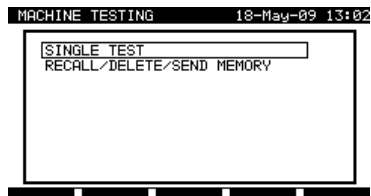
- Special character «\$» between autotest shortcut code and DUT name (ID number) is used to distinguish shortcut code from DUT name.
- Only DUT ID is printed out on the 2<sup>nd</sup> DUT label (power supply cord label).
- Refer to Appendix B for more information about barcode systems.

## 9 MACHINE TESTING OPERATING MODE

The Machine testing operating mode is primarily intended for testing of electrical safety of machines according to the standard IEC/ EN 60204.

After entering the **Machine testing menu** following options are displayed:

Single test menu (see 9.1),  
Memory operations (see 9.2),



*Main menu*

Keys:

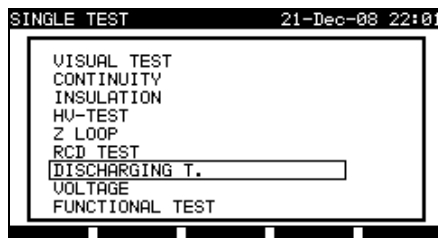
▲ / ▼	Select the operating mode.
<b>ENTER</b>	Enters selected mode.

**NOTE:**

- Press ESC key one or more times to return to Machine testing main menu from any submenu

## 9.1 SINGLE TESTS (MACHINE TESTING) MENU

The measurements and their parameters in this menu are suited for verification of machines.



*Single test menu*

Keys:

▲ / ▼	Select the test / measuring function: < <b>Visual test</b> >, Visual inspections < <b>Continuity test</b> >, Continuity of protective conductors tests. < <b>Insulation</b> >, Insulation resistance. < <b>HV- test</b> >, High Voltage tests. < <b>Z Loop</b> >, Loop impedance tests < <b>RCD test</b> >, Tests of residual current devices < <b>Discharging time</b> >, Discharging time tests < <b>Voltage</b> >, Voltage, frequency and rotary field tests < <b>Functional test</b> >, Functional inspection
<b>ENTER</b>	Enters selected test.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to Main menu.

### NOTE:

- Unlike in PAT testing mode all single test results and parameters can be stored for documentation purposes (view *chapter 12.1* for more information).

## 9.2 MEASUREMENTS AND INSPECTIONS

### 9.2.1 Visual test

Visual check is the most important and effective part of a machine test.

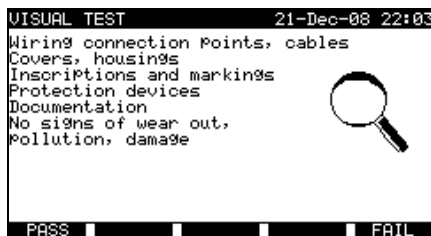
Electrical testing often does not disclose failures that become apparent on visual inspection. A visual check must be carried out before each electrical safety test. Following items should be checked:

- Wiring connection points. Especially PE connections are important!
- Protection covers, housings.
- Inscriptions and markings related to safety must be clearly readable.
- Cable layout, radiuses, isolation.
- Switches, regulators, lamps, keys.
- Parts subjected to wear out.
- Electrical and mechanical protection devices (barriers, switches, fuses, alarms).
- Openings, filters.
- Technical documentation, availability of instructions for use.
- Installation of the DUT must be performed according to the user manuals.

During visual inspection the measuring points for the electrical testing have to be determined too.

Check that there are no signs of:

- Damage,
- Pollution, moisture, dirt that can influence the safety,
- Corrosion,
- Overheating.



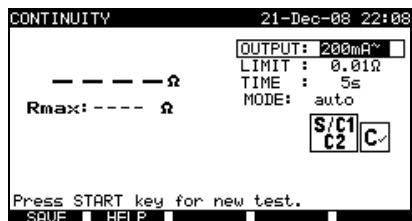
*Visual test menu*

**Visual test procedure:**

- Select the **VISUAL TEST** function.
- Perform visual **inspection** of the machine.
- Commit **PASS** or **FAIL** ticker manually (with PASS (F1), FAIL (F5) keys).
- Save result (optionally) with **SAVE** key

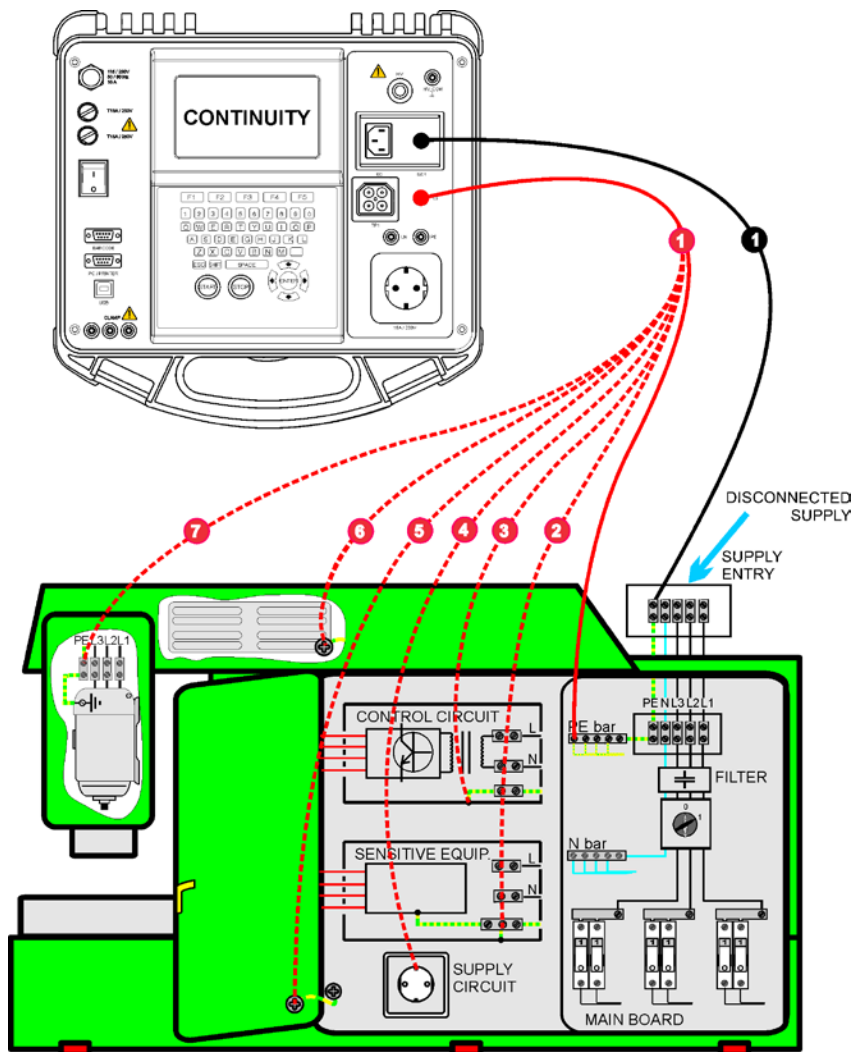
*Examples of visual test measurement results***9.2.2 Continuity**

This test determines that the PE and equipotential connections inside the machine have proper resistance that corresponds to their length and cross-section.

*Continuity menu***Test parameters for Continuity measurement:**

OUTPUT	<b>Test current</b> [200 mA, 10 A]
LIMIT	<b>Maximum resistance</b> [0.01 Ω ÷ 0.09 Ω, 0.1 Ω ÷ 0.9 Ω, 1 Ω ÷ 9 Ω]
TIME	<b>Measuring time</b> [5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 60 s, 120 s]
MODE	<b>Operation mode</b> [single, auto]

Test circuit for Continuity measurement:



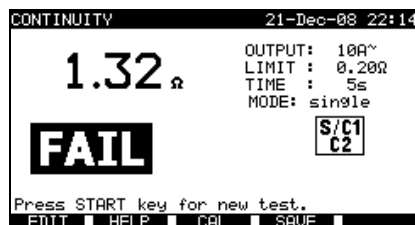
Measurement of continuity of protective conductors of machines

## 9.2.2.1 Single continuity test

In the single continuity test the continuity of individual connections can be determined.

**Continuity measurement procedure:**

- Select the **CONTINUITY** function.
- Set test **parameters**
- Make sure that the test leads are calibrated. **Compensate** them if necessary (See *chapter 9.2.2.3 Compensation of test leads resistance* for more information).
- **Connect** test leads to S/C1 and C2 terminals on the instrument.
- **Connect** test leads to both ends of protective conductor under test.
- Press the **START** key for measurement.
- Press **SAVE** (F4) key for storing the result (optional).



*Examples of continuity measurement results*

Displayed results:

Main result      Continuity

**NOTES:**

- Consider displayed warnings before starting measurement!
- For more information how to calibrate the test leads see *chapter 9.2.2.3*.



### 9.2.2.2 Auto-continuity test

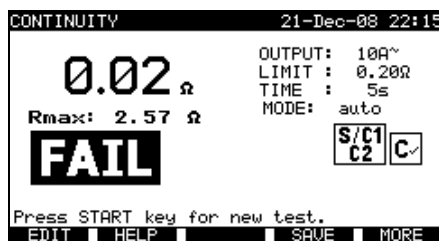
In the auto continuity test mode up to 30 continuity tests can be performed and stored in one step. Additional features are:

- Connection of test leads to a low resistance connections is detected and the measurements starts/ stops automatically,
- Sound warnings are indicating the actual phase of the measurement.
- The autotest is useful if testing large machines with a lot of PE connection points.
- The user does not need to return to the instrument and pressing START/STOP/SAVE keys for each individual measurement. The test can easily be carried out by one person even if testing with long test leads on large machines.

#### **Continuity measurement procedure:**

- Select the **CONTINUITY** function.
- Set test **parameters**.
- Make sure that the test leads are calibrated. Calibrate them if necessary (*See chapter 9.2.2.3 Compensation of test leads resistance for more information*).
- **Connect** test leads to S/C1 and C2 terminals on the instrument.
- Press the **START** key for measurement. The instrument is monitoring for a low resistance between the test leads is detected.
- **Connect** test leads to both ends of the first PE connection under test. The instrument detects (double beep) the low resistance and starts first measurement.
- After the timer elapse the instruments temporarily stores the first result. A sound signal (short beeps) indicates that the first measurement is concluded and temporarily stored. The results displayed in this phase will not be stored.
- **Disconnect** test leads and proceed to the next measuring point (no beep).
- **Connect** test leads to both ends of the second PE connection under test. The instrument detects (double beep) the low resistance and starts second measurement.
- After the timer elapse the instruments temporarily stores the second result. A sound signal (continuous short beeps) indicates that the second measurement is concluded and temporarily stored. The results displayed in this phase will not be stored.

- **Disconnect** test leads and proceed to the next measuring point. (no beep)
- **Connect** test leads to both ends of the last PE connection under test. The instrument detects (double beep) the low resistance and starts last measurement.
- After the timer elapse the instruments temporarily stores the last result. A sound signal (short beeps) indicates that the last measurement is concluded and temporarily stored. The results displayed in this phase will not be stored.
- **Disconnect** test leads (no beep).
- Press **STOP** key to stop the measurement.
- Press **SAVE** (F4) key for storing the result (optional). All temporarily stored results are saved into the instruments memory.

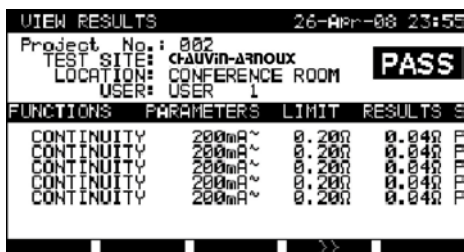


Example of continuity measurement results – normal view

Displayed results:

Main result            actual measured resistance / last measurement result  
 Rmax                    highest measured resistance

By pressing the MORE (F5) key all measured results can be seen.



Examples of continuity resistance measurement results – all results view

Displayed results:

Main result	actual measured resistance
Rmax	highest measured resistance
Subresults (1., 2., ...n)	temporarily stored individual results

By pressing the BACK (F5) key the instrument returns to normal view.

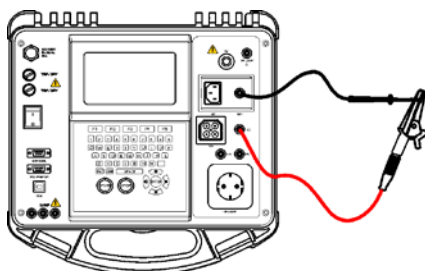
#### NOTES:

- Consider displayed warnings before starting measurement!
- STOP key can be pressed anytime during the measurement. All concluded measurements are internally stored and can be saved to the instrument's memory.

#### 9.2.2.3 Compensation of test leads resistance

Test leads compensation is required to eliminate the influence of test leads resistance and instrument's internal resistance. If a compensation value is stored this is indicated in the message **C✓**.

#### Circuit for compensating the resistance of test leads:



*Shorted test leads*

#### Compensation of test leads resistance procedure:

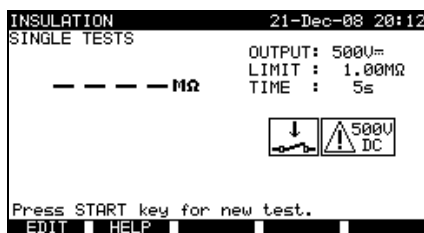
- Select the **CONTINUITY** function
- Select the **Single mode** test
- **Connect** test cable to the instrument and short test leads (see figure above).
- Press the **CAL** (F3) key for measurement.
- If the calibration was performed successfully, 0.00  $\Omega$  is displayed.

**NOTES:**

- $5\ \Omega$  is the limit value for resistance compensation. If the resistance is higher then the calibration value is reset to the default value and the message disappears.
- Both 10 A and 200 mA continuity functions are compensated at the same time.
- The lead compensation is very important to obtain correct result especially if long test leads are used.

**9.2.3 Insulation resistance**

Insulation resistance between live conductors and accessible (earthed or isolated) metal parts is checked. This test discloses faults caused by pollution, moisture, deterioration of insulation metal etc.

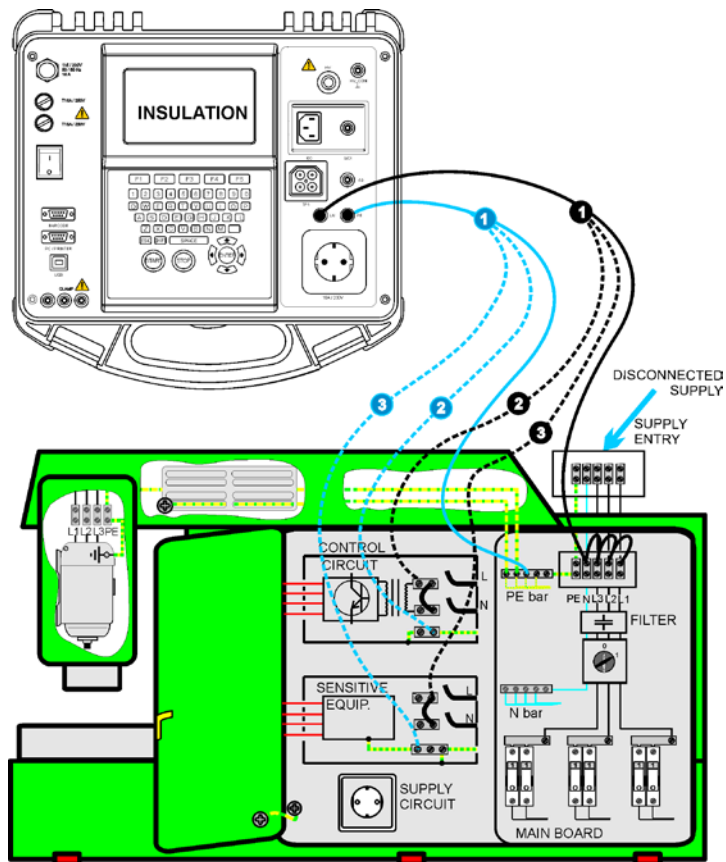


*Insulation resistance menu*

**Test parameters for insulation resistance measurement:**

OUTPUT	<b>Test voltage</b> [250 V, 500 V]
LIMIT (Insulation)	<b>Minimum resistance</b> [0.10 M $\Omega$ , 0.30 M $\Omega$ , 0.50 M $\Omega$ , 1.00 M $\Omega$ , 2.00 M $\Omega$ , 4.0 M $\Omega$ , 7.0 M $\Omega$ , 10.0 M $\Omega$ , none]
TIME	<b>Measuring time</b> [5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 60 s, 120 s]

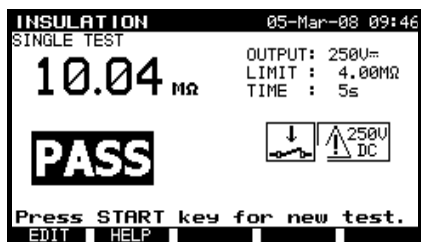
### Test circuits for insulation resistance measurement:



*Measurement of insulation resistance*

### Insulation resistance measurement:

- Select the **Insulation** single test.
- Set test **parameters**
- **Connect** test leads to LN and PE terminals on the instrument.
- **Connect** the LN test lead to the (temporarily connected) L and N terminals of the machine.
- **Connect** the PE test lead to a PE terminal of the machine.
- Press the **START** key for the measurement.
- Press **SAVE** (F4) key for storing the result (optional).



*Examples of insulation resistance measurement results*

Displayed results:

Main result            insulation resistance

#### NOTES:

- The machine under test should be de-energized before the measurement!
- Consider any warning on the display before starting the measurement!
- Care must be taken if machine includes sensitive electrical equipment that could be damaged if to high test voltage would be applied to them.
- In this case the sensitive part should be disconnected from the tested circuitry. Depending on the product standard, they should be tested with an appropriately lower test voltage.
- If surge protection devices are installed the test can be carried out only in a limited manner.
- Do not disconnect the machine under test from the instrument during the measurement or before it is automatically discharged! The message «Discharging...» is displayed while the voltage on DUT is higher than 20V!
- Do not forget to remove the L-N link after the tests.

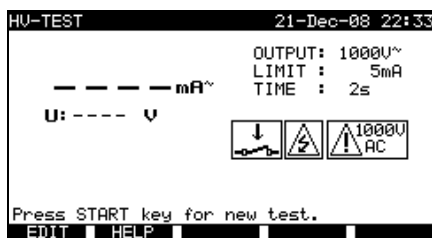
### 9.2.4 High Voltage withstanding test

The High Voltage withstanding test is used to confirm integrity of the insulation materials. During the test the insulation materials in the machine are stressed with a higher voltage than during normal operation. A powerful AC high voltage source is applied between the live/ neutral input terminals and the metal housing of the machine. The instrument trips out if the leakage current exceeds the predefined limit.



## IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTES

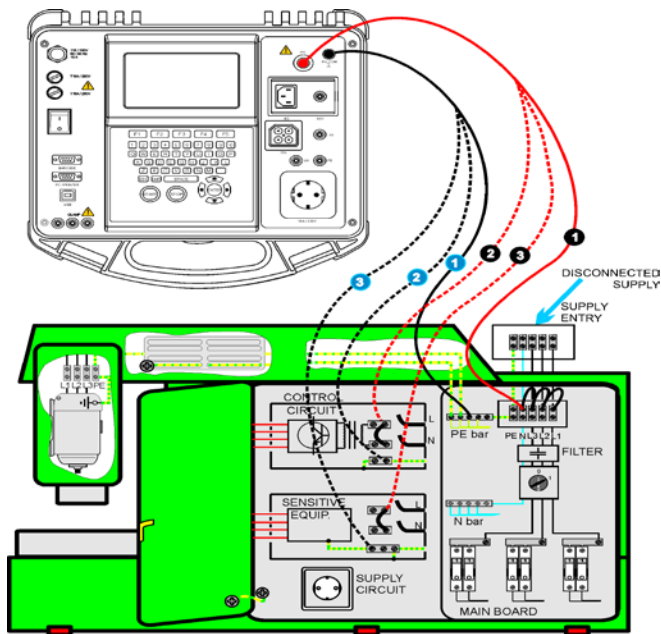
- As a dangerous voltage of over 1000 V AC is applied at the HV instrument outputs special safety consideration must be taken when performing this test!
- Disconnect all unused test leads before starting this measurement; otherwise the instrument can be damaged!
- Only a skilled person familiar with hazardous voltages can perform this measurement!
- Do not perform this test if any damage or abnormality (test leads, instrument) is noted!
- Never touch exposed probe tip, connections equipment under test or any other energized part during the measurements. Make sure that **NOBODY** can contact them either!
- Connect test probes only for the High Voltage test and disconnect them immediately after the test!
- Do not touch any part of test probe in front of the barrier (keep your fingers behind the finger guards on the probe) – possible danger of electric shock!
- Always use lowest possible trip-out current.



*High Voltage withstanding menu*

Test circuit for high voltage withstanding test:

OUTPUT	Test voltage [1000 V]
LIMIT	Trip out current [5 mA, 10 mA, 20 mA, 50 mA, 100 mA, 200 mA]
TIME	Measuring time [5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 60 s, 120 s]

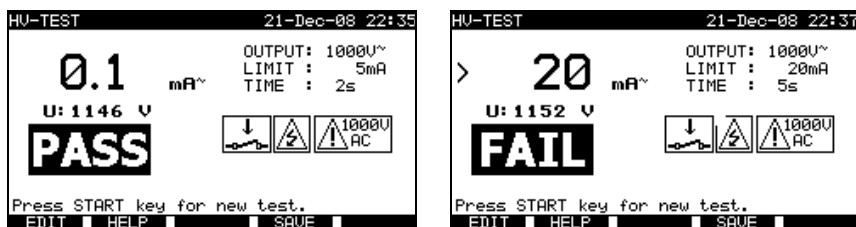
**Test circuit for high voltage withstanding test:***High voltage withstanding test***High voltage withstanding test procedure:**

- Select the **HV-test** single test.
- Set test **parameters**
- **Connect** test leads to HV and HV\_PE terminals on the instrument.
- **Connect** the HV test lead to the L and N terminals of the machine (L and N terminals should be temporarily connected).
- **Connect** the PE test lead to a PE terminal of the machine.
- Press and hold the **START** key for the measurement.
- If the test current exceeds the set trip out current the measurement is stopped immediately.
- The measurement is stopped immediately after the **START** key is released.
- Press **SAVE (F4)** key for storing the result (optional)



**Instructions for using the test probe:**

- Push the button on the probe to unlock the sleeve and touch tested object with test tip (keep the button pushed while the sleeve is not retracted upon few millimeters at least, than release it and retrieve the thumb behind the barrier).
- After the measurement retract the test tip from tested object and sleeve comes automatically over the tip.
- The sleeve locks itself automatically when it fully recovers the tip.



*Examples of high voltage withstanding test results*

Displayed results:

Main result           leakage current

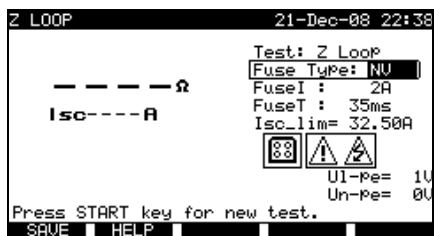
Subresults:           applied voltage

**NOTES:**

- The machine should be de-energized before the measurement!
- Components and devices that are not rated to withstand the test voltage shall be disconnected during the testing.
- Components and devices that have been voltage tested in accordance with their product standards may be disconnected during testing.
- Consider any warning on the display before starting the measurement!
- If HV\_PE test probe is not connected, the test will not be started or will be interrupted. "Test lead disconnected" warning will be displayed.
- Do not forget to remove the L-N links after the tests.

**9.2.5 Loop impedance and prospective fault current**

The instrument measures the impedance of the fault loop and calculates the prospective fault current. The results can be compared to limit values set on base of selected protective circuit breakers or RCDs. The measurement complies with requirements of the standard EN 61557-3.



*Loop impedance menu*

### Test parameters for fault loop impedance measurement:

TEST	Type of test based on installed protective device: [Zloop, Zs(rcd)*, Rs(rcd)*,]
Fuse type	Selection of Fuse type [*F, NV, Gg, B, C, K, D] **

For Zs (L-PE), Zs (rcd),

Fuse I	<b>Rated current</b> of selected fuse.
Fuse T	Maximum <b>breaking time</b> of selected fuse.
Isc_lim	Minimum short circuit <b>current</b> for selected fuse combination.

For Rs (rcd),

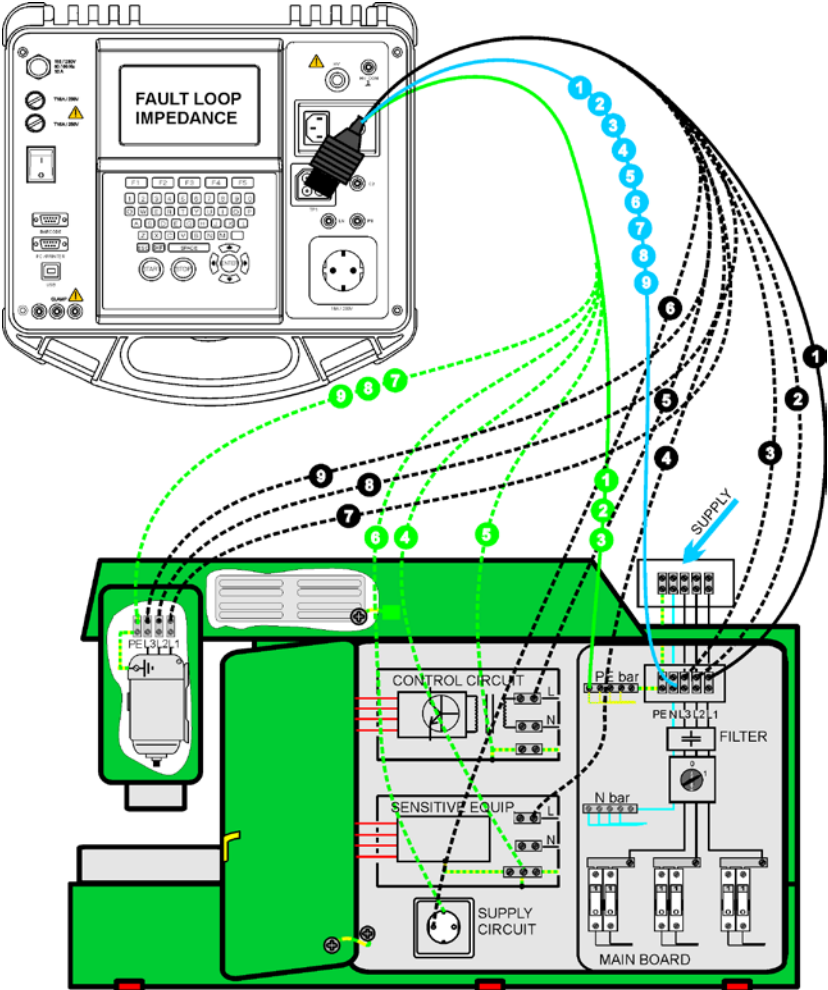
RCD/Fi	Selection of <b>RCD nominal current size</b> [10 mA, 30 mA, 100 mA, 300 mA, 500 mA, 1 000 mA]
R Lim	<b>Limit</b> resistance value for selected RCD nominal current.

See Appendix C for reference fuse data.

\* Zs (rcd) and Rs (rcd) tests will NOT trip-out the RCD in RCD protected machine/ installation.

\*\* «\*F» means no fuse selected.

Test circuit for fault loop impedance measurement:



Measurement of fault loop impedance

**Fault loop impedance measurement procedure:**

- Select the **Z LOOP** single test.
- Set test **parameters**.
- **Connect** the three wire test lead to the TP1 port on the instrument.
- **Connect** the three wire test lead to L, N and PE terminals of the machine.
- Press the **START** key for the measurement.
- Press **SAVE** (F4) for storing the result (optional).



*Examples of fault loop impedance measurement results*

Displayed results:

Main result	Fault loop impedance,
ISC	Prospective fault current,
UI-pe	Voltage UL-PE
Un-pe	Voltage UN-PE

Prospective fault current ISC is calculated from measured impedance as follows:

$$I_{SC} = \frac{Un \times k_{SC}}{Z}$$

where:

Un	Nominal U <sub>L,PE</sub> voltage (see table below),
k <sub>sc</sub>	Correction factor for I <sub>sc</sub> (see chapter 4.4.2).

$U_n$	Input voltage (L-PE)
115 V	$(100 \text{ V} \leq U_{L-PE} < 160 \text{ V})$
230 V	$(160 \text{ V} \leq U_{L-PE} \leq 264 \text{ V})$

**NOTES:**

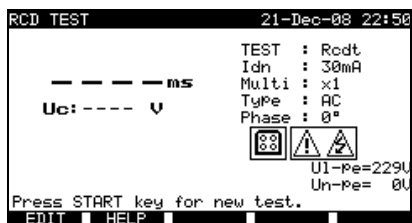
- The Z LOOP test may trip out the RCD in RCD-protected electrical installation.
- The fault loop impedance is measured between L and PE connection points of machine's loads. Result is compared with  $I_a$  of belonging disconnection devices (fuses, breakers).

**9.2.6 RCD tests**

Various test and measurements are required for verification of RCD(s) in RCD protected machines. Measurements are complies to the EN 61557-6 standard.

The following measurements and tests (sub-functions) can be performed:

- Contact voltage,
- Trip-out time,
- Trip-out current,
- RCD autotest.



*RCD test menu*

**Test parameters for RCD test and measurement:**

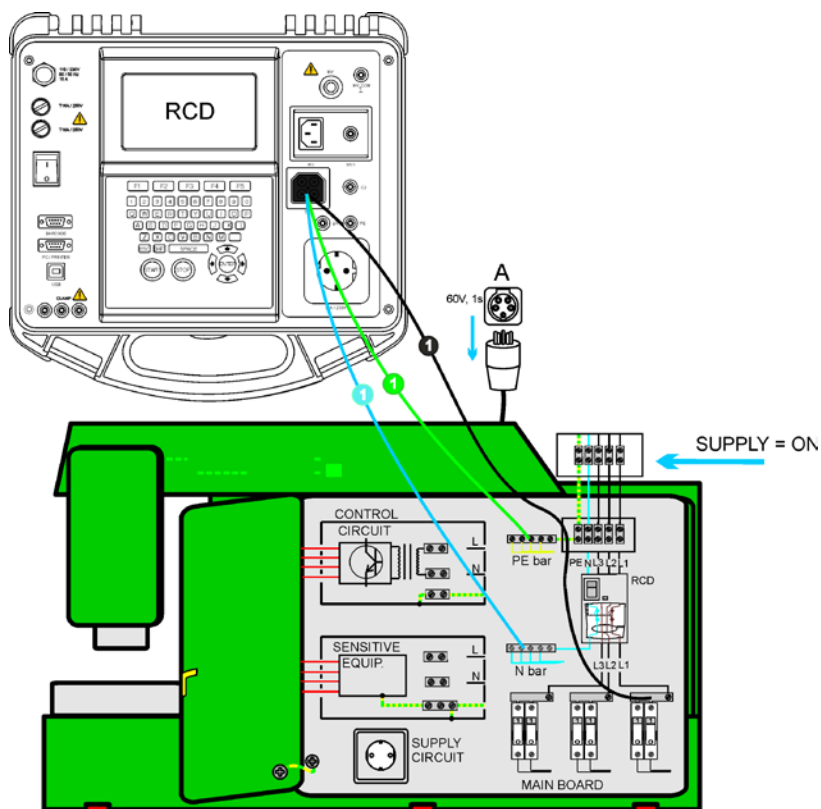
TEST	RCD <b>sub-function</b> test [Tripout time t, Uc, AUTO, Tripout current].
Idn	<b>Rated</b> RCD residual current sensitivity $I_{\Delta N}$ [10 mA, 30 mA, 100 mA, 300 mA, 500 mA, 1000 mA].
Multi	<b>Multiplier</b> of Idn [ $\frac{1}{2}$ , 1, 2, 5].
Type	RCD <b>type</b> [AC, A, AC_S, A_S]
Phase	Starting <b>phase</b> [0°, 180°].

The instrument is intended for testing of general (non-delayed) and Selective (time-delayed) RCDs, which are suited for:

- Alternating residual current (AC type) ;
- Pulsating residual current (A type).

Time delayed RCDs have delayed response characteristics. The contact voltage pre-test can influence the trip out time of time delayed RCDs therefore a delay of 30 s is inserted before performing the trip-out test.

### Test circuit TCD tests:



*RCD tests (machine testing)*

#### 9.2.6.1 Contact voltage (RCD-U<sub>c</sub>)

The contact voltage test verifies that RCDs and earthing arrangement are effective. The contact voltage is measured with a test current lower than  $\frac{1}{2} I_{\Delta N}$  to avoid trip-out of the RCD and then normalized to the rated  $I_{\Delta N}$ .

**Contact voltage measurement procedure:**

- Select the **RCD Uc** test.
- Set test **parameters**.
- **Connect** three wire test lead to the TP1 test port on the instrument.
- **Connect** the three wire test lead to L, N (downstream of the RCD) and PE terminals of the machine.
- Press the **START** key for the measurement.
- Press **SAVE** (F4) key for storing the result (optional).

The displayed contact voltage is proportional to the rated nominal residual current of the RCD and multiplied by appropriate factor. The 1.05 factor is applied to avoid negative tolerance of result. An additional factor depends on RCD type and type of test current. See table below for detailed contact voltage calculation.

RCD type		Contact voltage Uc proportional to	Rated $I_{\Delta N}$
AC	G	$1.05 \times I_{\Delta N}$	Any
AC	S	$2 \times 1.05 \times I_{\Delta N}$	
A	G	$1.4 \times 1.05 \times I_{\Delta N}$	$\geq 30$ mA
A	S	$2 \times 1.4 \times 1.05 \times I_{\Delta N}$	
A	G	$2 \times 1.05 \times I_{\Delta N}$	$< 30$ mA
A	S	$2 \times 2 \times 1.05 \times I_{\Delta N}$	

*Relationship between Uc and  $I_{\Delta N}$* 

Loop resistance result is indicative and calculated from Uc result (without additional proportional factors) according to following equation:

$$R_L = \frac{U_C}{I_{\Delta N}}$$

*Example of contact voltage measurement results*

Displayed results:

Main result	Contact voltage.
RI	Fault loop resistance.
UI-pe	Voltage UL-PE
Un-pe	Voltage UN-PE



### 9.2.6.2 Trip out time (RCD t)

Trip-out time measurement verifies the sensitivity of an RCD, at different test currents.

#### Trip out time measurement procedure:

- Select the **RCD t** single test.
- Set test **parameters**.
- **Connect** three wire test lead to the TP1 test port on the instrument.
- **Connect** the three wire test lead to L, N (downstream of the RCD) and PE terminals of the machine.
- Press the **START** key for the measurement.
- Press **SAVE** (F4) key for storing the result (optional).



Example of RCD trip out time measurement results

Displayed results:

Main result      Trip-out time,  
Uc                    Contact voltage for rated  $I_{\Delta N}$ .

#### NOTE:

- The RCD t test will trip the RCD. Assure that the instrument is not powered from a socket protected by the tested RCD.

### 9.2.6.3 Trip out current (RCD I)

A continuously rising residual current is intended for testing the threshold sensitivity for RCD trip-out. The instrument increases the test current in small steps through appropriate range as follows:

RCD type	Slope range		Waveform
	Start value	End value	
AC	$0.2 \times I_{\Delta N}$	$1.1 \times I_{\Delta N}$	Sine
A ( $I_{\Delta N} \geq 30 \text{ mA}$ )	$0.2 \times I_{\Delta N}$	$1.5 \times I_{\Delta N}$	Pulsed
A ( $I_{\Delta N} = 10 \text{ mA}$ )	$0.2 \times I_{\Delta N}$	$2.2 \times I_{\Delta N}$	

Maximum test current is  $I_{\Delta}$  (trip-out current) or end value in case the RCD didn't trip-out.

#### Trip out current measurement procedure:

- Select the **RCD I** single test.
- Set test **parameters**.
- **Connect** three wire test lead to the TP1 test port on the instrument.
- **Connect** the three wire test lead to L, N (downstream of the RCD) and PE terminals of the machine.
- Press the **START** key for the measurement.
- Press **SAVE** (F4) key for storing the result (optional).



#### Examples of RCD trip out current measurement results

Displayed results:

Main result	Trip-out current,
t	Trip out time at ID
Uc	Contact voltage at trip-out current ID, or end value in case the RCD didn't trip.
UI-pe	Voltage UL-PE
Un-pe	Voltage UN-PE

#### NOTE:

- The RCD I test will trip the RCD. Assure that the instrument is not powered from a socket protected by the tested RCD.

## 9.2.6.4 RCD Autotest

RCD autotest function is intended to perform a complete RCD test and measurement of all safety parameters (contact voltage, fault loop resistance and trip-out time at different residual currents) in one set of automatic tests, guided by the instrument.

**RCD autotest procedure:**

RCD Autootest steps	Notes
Select the RCD single test.	
Set RCD AUTO test.	
Set test parameters.	
Connect three wire test lead to the TP1 test port on the instrument.	
Connect the three wire test lead to L, N (downstream of the RCD) and PE terminals of the machine.	
Press the START key.	Start of test
Test with $I_{\Delta N}$ , $0^\circ$ (step 1).	RCD should trip-out
Re-activate RCD.	
Test with $I_{\Delta N}$ , $180^\circ$ (step 2).	RCD should trip-out
Re-activate RCD.	
Test with $5 \times I_{\Delta N}$ , $0^\circ$ (step 3).	RCD should trip-out
Re-activate RCD.	
Test with $5 \times I_{\Delta N}$ , $180^\circ$ (step 4).	RCD should trip-out
Test with $\frac{1}{2} I_{\Delta N}$ , $0^\circ$ (step 5).	RCD should not trip-out
Test with $\frac{1}{2} I_{\Delta N}$ , $180^\circ$ (step 6).	RCD should not trip-out End of test
Press SAVE (F4) key for storing the result (optional).	

Result examples:

```

RCD TEST                21-Dec-08 23:00
TEST : Auto
Idn : 300mA
Type : AC
Ulim : 50V
IΔN x1 0°      32 ms
IΔN x1 180°    32 ms
IΔN x5 0°      19 ms
IΔN x5 180°    19 ms
IΔN x½ 0°      > 300 ms
IΔN x½ 180°   > 300 ms
Uc : 5 V
UI-Pe=109V
Un-Pe=107V
SWITCH ON RCD
SAVE HELP

```

Step 1

```

RCD TEST                21-Dec-08 23:00
TEST : Auto
Idn : 300mA
Type : AC
Ulim : 50V
IΔN x1 0°      32 ms
IΔN x1 180°    32 ms
IΔN x5 0°      19 ms
IΔN x5 180°    19 ms
IΔN x½ 0°      > 300 ms
IΔN x½ 180°   > 300 ms
Uc : 5 V
UI-Pe=109V
Un-Pe=107V
SWITCH ON RCD
SAVE HELP

```

Step 2

```

RCD TEST                21-Dec-08 23:01
TEST : Auto
Idn : 300mA
Type : AC
Ulim : 50V
IΔN x1 0°      32 ms
IΔN x1 180°    32 ms
IΔN x5 0°      19 ms
IΔN x5 180°    19 ms
IΔN x½ 0°      > 300 ms
IΔN x½ 180°   > 300 ms
Uc : 6 V
UI-Pe=109V
Un-Pe=108V
SWITCH ON RCD
SAVE HELP

```

Step 3

```

RCD TEST                21-Dec-08 23:01
TEST : Auto
Idn : 300mA
Type : AC
Ulim : 50V
IΔN x1 0°      32 ms
IΔN x1 180°    32 ms
IΔN x5 0°      19 ms
IΔN x5 180°    19 ms
IΔN x½ 0°      > 300 ms
IΔN x½ 180°   > 300 ms
Uc : 5 V
UI-Pe=109V
Un-Pe=108V
SWITCH ON RCD
SAVE HELP

```

Step 4

```

RCD TEST                21-Dec-08 23:01
TEST : Auto
Idn : 300mA
Type : AC
Ulim : 50V
IΔN x1 0°      32 ms
IΔN x1 180°    32 ms
IΔN x5 0°      19 ms
IΔN x5 180°    19 ms
IΔN x½ 0°      > 300 ms
IΔN x½ 180°   > 300 ms
Uc : 5 V
UI-Pe=109V
Un-Pe=108V
SWITCH ON RCD
SAVE HELP

```

Step 5

```

RCD TEST                21-Dec-08 23:02
TEST : Auto
Idn : 300mA
Type : AC
Ulim : 50V
IΔN x1 0°      32 ms
IΔN x1 180°    32 ms
IΔN x5 0°      19 ms
IΔN x5 180°    19 ms
IΔN x½ 0°      > 300 ms
IΔN x½ 180°   > 300 ms
Uc : 5 V
UI-Pe=232V
Un-Pe= 80V
Press START key for new test.
EDIT HELP SAVE

```

Step 6

## Individual steps in RCD autotest

Displayed results:

$I_{\Delta N} \times 1 \ 0^\circ$	Step 1 trip-out time ( $I_{\Delta N}, 0^\circ$ );
$I_{\Delta N} \times 1 \ 180^\circ$	Step 2 trip-out time ( $I_{\Delta N}, 180^\circ$ );
$I_{\Delta N} \times 1 \ 0^\circ$	Step 3 trip-out time ( $5 \times I_{\Delta N}, 0^\circ$ );
$I_{\Delta N} \times 5 \ 180^\circ$	Step 4 trip-out time ( $5 \times I_{\Delta N}, 180^\circ$ );
$I_{\Delta N} \times \frac{1}{2} \ 0^\circ$	Step 5 trip-out time ( $\frac{1}{2} \times I_{\Delta N}, 0^\circ$ );
$I_{\Delta N} \times \frac{1}{2} \ 180^\circ$	Step 6 trip-out time ( $\frac{1}{2} \times I_{\Delta N}, 180^\circ$ );
Uc	Contact voltage for rated $I_{\Delta N}$ ;
UI-pe	Voltage UL-PE;
Un-pe	Voltage UN-PE.

**NOTES:**

- The autotest sequence is immediately stopped if any incorrect condition is detected, e.g. excessive  $U_c$  or trip-out time out of limits.
- The RCD t test will trip the RCD. Assure that the instrument is not powered from a socket protected by the tested RCD.

**9.2.7 Discharging Time**

If large capacitors in machines are disconnected from supply there is often a remaining (residual) charge on internal machine components. Live parts having a residual voltage greater than 60 V after the supply has been disconnected, shall be discharged to 60 V or less within a time period of 5 s after disconnection of the supply.

For plugs or similar devices with exposed conductors (for example pins) if plugged out the discharge time shall be discharged to 60 V or less within a time period of 1 s after disconnection of the supply.

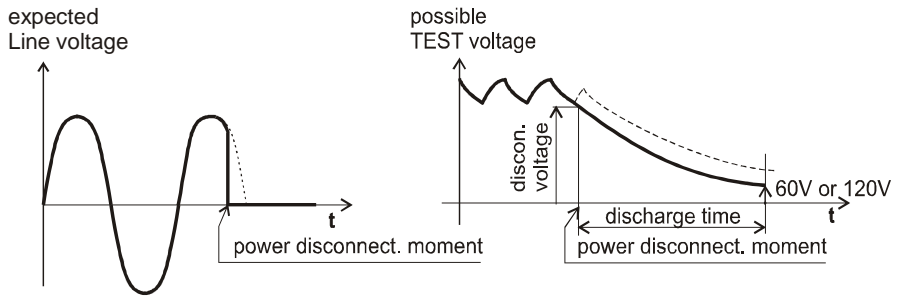
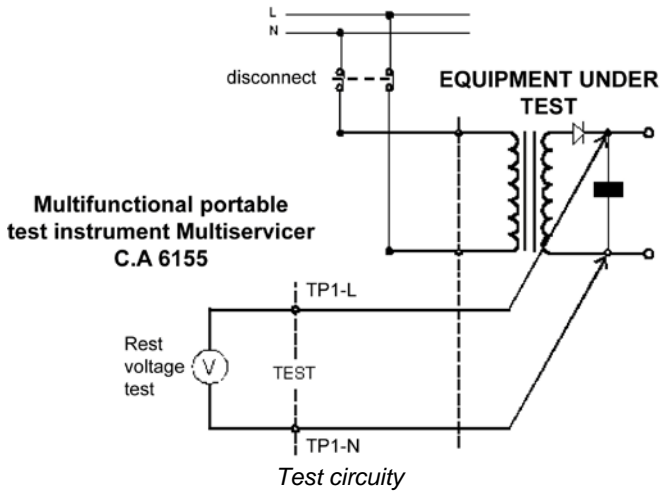
**Measuring principle:**

The test leads are connected to terminals where residual voltage is to be measured. The machine is switched ON, the voltage on terminals can be of a.c. or d.c. type.

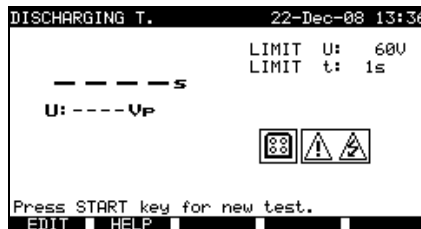
**Phase 1:** The instrument monitors the voltage and internally stores the peak voltage value.

**Phase 2:** The machine is disconnected from the power supply and the voltage at the test terminals starts to fall. Once the voltage falls for 10 V the instrument starts the timer.

**Phase 3:** After the voltage drops below an internally calculated voltage value the timer is stopped. The instrument recalculates the measured time to a value as it would be if the disconnection occurred at the maximum voltage value.



Measured voltage

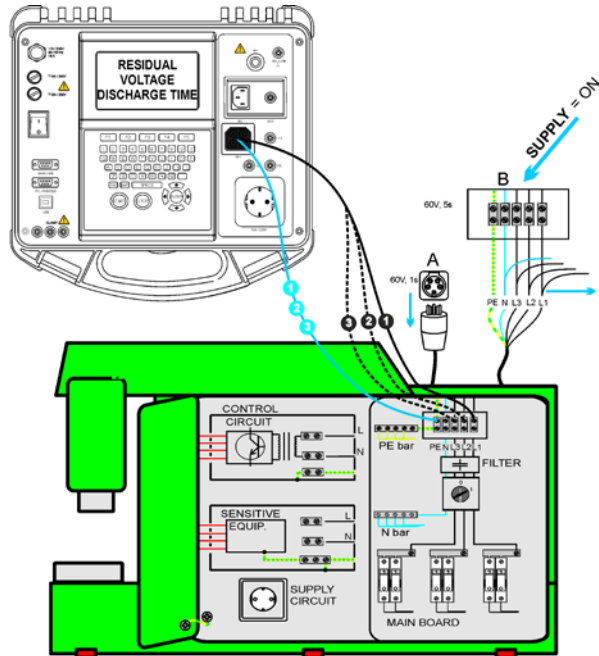


Discharging time menu

**Test parameters for Discharging Time:**

Limit U	<b>Rated</b> maximal residual voltage [60 V].
Limit t	<b>Rated</b> maximal discharging time [1 s, 5 s].

**Test circuit for Discharging Time test:**



*Discharging time test*

**Trip out current measurement procedure:**

- Select the **Discharging Time** single test.
- Set test **parameters**.
- **Connect** three wire test cable to the TP1 test port on the instrument.
- **Connect** L and N wires of the three wire test cable to terminals to be tested.
- Press the **START** key to start the measurement.
- **Wait** until "Ready" is displayed
- **Disconnect** the machine. "Wait" is displayed until the residual voltage drops below 60 V. If the voltage at disconnection moment is too low to get an accurate result "Repeat" is displayed. The measurement must be repeated
- Press **SAVE** (F4) key for storing the result (optional).

**Interpretation of the « Repeat » message:**

It is not possible to differentiate between a disconnection moment at very low voltage and a machine with a very low discharging time. In both cases the reading will be 0.0 s together with the "Repeat" warning. If after few repetitions the result is always 0.0 s with the "Repeat" message it can be considered as a valid 0.0 s result. A 0.0 s reading without the "Repeat" message is a valid result.



*The 0.0 s and Repeat message*



*Examples of discharging time measurement results*



Displayed results:

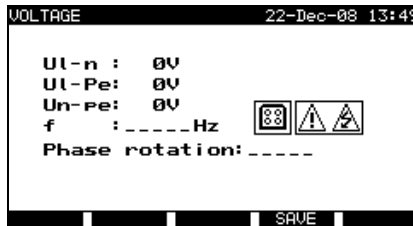
Main result      Discharging time,  
U                    Peak voltage value

**NOTE:**

- Consider any displayed warning before starting the test!

## 9.2.8 Voltage

Voltages and their frequency are measured in this menu. If a three-phase rotary field is detected its direction is displayed. The phase sequence measurement conforms to the EN 61557-7 standard.

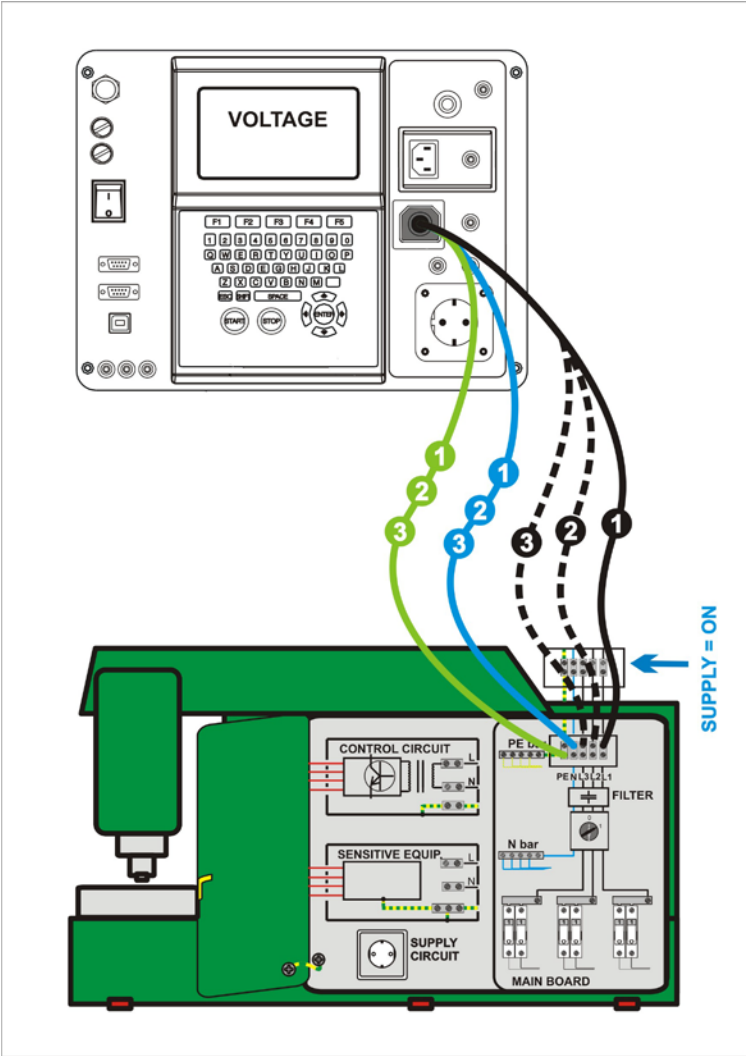


*Voltage menu*

### Test parameters for Voltage single test

There are no parameters to be set in this function.

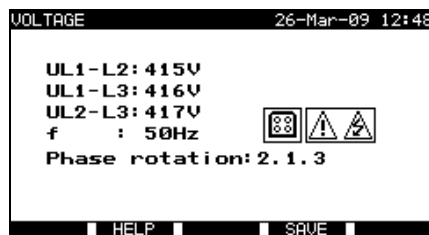
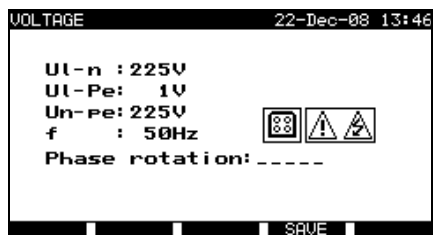
Test circuit for Voltage test:



Voltage test

**Voltage and rotary filed measurement procedure:**

- Select the **Voltage** single test.
- The measurement starts immediately after entering in the Voltage menu.
- **Connect** three wire test cable to the TP1 test port on the instrument.
- **Connect** L and N and PE wires of the three wire test cable to terminals to be tested (L, N, PE for single phase and L1, L2, L3 for three phase systems)
- Press **SAVE** (F4) key for storing the result (optional).



*Examples of voltage measurement results*

Displayed results for single phase system:

Ul-n Voltage between phase and neutral conductors,  
 Ul-pe Voltage between phase and protective conductors,  
 Un-pe Voltage between neutral and protective conductors,  
 f frequency.

Displayed results for three-phase system:

UL1-L2 Voltage between phases L1 and L2,  
 UL1-L3 Voltage between phases L1 and L3,  
 UL2-L3 Voltage between phases L2 and L3,  
 1.2.3 Correct connection – CW rotation sequence,  
 2.1.3 Invalid connection – CCW rotation sequence,  
 f frequency.

**NOTE:**

- Consider any displayed warning before starting test!

## 9.2.9 Functional test

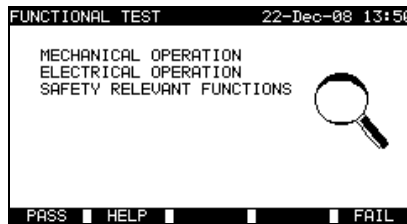
In its simplest form a functional check is simply a check to ensure that the machine is working properly.

### Scope of test

Check following items while the machine is operating:

- Temperature regulators, monitors,
- RCDs and other disconnection devices,
- Operation of functional disconnecting devices,
- Operation of switches, lamps, keys,
- Rotating parts, motors, pumps,
- Power consumption,
- Etc.

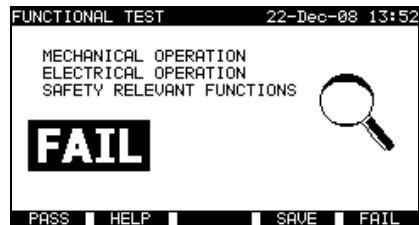
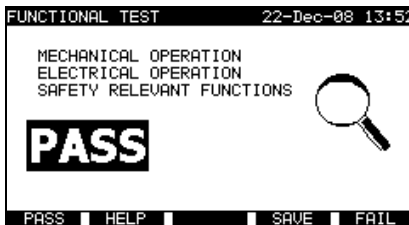
Especially safety relevant functions should be checked.



*Functional test menu*

### Functional test procedure:

- Select the **Functional test** function.
- Perform **visual inspection** of the machine.
- Commit **PASS** (F1) or **FAIL** (F5) ticker manually.
- Save result with **SAVE** (F4) key (optional).



*Examples of functional test results*

## 10 SWITCHGEAR TESTING OPERATING MODE

The Switchgear testing operating mode is primarily intended for testing of electrical safety of switchgear according to the standard IEC/ EN 60439.

After entering the **Switchgear testing menu** following options are displayed:



Single test menu (see 10.1),  
Memory operations (see 12.1)

*Main menu*

Keys:

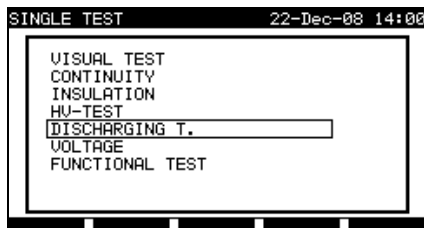
▲ / ▼	Select the operating mode;
ENTER	Enters selected mode.

**NOTE:**

- Press ESC key one or more times to return to Switchgear testing main menu testing from any submenu

### 10.1 SINGLE TESTS (SWITCHGEAR TESTING) MENU

The measurements and their parameters in this menu are suited for verification of switchgears.



*Single test menu*

Keys:

▲ / ▼	Select the test / measuring function: < <b>Visual test</b> >, Visual inspections. < <b>Continuity test</b> >, Continuity of protective conductors tests. < <b>Insulation</b> >, Insulation resistance. < <b>HV-test</b> >, High Voltage tests. < <b>Discharging time</b> >, Discharging time tests. < <b>Voltage</b> >, Voltage, frequency and rotary field tests. < <b>Functional test</b> >, Functional inspection.
<b>ENTER</b>	Enters selected test.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to Main menu.

**NOTE:**

- Unlike in PAT testing mode all single test results and parameters can be stored for documentation purposes (see *chapter 12.1* for more information).

## 10.2 MEASUREMENTS AND INSPECTIONS

### 10.2.1 Visual test

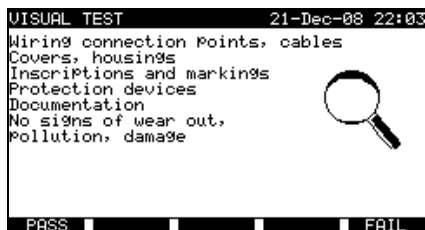
Visual check is the most important and effective part of a switchgear test. Electrical testing often does not disclose failures that become apparent on visual inspection. A visual check must be carried out before each electrical safety test. Following items should be checked:

- Wiring connection points,
- Protection covers, housings,
- Inscriptions and markings especially that related to safety,
- Cables (layout, radiuses, isolation),
- Switches, regulators, lamps, keys,
- Electrical and mechanical protection devices (barriers, switches, fuses, alarms),
- Technical documentation.

During visual inspection the measuring points for the electrical testing have to be determined too.

Check that there are no signs of

- Damage,
- Pollution, moisture, dirt that can jeopardize safety,
- Corrosion,
- Overheating.



*Visual test menu*

#### Visual test procedure:

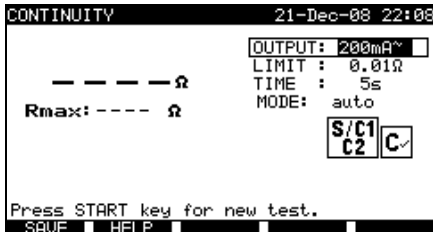
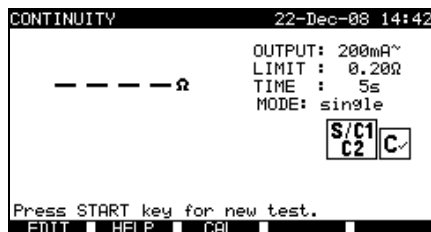
- Select the VISUAL TEST function.
- Perform visual inspection of the machine.
- Commit PASS or FAIL ticker manually (with PASS (F1), FAIL (F5) keys).
- Save result (optionally) with SAVE key



*Examples of visual test measurement results*

## 10.2.2 Continuity

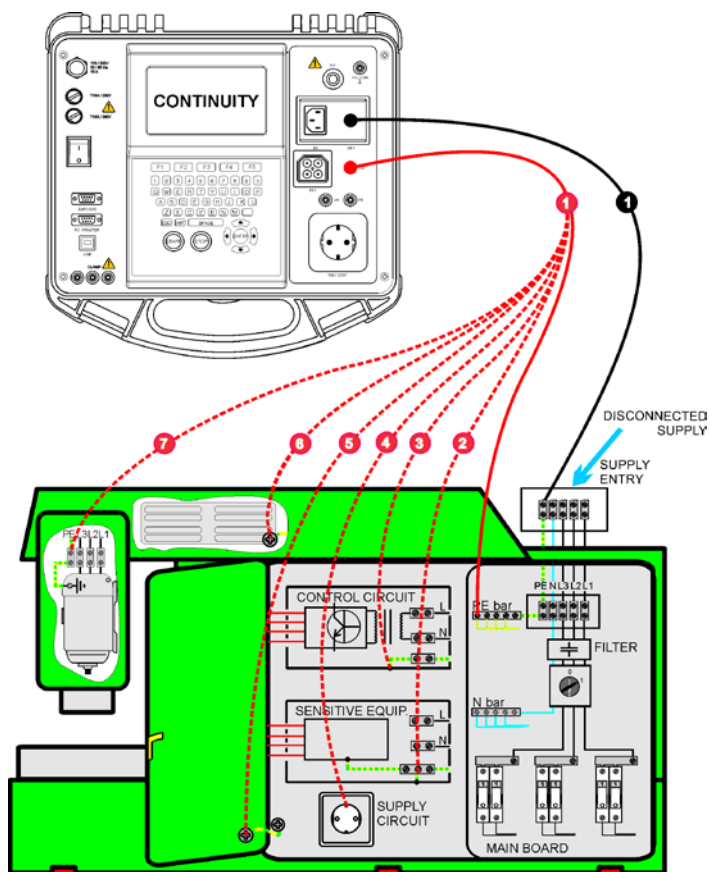
This test determines that the PE and equipotential connections inside the switchboard have a proper resistance that corresponds to their length and cross-section.



*Continuity menus*

**Test parameters for Continuity measurement:**

OUTPUT	<b>Test current</b> [200 mA, 10 A]
LIMIT	<b>Maximum resistance</b> [0.01 $\Omega$ ÷ 0.09 $\Omega$ , 0.1 $\Omega$ ÷ 0.9 $\Omega$ , 1 $\Omega$ ÷ 9 $\Omega$ ]
TIME	<b>Measuring time</b> [5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 60 s, 120 s, 180 s]
MODE	<b>Operation mode</b> [single, auto]

**Test circuit for Continuity measurement:**

*Measurement of continuity of protective conductors of switchboards*

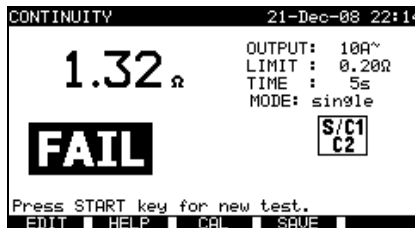
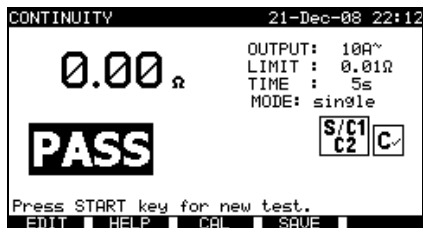


### 10.2.2.1 Single continuity test

In the single continuity test the continuity of individual connections can be determined.

#### Continuity measurement procedure:

- Select the **CONTINUITY** function.
- Set test **parameters**
- Make sure that the test leads are calibrated. Calibrate them if necessary (See *chapter 10.2.2.3 Compensation of test leads resistance* for more information).
- **Connect** test leads to S/C1 and C2 terminals on the instrument.
- **Connect** test leads to both ends of protective conductor under test.
- Press the **START** key for measurement.
- Press **SAVE** (F4) key for storing the result (optional).



*Examples of continuity measurement results*

Displayed results:

Main result            Continuity

#### NOTES:

- Consider displayed warnings before starting measurement!
- For more information how to calibrate the test leads see *chapter 10.2.2.3*.

### 10.2.2.2 Auto-continuity test

In the auto continuity test mode up to 30 continuity tests can be performed and stored in one step. Additional features are:

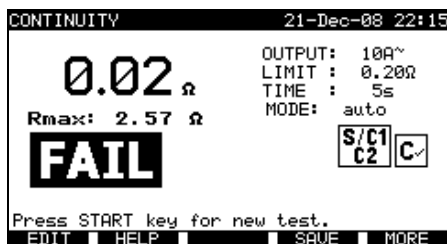
- Connection of test leads to a low resistance connections is detected and the measurements starts/ stops automatically,
- Sound warnings are indicating the actual phase of the measurement.

- The autotest is useful if testing large switchboards with a lot of PE connection points.
- The user does not need to return to the instrument and pressing START/STOP/SAVE keys for each individual measurement. The test can easily be carried out by one person even if testing with long test leads on large switchboards.

**Continuity measurement procedure:**

- Select the **CONTINUITY** function.
- Set test **parameters**.
- Make sure that the test leads are calibrated. Calibrate them if necessary (See *chapter 10.2.2.3 Compensation of test leads resistance* for more information).
- **Connect** test leads to S/C1 and C2 terminals on the instrument.
- Press the **START** key for measurement. The instrument is monitoring for a low resistance between the test leads is detected.
- **Connect** test leads to both ends of the first PE connection under test. The instrument detects (double beep) the low resistance and starts first measurement.
- After the timer elapse the instruments temporarily stores the first result. A sound signal (short beeps) indicates that the first measurement is concluded and temporarily stored. The results displayed in this phase will not be stored.
- **Disconnect** test leads and proceed to the next measuring point (**no beep**).
- **Connect** test leads to both ends of the second PE connection under test. The instrument detects (double beep) the low resistance and starts second measurement.
- After the timer elapse the instruments temporarily stores the second result. A sound signal (continuous short beeps) indicates that the second measurement is concluded and temporarily stored. The results displayed in this phase will not be stored.
- **Disconnect** test leads and proceed to the next measuring point. (no beep)
- **Connect** test leads to both ends of tested PE. The instrument detects (double beep) the low resistance and starts last measurement.

- After the timer elapse the instruments temporarily stores the last result. A sound signal (short beeps) indicates that the last measurement is concluded and temporarily stored. The results displayed in this phase will not be stored.
- **Disconnect** test leads (**no beep**).
- Press **STOP** key to stop the measurement.
- Press **SAVE** (F4) key for storing the result (optional). All temporarily stored results are saved into the instruments memory.

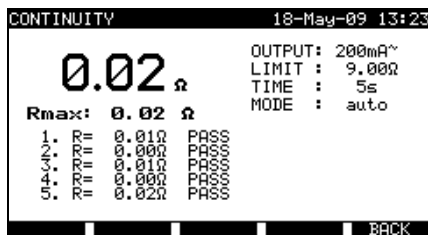


*Example of continuity measurement results – normal view*

Displayed results:

Main result            actual measured resistance / last measurement result  
 Rmax                    highest measured resistance

By pressing the MORE (F5) key all measured results can be seen.



*Examples of continuity resistance measurement results – all results view*

Displayed results:

Main result            actual measured resistance  
 Rmax                    highest measured resistance  
 Subresults (1., 2., ...n)    temporarily stored individual results

By pressing the BACK (F5) the instrument returns to normal view.

**NOTES:**

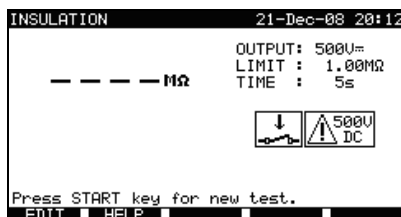
- Consider displayed warnings before starting measurement!
- STOP key can be pressed anytime during the measurement. All concluded measurements are internally stored and can be saved to the instrument's memory.

**10.2.2.3 Compensation of test leads resistance**

Test leads compensation is required to eliminate the influence of test leads resistance and instrument's internal resistance. If a compensation value is stored this is indicated in the message. Refer to *chapter 9.2.2.3 Compensation of test resistance* for more information.

**10.2.3 Insulation resistance**

Insulation resistance between live conductors and accessible (earthed or isolated) metal parts is checked. This test discloses faults caused by pollution, moisture, deterioration of insulation metal etc.

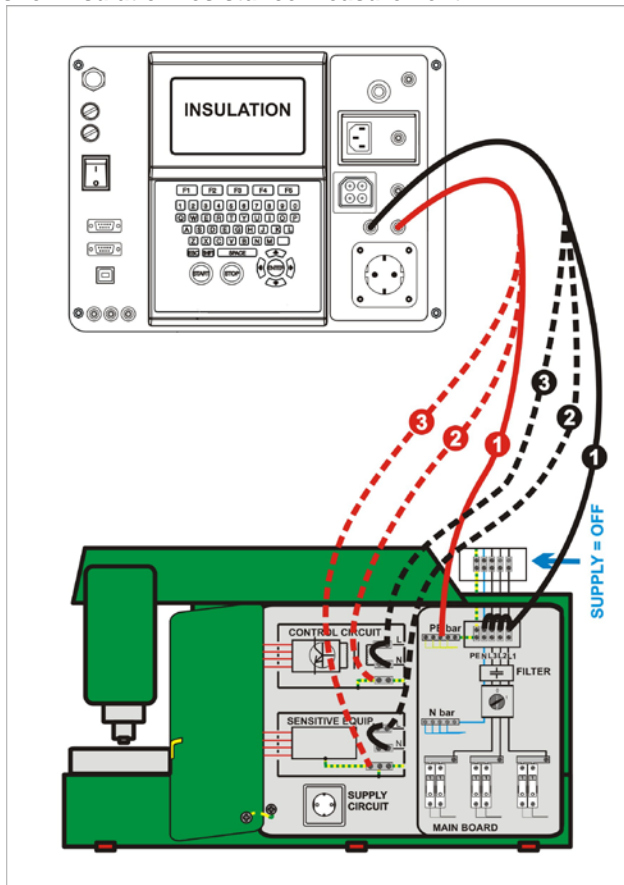


*Insulation resistance menu*

**Test parameters for insulation resistance measurement:**

OUTPUT	<b>Test voltage</b> [250 V, 500 V]
LIMIT (insulation)	<b>Minimum resistance</b> [0.10 MΩ, 0.30 MΩ, 0.50 MΩ, 1.00 MΩ, 2.00 MΩ, 4.0 MΩ, 7.0 MΩ, 10.0 MΩ, none]
TIME	<b>Measuring time</b> [2 s, 3 s, 5 s, 10 s, 30 s]

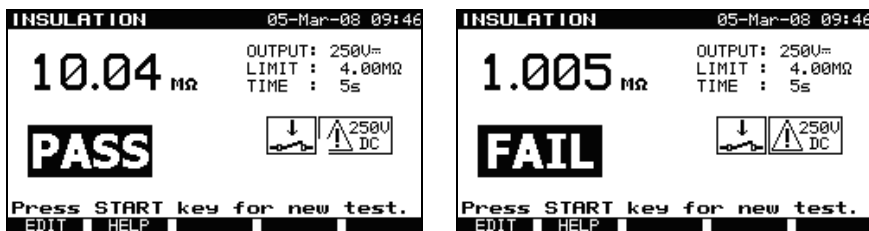
### Test circuits for insulation resistance measurement:



*Measurement of insulation resistance*

### Insulation resistance measurement:

- Select the **Insulation** single test.
- Set test **parameters**.
- **Connect** test leads to LN and PE terminals on the instrument.
- **Connect** the LN test lead to the (temporarily connected) L and N terminals of the switchboard.
- **Connect** the PE test lead to a PE terminal of the switchboard.
- Press the **START** key for the measurement.
- Press **SAVE** (F4) key for storing the result (optional).



*Examples of insulation resistance measurement results*

#### NOTES:

- The switchboard under test should be de-energized before the measurement!
- Consider any warning on the display before starting the measurement!
- Care must be taken if switchboard includes sensitive electrical equipment that could be damaged if too high test voltage would be applied to them.
- In this case the sensitive part should be disconnected from the tested circuitry. Depending on the product standard, they should be tested with an appropriately lower test voltage.
- If surge protection devices are installed the test can be carried out only in a limited manner.
- Do not disconnect the switchboard under test from the instrument during the measurement or before it is automatically discharged! The message «Discharging...» is displayed while the voltage on DUT is higher than 20V!
- **Do not forget to remove the L-N link(s) after the tests!**

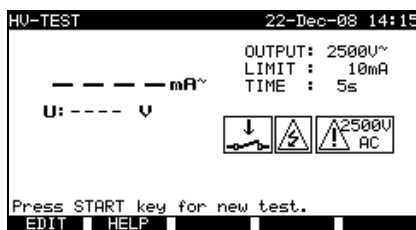
#### 10.2.4 High Voltage withstanding test

The High Voltage withstanding test is used to confirm integrity of the insulation materials. During the test the insulation materials in the switchboard are stressed with a higher voltage than during normal operation. A powerful AC high voltage source is applied between the live/ neutral input terminals and the metal housing of the switchboard; the instrument trips out if the leakage current exceeds the predefined limit.



### IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTES

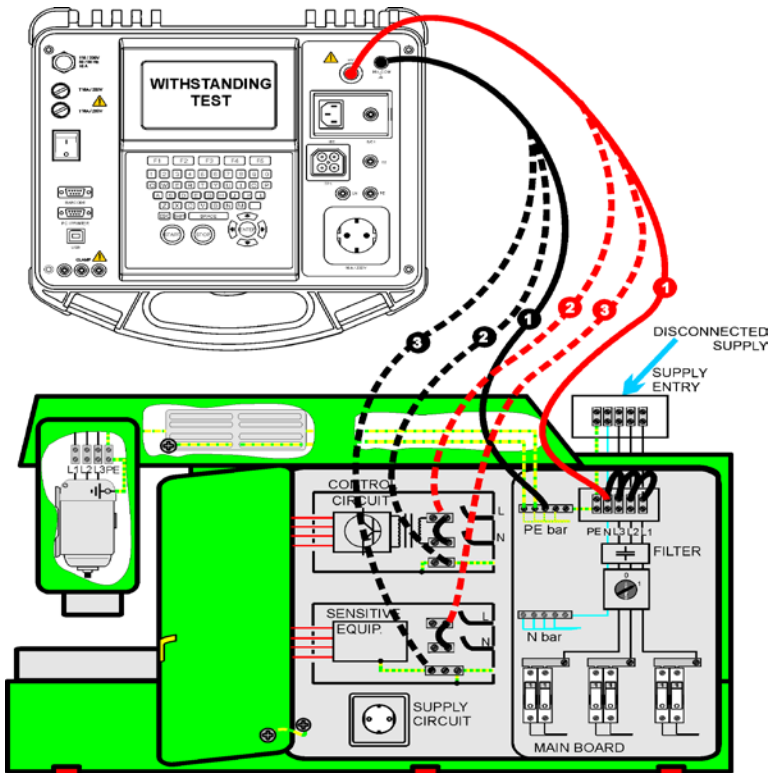
- As dangerous voltage of over 2500 V AC is applied at the HV instrument outputs special safety consideration must be taken when performing this test!
- Disconnect all unused test leads before starting this measurement; otherwise the instrument can be damaged!
- Only a skilled person familiar with hazardous voltages can perform this measurement!
- DO NOT perform this test if any damage or abnormality (test leads, instrument) is noted!
- Never touch exposed probe tip, connections equipment under test or any other energized part during the measurements. Make sure that NOBODY can contact them either!
- Connect test probes only for the High Voltage test and disconnect them immediately after the test!
- DO NOT touch any part of test probe in front of the barrier (keep your fingers behind the finger guards on the probe) – possible danger of electric shock!
- Always use lowest possible trip-out current.



*High Voltage menu (switchboard testing)*

### Test parameters for high voltage withstanding test:

OUTPUT	Test voltage [1 890 V, 2 500 V]
LIMIT	Trip out current [5 mA, 10 mA, 20 mA, 50 mA, 100 mA]
TIME	Measuring time [5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 60 s, 120 s, 180 s]

**Test circuit for high voltage withstanding test:***High voltage withstanding test***High voltage withstanding test:**

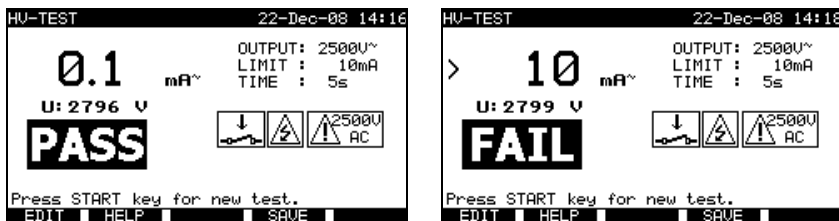
- Select the **HV-TEST** single test.
- Set test **parameters**.
- **Connect** test leads to HV and HV\_PE terminals on the instrument.
- **Connect** the HV test lead to the L and N terminals of the switchboard (L and N terminals should be temporarily connected).
- **Connect** the PE test lead to a PE terminal of the switchboard.
- Press and **hold** the **START** key for the measurement.
- If the test current exceeds the set trip out current the measurement is stopped immediately.



- The measurement is stopped immediately after the **START** key is released.
- Press **SAVE** (F4) key for storing the result (optional)

**Instructions for using the test probe:**

- Push the button on the probe to unlock the sleeve and touch tested object with test tip (keep the button pushed while the sleeve is not retracted upon few mm at least, than release it and retrieve the thumb behind the barrier).
- After the measurement retract the test tip from tested object and sleeve comes automatically over the tip.
- The sleeve locks itself automatically when it fully recovers the tip.



*Examples of high voltage withstanding test results*

**NOTES:**

- The switchboard should be de-energized before the measurement!
- Components and devices that are not rated to withstand the test voltage shall be disconnected during the testing.
- Components and devices that have been voltage tested in accordance with their product standards may be disconnected during testing.
- Consider any warning on the display before starting the measurement!
- If HV\_PE test probe is not connected, the test will not be started or will be interrupted. A “Test lead disconnected” warning is displayed.
- Do not forget to remove the L-N link after the tests.

**10.2.5 Discharging time**

If large capacitors in switchboards are disconnected from supply there is often a remaining (residual) charge on internal switchboard components. Live parts having a residual voltage greater than 120 V after the supply has been disconnected, shall be discharged to 120 V or less within a time period of 5 s after disconnection of the supply.

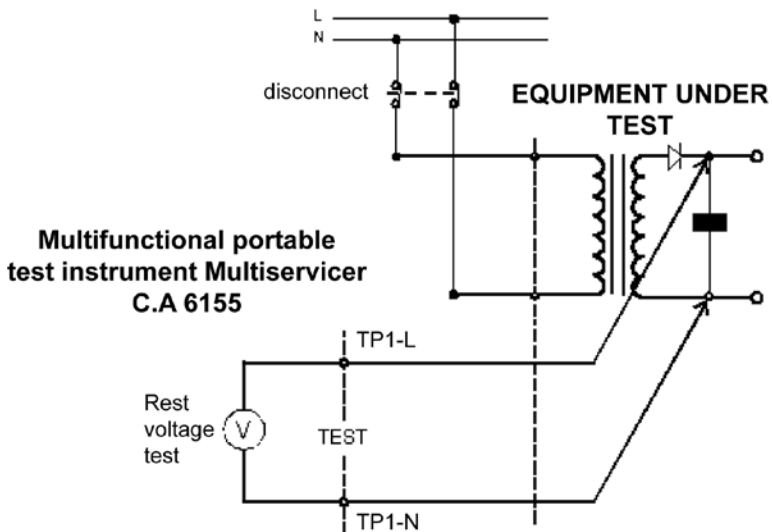
### Measuring principle

The test leads are connected to terminals where residual voltage is to be measured. The switchboard is switched ON, the voltage on terminals can be of a.c. or d.c. type.

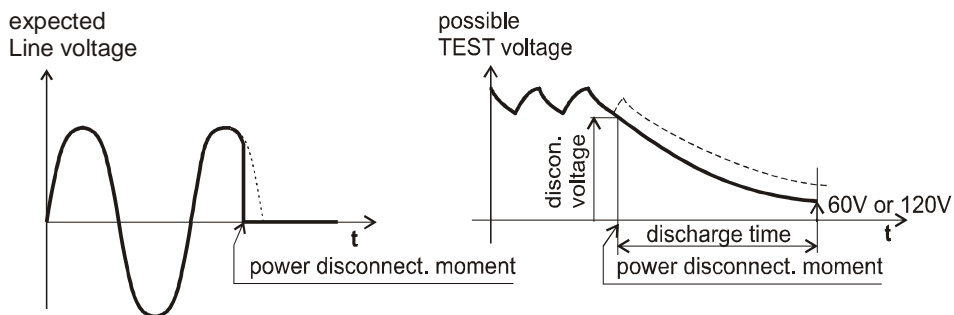
**Phase 1:** The instrument monitors the voltage and internally stores the peak voltage value.

**Phase 2:** The switchboard is disconnected from the power supply and the voltage at the test terminals starts to fall. Once the voltage falls for 10V the instrument starts the timer.

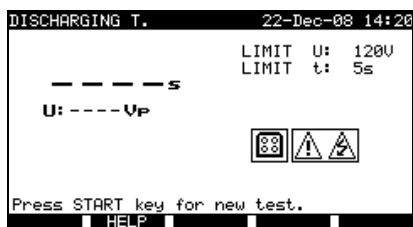
**Phase 3:** After the voltage drops below an internally calculated voltage value the timer is stopped. The instrument recalculates the measured time to a value as it would be if the disconnection occurred at the maximum voltage value.



*Test circuitry*



*Measured voltage*

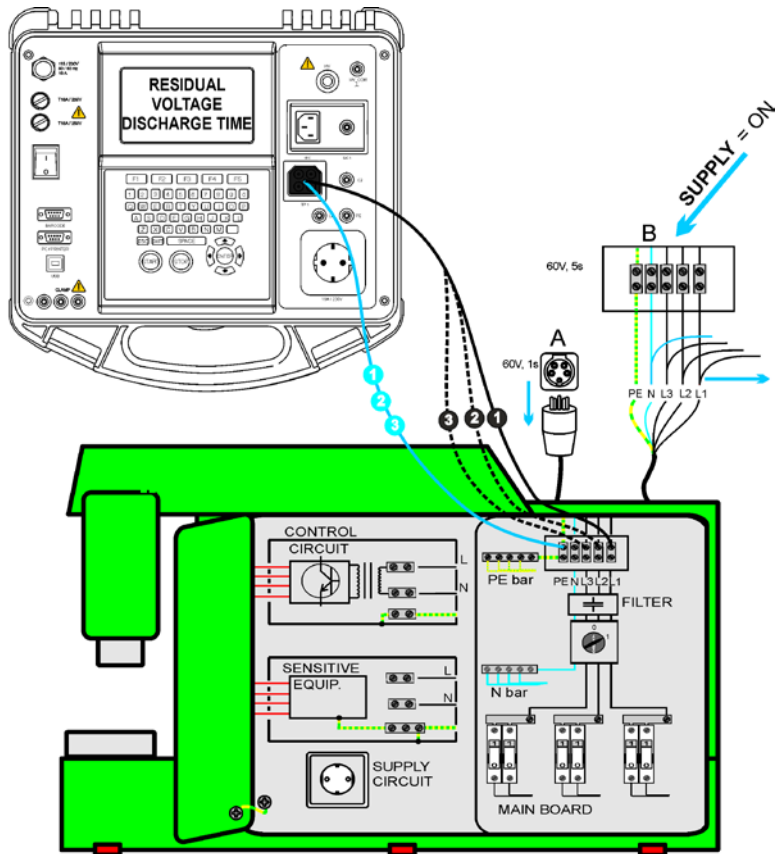


*Discharging time menu*

**Test parameters for Discharging Time:**

Limit U	<b>Rated</b> maximal residual voltage [120 V].
Limit t	<b>Rated</b> maximal discharging time [5 s].

### Test circuit for Discharging Time test:



*Discharging time test*

### Trip out current measurement procedure:

- Select the **Discharging Time** single test.
- Set test **parameters**.
- **Connect** three wire test cable to the TP1 test port on the instrument.
- **Connect** L and N wires of the three wire test cable to terminals to be tested.
- Press the **START** key to start the measurement.
- **Wait** until "Ready" is displayed

- **Disconnect** the switchboard. “Wait” is displayed until the residual voltage drops below 120 V. If the voltage at disconnection moment is too low to get an accurate result “Repeat” is displayed. The measurement must be repeated.
- Press **SAVE** (F4) key for storing the result (optional).

### Interpretation of the « Repeat » message:

It is not possible to differentiate between a disconnection moment at very low voltage and a switchboard with a very low discharging time. In both cases the reading will be 0.0 s together with the “Repeat” warning. If after few repetitions the result is always 0.0 s with the “Repeat” message it can be considered as a valid 0.0 s result. A 0.0 s reading without the “Repeat” message is a valid result.



*Examples of discharging time measurement results*

Displayed results:

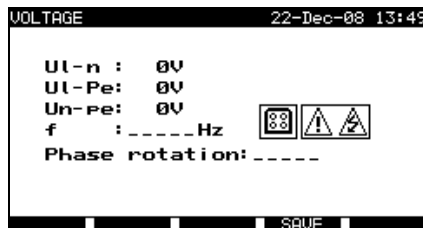
Main result	Discharging time,
U	Peak voltage value

### NOTE:

- Consider any displayed warning before starting the test!

## 10.2.6 Voltage

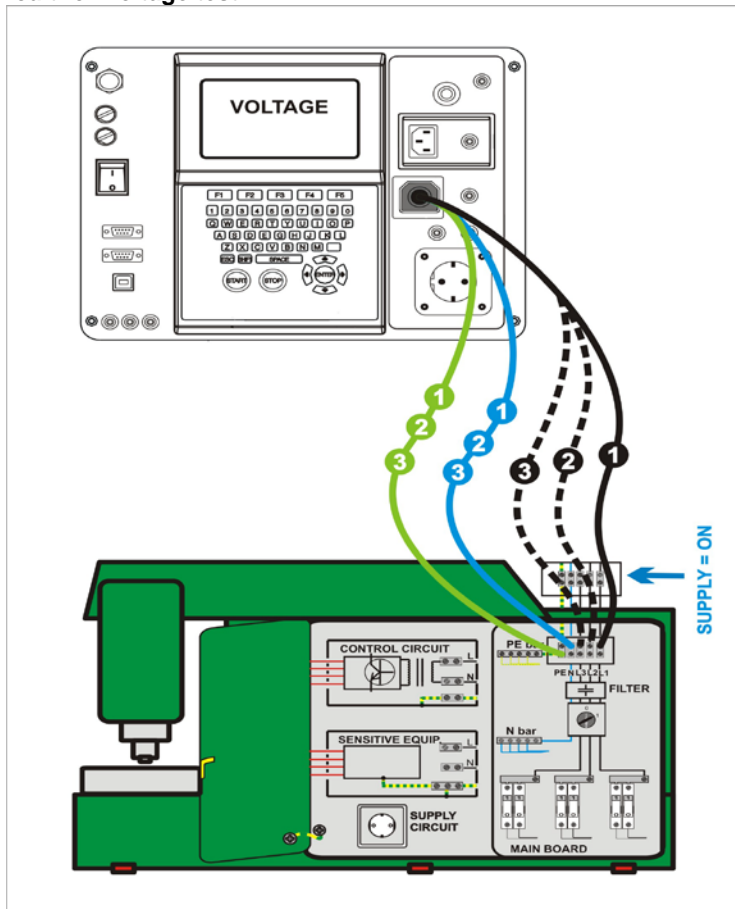
Voltages and their frequency are measured in this menu. If a three-phase rotary field is detected its direction is displayed. The phase sequence measurement conforms to the EN 61557-7 standard.



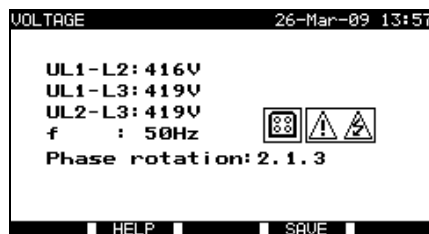
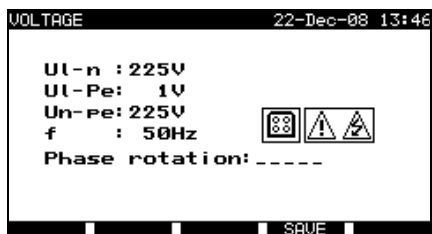
*Voltage menu*

### **Test parameters for Voltage single test**

There are no parameters to be set in this function

**Test circuit for Voltage test:***Voltage test***Voltage / rotary filed measurement procedure:**

- Select the Voltage single test.
- The measurement starts immediately after entering in the Voltage menu.
- Connect three wire test cable to the TP1 test port on the instrument.
- Connect L and N and PE wires of the three wire test cable to terminals to be tested (L, N, PE for single phase and L1, L2, L3 for three phase systems)
- Press SAVE (F4) key for storing the result (optional).



*Examples of voltage measurement results*

Displayed results for single phase system:

UL-n Voltage between phase and neutral conductors,  
 UL-pe Voltage between phase and protective conductors,  
 Un-pe Voltage between neutral and protective conductors,  
 f frequency.

Displayed results for three-phase system:

UL1-L2 Voltage between phases L1 and L2,  
 UL1-L3 Voltage between phases L1 and L3,  
 UL2-L3 Voltage between phases L2 and L3,  
 Phase rotation: 1.2.3 Correct connection – CW rotation sequence,  
 Phase rotation: 2.1.3 Invalid connection – CCW rotation sequence,  
 f frequency.

#### NOTE:

- Consider any displayed warning before starting test!

### 10.2.7 Functional test

In its simplest form a functional check is simply a check to ensure that the switchboard is working properly.

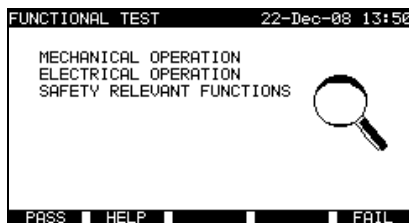
#### Scope of test

Check following items while the switchboard is operating:

- Temperature regulators, monitors,
- RCDs and other disconnection devices
- Operation of functional disconnection devices,
- Operation of switches, lamps, keys
- Rotating parts, motors, pumps
- Power consumption
- Etc.

Especially safety relevant functions should be checked.

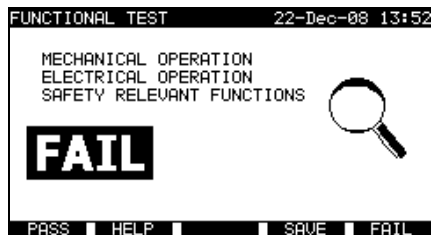
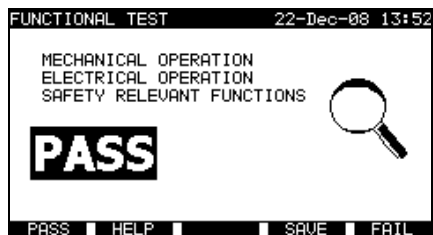




*Functional test menu*

**Functional test procedure:**

- Select the **Functional test** function.
- Perform **visual inspection** of the switchboard.
- Commit **PASS** (F1) or **FAIL** (F5) ticker manually.
- Save result with **SAVE** (F4) key (optional).



*Examples of functional test results*

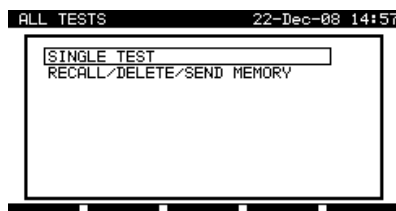
## 11 ALL TESTS OPERATING MODE

The **All tests operating mode** is primarily intended for testing of electrical safety of all kinds of electrical equipment.

All measurements available in the instrument can be started from this operating mode. For each single test all available parameters can be set.

After entering the **All testing menu** the following options are displayed:

Single test menu (see 11.1),  
Memory operations (see 12.),



*Main menu*

Keys:

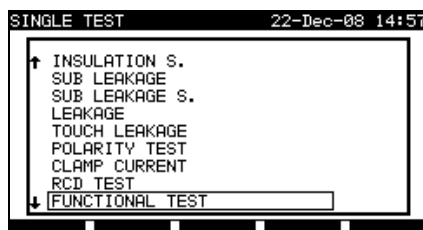
▲ / ▼	Select the operating mode.
ENTER	Enters selected mode.

**NOTE:**

- Press ESC key one or more times to return to All testing main menu from any submenu

### 11.1 SINGLE TESTS (ALL TESTS) MENU

All single tests available in the instrument can be started form the Single tests menu.



*Single test menu*

Keys:

▲ / ▼	<p>Select the test / measuring function:</p> <p>&lt; <b>Visual test</b> &gt;, Visual inspections.</p> <p>&lt; <b>Continuity test</b> &gt;, Continuity of protective conductors tests.</p> <p>&lt; <b>Insulation</b> &gt;, Insulation resistance.</p> <p>&lt; <b>Insulation-S</b> &gt;, Insulation resistance, Class II parts.</p> <p>&lt; <b>SubLeakage</b> &gt;, Substitute leakage current.</p> <p>&lt; <b>SubLeakage-S</b> &gt;, Substitute leakage current, Class II parts.</p> <p>&lt; <b>Leakage</b> &gt;, Differential leakage current.</p> <p>&lt; <b>Touch Leakage</b> &gt;, Touch leakage current.</p> <p>&lt; <b>Polarity</b> &gt;, Polarity of IEC cords.</p> <p>&lt; <b>Clamp current</b> &gt;, Load and leakage currents with current clamp.</p> <p>&lt; <b>RCD test</b> &gt;, Tests of portable and standard residual current devices.</p> <p>&lt; <b>Functional test</b> &gt;, Functional inspection.</p> <p>&lt; <b>HV-test</b> &gt;, High Voltage tests.</p> <p>&lt; <b>ZI (L-N)</b> &gt;, Line impedance tests.</p> <p>&lt; <b>Zs (L-Pe)</b> &gt;, Loop impedance tests.</p> <p>&lt; <b>Voltage</b> &gt;, Voltage, frequency and rotary field tests.</p> <p>&lt; <b>Discharging time</b> &gt;, Discharging time tests.</p> <p>&lt; <b>Power</b> &gt;, Measurement of device power consumption.</p>
<b>ENTER</b>	Enters selected test.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to Main menu.

**NOTE:**

- Unlike in PAT testing mode all single test results and parameters can be stored for documentation purposes (*view chapter 12.1* for more information).

### 11.1.1 Visual test

*Descriptions in chapters 9.2.1 Visual test and 10.2.1 Visual test can be used as reference.*

### 11.1.2 Continuity of protective conductors

*Descriptions in chapters 9.2.2 Continuity and 10.2.2. Continuity can be used as reference.*

### **11.1.3 Insulation resistance**

*Descriptions in chapters 6.2.2 Insulation resistance, 9.2.3 Insulation resistance and 10.2.3. Insulation resistance can be used as reference.*

### **11.1.4 Insulation resistance - S**

*Description in chapter 6.2.3 Insulation resistance-S can be used as reference.*

### **11.1.5 Substitute leakage current**

*Description in chapter 6.2.4 Substitute leakage currents can be used as reference.*

### **11.1.6 Substitute leakage current - S**

*Description in chapter 6.2.5 Substitute leakage-S can be used as reference.*

### **11.1.7 Leakage current**

*Description in chapter 6.2.6 Differential leakage current can be used as reference.*

### **11.1.8 Touch leakage current**

*Description in chapter 6.2.7 Touch Leakage can be used as reference.*

### **11.1.9 Polarity test**

*Description in chapter 6.2.8 Polarity test can be used as reference.*

### **11.1.10 Clamp current test**

*Description in chapter 6.2.9 Clamp current test can be used as reference.*

### **11.1.11 RCD test**

*Description in chapter 9.2.6 RCD tests can be used as reference.*

### **11.1.12 Functional test**

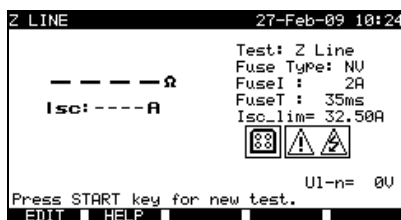
*Descriptions in chapters 6.2.11 Power / Functional tests, 9.2.9 Functional test and 10.2.7 Functional test can be used as reference.*

### 11.1.13 HV test

Descriptions in chapter 9.2.4 High Voltage withstanding test and 10.2.4 High Voltage withstanding test can be used as reference.

### 11.1.14 Line impedance and prospective short circuit current test

The instrument measures internal impedance of the line – neutral loop and calculates the prospective short circuit current. The results can be compared to limit values set on base of selected protective circuit breakers. The measurement complies with requirements of the standard EN 61557-3.



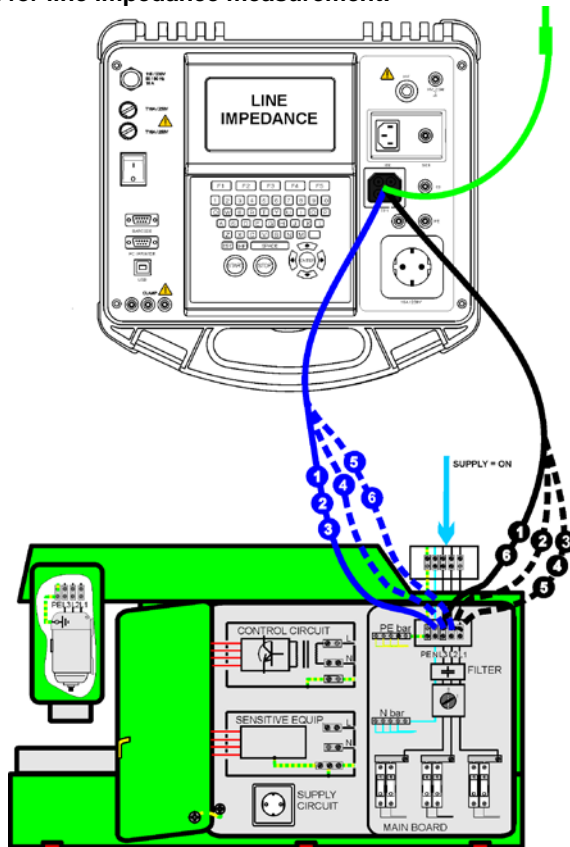
Line impedance menu

Test parameters for line impedance measurement:

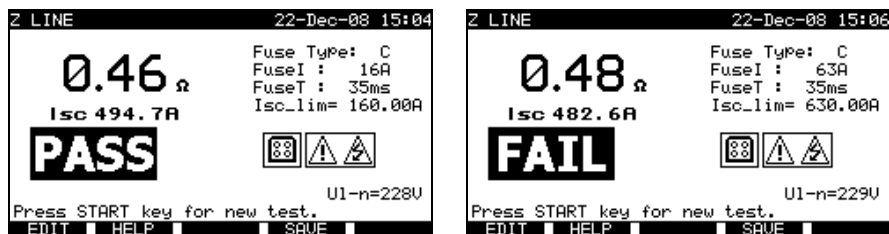
Test	Type of test [Z LINE, Z mΩL-N**, Z mΩL-L**]
Fuse type	Selection of <b>fuse type</b> [*F, NV, Gg, B, C, K, D]
Fuse I	<b>Rated current</b> of selected fuse
Fuse T.	Maximum <b>breaking time</b> of selected fuse
Isc_lim	Minimum short circuit <b>current</b> for selected fuse combination.

«\*F» means no fuse selected.

\*\* See chapter 11.1.14.1 for low line impedance measurement procedure.

**Test circuit for line impedance measurement:***Measurement of fault loop impedance***Line impedance measurement procedure:**

- Select the **Z LINE** single test.
- Select **type** of test.
- Set test **parameters**.
- **Connect** the three wire test lead to the TP1 port on the instrument.
- **Connect** the three-wire test lead to L, N and PE terminals of the machine.
- Press the **START** key for the measurement.
- Press **SAVE** (F4) for storing the result (optional).



Examples of line impedance measurement results

Displayed results:

Main result Line impedance,  
 ISC Prospective fault current,  
 U1-n Voltage  $U_{L-N}$

Prospective short circuit current ISC is calculated from measured impedance as follows:

$$I_{SC} = \frac{U_n \times k_{SC}}{Z}$$

where:

$U_n$  Nominal  $U_{L-PE}$  voltage (see table below),

$U_n$	Input voltage range (L-N or L1-L2)
115 V	$(100 \text{ V} \leq U_{L-N} < 160 \text{ V})$
230 V	$(160 \text{ V} \leq U_{L-N} \leq 264 \text{ V})$
400 V	$(264 \text{ V} < U_{L-N} \leq 440 \text{ V})$

**NOTE:**

- High fluctuations of mains voltage can influence the measurement results field. In this case it is recommended to repeat few measurements to check if the readings are stable.

### 11.1.15 Loop impedance test and prospective fault current

Descriptions in chapter 9.2.5 Loop impedance and prospective fault current can be used as reference.

### 11.1.16 Voltage

Descriptions in chapters 9.2.8 Voltage and 10.2.6 Voltage can be used as reference.

### 11.1.17 Discharging time

Descriptions in chapter 9.2.7 Discharging Time and 10.2.5 Discharging Time can be used as reference.

### 11.1.18 Power

Descriptions in chapter 6.2.11 Power/ Functional tests can be used as reference.

## 12 WORKING WITH RESULTS IN MACHINE, SWITCHGEAR AND ALL TESTS OPERATING MODE

---

### 12.1 MEMORY ORGANIZATION

The Machine, Switchgear and All tests operating mode are sharing the same memory structure. Because of differences in the testing procedures and number of test points in machines and switchgears this memory structure differs and is separated from that for the PAT testing operating mode.

The memory structure is divided into **Memory locations – Projects**. There is no limit for storing single tests into each Project.

Each Memory location - Project includes a header where general data can be stored:

- Device number and its name,
- Test site and location,
- Retest period,
- Repairing code,
- Comments.

Stored data and measurements can be:

- Recalled and viewed,
- Sent to PC,
- Test report can be printed out to serial printer.



## 12.2 SAVING SINGLE TEST RESULTS

A single test can be saved by pressing SAVE (F4) key after a single test was carried out. The **Project Save results** menu displays the memory location - Project number where the last single test was saved will be offered.

The memory location – Project number header is displayed first. Before storing the single test into instruments memory it is possible to edit the Project header.

*Project Save results menu*

Keys:

▲ / ▼	Select the item.
◀ / ▶, alphanumeric	Edit data
<b>F1 (SAVE)</b>	Saves test results and returns to last single test menu.
<b>F2 (UNDO)</b>	Undo changes.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to Main menu.

In the **Device no.** field up to 10 numeric characters can be entered. The **Device number** can also be scanned with a barcode reader.

In the **Test site**, **Location** and **Device name** fields, up to 15 alpha-numeric or special characters can be entered. Names can also be selected from the list of 100 predefined names for each parameter.

In **Retest period** field, at the most 2 numeric characters can be entered to represent the number of months between retest.

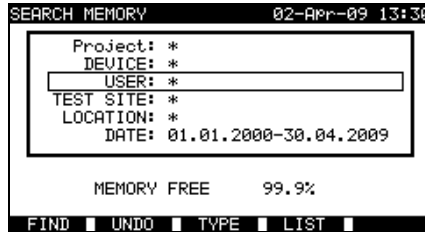
In the **Comments** field, up to 20 alpha-numeric or special characters can be entered.

### NOTE:

- **User** field cannot be edited (this must be selected from the Users/ Device data menu of the instrument).

## 12.3 RECALLING PROJECTS

Select Recall/delete/send memory in Machine testing (Switchgear testing, All tests) menu by using  $\wedge$  and  $\vee$  keys and press ENTER key to confirm. Search projects menu is displayed.



*Search projects menu*

When searching for stored results the following filters can be used to narrow the hits:

- Project
- DUT number,
- test site,
- location,
- date from and date to,
- user.

By using  $\wedge$  and  $\vee$  keys select the filter you want to edit.

Keys:

$\wedge$ / $\vee$	Select parameter line.
$\langle$ / $\rangle$ , alphanumeric	Edits parameter line.
<b>F1 (FIND)</b>	Starts search after filters are setup correctly.
<b>F2 (UNDO)</b>	Undo latest change.
<b>F3 (TYPE)</b>	Selects type of parameter line.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to Main menu.

**NOTES:**

- Project parameter line  
If a project number is selected all other set filters will be ignored. If «\*» is set in the Project filter other set filters will be active.
- All parameter lines except Project.  
To change the selected filter line type, press the F3 function key and the »filter type« will become highlighted (e.g. DEVICE). The ◀ and ▶ cursor keys can then be used to change the filter type and by pressing ENTER key the choice can be confirmed. Once the filter types have been set up, the data required to filter the files can be inserted. Filter information can be inserted via the alphanumeric keypad or, in some filter fields such as user, can also be selected from a predefined list by pressing the F4 function key. The device number field can also be read using a barcode reader.
- By placing a «\*» (shift + "2") in a particular field, tells the instrument not to search the associated filter field. When searching, the instrument will therefore ignore data in this parameter and go on to find all the devices that conform to data placed in the other filter fields.
- To find all stored results, enter «\*» in the all fields (excluding DATE where the correct from and to dates must be entered).

When the search filters have been correctly set up, a search can be performed by pressing the F1 function key. If the search filters are set up correctly and the devices exist in the units memory, the **Recall results menu** will be displayed.

While recalling stored results, the instrument shows a bar graph and a ratio of files found compared to files stored in memory (e.g. 7/11 implies 7 results have been found to meet the filter criteria out of a potential 11 results stored in the flash memory).



*Recall project menu*

Once the Projects have been found, the  $\blacktriangle$  and  $\blacktriangledown$  keys and PgUp (F1) and PgDown (F2) keys can be used to scroll through the filtered list of Projects.

More information relating to the selected Project can be viewed by pressing the ENTER key on the appropriate Project. It can be scrolled through test results by using the PgUp (F1) and PgDown (F2) keys. The MORE (F5) key can be used to view additional Project data.

VIEW RESULTS		26-APR-08 23:47	
Project No.: 002			
TEST SITE: CHAUVIN-ARNOUX			
LOCATION: CONFERENCE ROOM			
USER: USER 1			
<b>PASS</b>			
FUNCTIONS	PARAMETERS	LIMIT	RESULTS
>VISUAL			
CONTINUITY	200mA		>>
INSULATION	500V~	1.00M $\Omega$	>199.9M $\Omega$
LEAKAGE	230V~	1.00mA	0.04mA
HV-TEST	1000V~	200mA	0.2mA
POWER			0.02KVA
PgUP PgDown DELETE MORE			

VIEW RESULTS		26-APR-08 23:47	
Project No.: 002			
TEST SITE: CHAUVIN-ARNOUX			
LOCATION: CONFERENCE ROOM			
USER: USER 1			
<b>PASS</b>			
FUNCTIONS	PARAMETERS	LIMIT	RESULTS
DEVICE NAME :			
RETEST PERIOD : 26/04/2009			
COMMENTS: O.K.			
PgUP PgDown DELETE RESULT			

View Project results menus

Some single tests contain more parameters and results that can not be seen in one display line. In this case «>>» is in the result column. For view the results select the single test with  $\blacktriangle$  and  $\blacktriangledown$  keys and press >> (F5) key. By pressing and >> (F5) key again the instrument returns to the previous menu.

VIEW RESULTS		26-APR-08 23:47	
Project No.: 002			
TEST SITE: CHAUVIN-ARNOUX			
LOCATION: CONFERENCE ROOM			
USER: USER 1			
<b>PASS</b>			
FUNCTIONS	PARAMETERS	LIMIT	RESULTS
>VISUAL			
CONTINUITY	200mA		>>
INSULATION	500V~	1.00M $\Omega$	>199.9M $\Omega$
LEAKAGE	230V~	1.00mA	0.04mA
HV-TEST	1000V~	200mA	0.2mA
POWER			0.02KVA
PgUP PgDown DELETE >> MORE			

View single test with more results

Use the ESC key to return to Recall projects or Search projects menus. From the **Recall projects menu** stored data can be downloaded to a PC, printed out to a serial printer or deleted from the memory.

## 12.4 DELETING SIGNLE TEST RESULTS

In View Project results menu select single test by using the PgUp (F1), PgDown (F2) keys, ▲ and ▼ cursor keys. The selected single test is marked with the «>» symbol.



*View single test with more results*

Press DELETE (F3) key to delete the selected single test.

## 12.5 DELETING PROJECT(S)

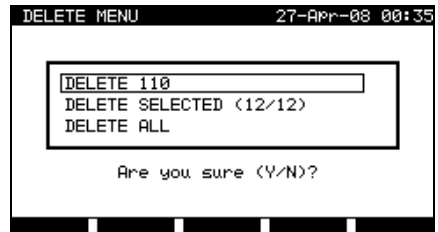
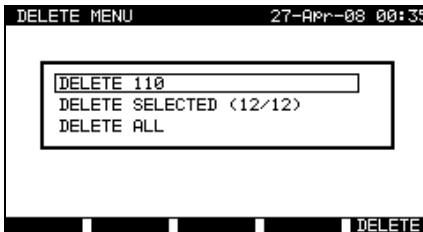
All data in a stored project can also be deleted from the memory.

Recall the result(s) you want to delete (Refer to *chapter 12.2 Recalling projects* for detailed information on recalling results).

In the **Recall project** menu, press DELETE (F5) key. **Delete results** menu will be displayed.

In this menu the following functions can be performed:

- **DELETE:** deletes the selected project in Recall projects menu,
- **DELETE SELECTED:** deletes all projects found from searching the memory of the instrument,
- **DELETE ALL:** clears all stored projects.



*Delete results menu*

Keys:

▲ / ▼	Select deleting option.
<b>F5 (DELETE)</b>	Deletes selected projects.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to memory Recall projects menu.

Confirm the selected option by using Y key. After performing the selected option, instrument returns to **Recall results** menu accepting the new memory state. If you don't want delete the results, press the N key in **Delete results** menu. Instrument returns to **Recall results** menu without any changes.

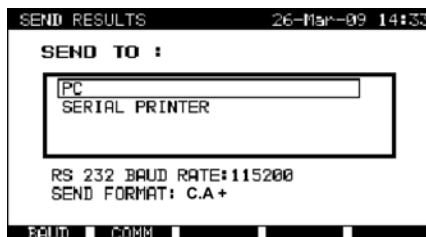
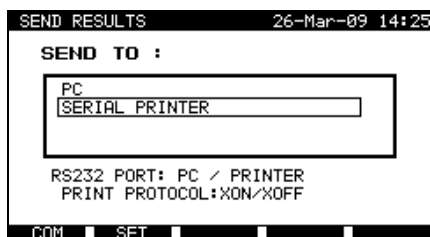
## 12.6 DOWNLOADING AND PRINTING RESULTS

The C.A 6155 offers the following possibilities to send data in selected (one or more) projects to:

- PC ,
- serial printer for fast report printing,
- It is possible to send data of selected to selected output after recalling stored projects from the instrument memory.

To send data of selected project press SEND (F3) in the **Recall projects menu**.

To send data of all projects found from searching the memory of the instrument press SEND ALL (F4) in the **Recall projects menu**.



*Send results menu*

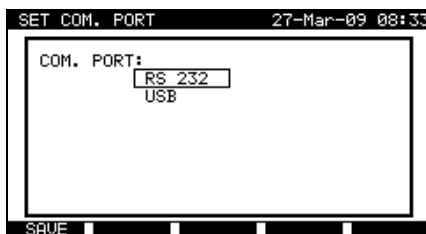
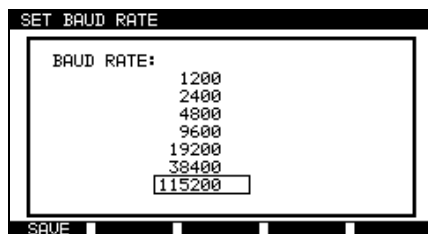
Keys:

<b>▲ / ▼</b>	Select activity.
<b>ENTER</b>	Starts sending to selected output.
<b>F1, F2</b>	Modification communication parameters
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to memory recall menu.

Parameter for **SEND TO: PC**

Keys:

<b>F1 (BAUD)</b>	Opens menu for selection of Baud Rate.
<b>F2 (COMM)</b>	Opens menu for interface selection (RS232 or USB).

*Communication ports settings*

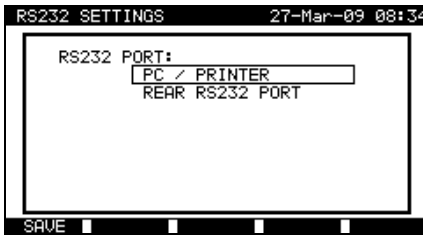
Keys:

<b>▲ / ▼</b>	Select the option.
<b>F1</b>	Saves selected option.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to Send results menu.

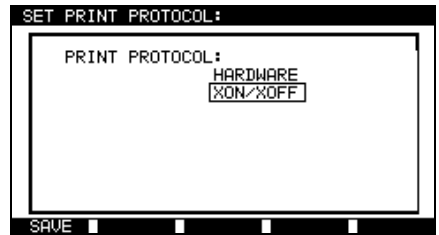
**Parameters for SEND TO: serial printer:**

Keys:

<b>F1 (COM)</b>	Opens menu for interface selection (back site printer or PC / Printer connector).
<b>F2 (SET)</b>	Opens menu for selection of data transfer control option.
	Baud rate is fixed and set to 9600 baud.



*Interface option*



*Data transfer control*

*Serial printer settings*

Keys:

<b>▲ / ▼</b>	Select the option.
<b>F1 (SAVE)</b>	Accepts selected option.
<b>ESC</b>	Returns to Send results menu.



```

.....
DEVICE 11072010
TEST SITE CHAUVIN-ARNOUX
LOCATION OFFICE 1
TIME/DATE 09:31 11-JUL-2008
USER
RESULT: PASS
-----

```

```

VISUAL PASS
EARTH BOND It: 10A~ Rlim: 0.10 Ohm
1. R = 0.03 Ohm PASS
INSULATION Ut: 500V Rlim: 1.00 Mohm
1. R = 178.9 MOhm PASS
LEAKAGE Ut: 230V~ Ilim: 0.75 Ma
1. I = 0.23 mA PASS
POWER
1. P = 2.01KVA PASS
DEVICE NAME: APP 1
RETEST PERIOD : 11/07/2009
REPAIRING CODE: 021268505
COMMENTS: -
=====

```

END OF DATA

```

PRINT HEDER FOR MPL TESTING
2ND LINE
LAST HEADER LINE

Project No.:          003
DEVICE No.:          33333
TEST SITE
LOCATION
TIME/DATE          11:23 09-APR-2009
USER              USER  1
-----
DISCHARGING T.
1. Time          0.2s PASS
2. Up           316Vp
Z Loop Fuse: *F
1. Z =          3.85 Ohm
2. Isc =        63.3A
Z Loop Fuse: NV   16A 35ms
1. Z =          3.76 Ohm FAIL
2. Isc =        64.8A FAIL
RCD/FI Auto   10mA  AC
1. Idn  x1  0   >300ms FAIL
2. Uc =          0.1V
VOLTAGE
1. Ul-n :       233V
2. Ul-Pe:       233V
3. Un-pe:       1V
DEVICE NAME :
RETEST PERIOD :
COMMENTS:
-----
END OF DATA

```

*An example of data sent to serial printer*

#### NOTES:

- When working with serial printers, the baud rate is set by default to 9600 bps.
- Software transfer control uses XON (CTRL-Q) and XOFF (CTRL-S) characters.
- Hardware transfer control uses DTR line.
- Back side port supports only (XOn/XOff) software transfer control.

## 13 MAINTENANCE



For maintenance, use only the spare parts specified. The manufacturer cannot be held liable for any accident that occurs following a repair not performed by its customer service department or by an approved repairer.

### 13.1 PERIODIC CALIBRATION

It is essential that all measuring instruments are regularly calibrated in order for the technical specification listed in this manual to be guaranteed. We recommend an annual calibration. The calibration should be done by an authorized technical person only.

### 13.2 FUSES

There are two fuses available from front panel:

F1 = F2 = T 16 A / 250 V (32 × 6.3 mm): intended for instrument protection.

If the instrument does not respond after connection to mains supply, disconnect the mains supply and accessories and then check these fuses. For position of fuses refer to *chapter 2.1 Front panel*.

#### WARNING!

- Switch off the instrument and disconnect all test accessories and mains cord before replacing the fuses or opening the instrument.
- Replace blown fuse with the same type.

### 13.3 SERVICE

For repairs under or out of warranty time please contact your distributor for further information.

### 13.4 CLEANING

Use a soft, slightly moistened cloth with soap water or alcohol to clean the surface of C.A 6155. Leave the instrument to dry totally before using it.

**NOTES:**

- Do not use liquids based on petrol or hydrocarbons!
- Do not spill cleaning liquid over the instrument!

**13.5 REPAIR**

For all repairs before or after expiry of warranty, please return the device to your distributor.

## 14 WARRANTY

---

Except as otherwise stated, our warranty is valid for **twelve months** starting from the date on which the equipment was sold. Extract from our General Conditions of Sale provided on request.

The warranty does not apply in the following cases:

- Inappropriate use of the equipment or use with incompatible equipment;
- Modifications made to the equipment without the explicit permission of the manufacturer's technical staff;
- Work done on the device by a person not approved by the manufacturer;
- Adaptation to a particular application not anticipated in the definition of the equipment or not indicated in the user's manual;
- Damage caused by shocks, falls, or floods.

## 15 INSTRUMENT SET AND ACCESSORIES

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### Standard set of the instrument:

- C.A 6155
- Bag for accessories
- HV test probe
- Plug test cable 1.5 m
- Three wire test cable 3 m
- Test lead (1.5 m, green)
- Test lead (1.5 m, black)
- Test lead (1.5 m red)
- Test lead (4 m red)
- Test tip (blue)
- Test tip (green)
- Test tip (black)
- 3 Alligator clips (black)
- PC software with RS232 and USB cables
- User manual
- Production verification data

### Optional accessories:

See the attached sheet for a list of optional accessories that are available on request from your distributor.

## A APPENDIX A – PREPROGRAMMED AUTOTESTS

Pre-programmed autotest sequences:

No	Name	Description
1	<b>CI_1_Iso</b>	Testing according to VDE 0701-0702. Class 1 device. Insulation resistance and substitute leakage current measurements are selected.
2	<b>CI1_Iso_BLT</b>	Testing according to VDE 0701-0702. Class 1 device with isolated accessible conductive parts. Insulation resistance and substitute leakage current measurements are selected.
3	<b>CI_1_Ia</b>	Testing according to VDE 0701-0702. Class 1 device. Differential leakage current measurement is selected.
4	<b>CI_1_Ia_BLT</b>	Testing according to VDE 0701-0702. Class 1 device with isolated accessible conductive parts. Differential leakage current and touch leakage current measurements are selected.
5	<b>CI_2_Iso</b>	Testing according to VDE 0701-0702. Class 2 device with isolated accessible conductive parts. Insulation resistance and substitute leakage current measurements are selected.
6	<b>CI_2_Ibs</b>	Testing according to VDE 0701-0702. Class 2 device. Touch leakage current measurement is selected.
7	<b>CI_1_Isola</b>	Testing according to VDE 0701-0702. Class 1 device. Insulation resistance and differential leakage current measurements are selected.
8	<b>CI1_IsolaBLT</b>	Testing according to VDE 0701-0702. Class 1 device with isolated accessible conductive parts. Insulation resistance, differential leakage current and touch leakage current measurements are selected.
9	<b>CI_2_Isolbs</b>	Testing according to VDE 0701-0702. Class 2 device with isolated accessible conductive parts. Insulation resistance and touch leakage current measurements are selected.
10	<b>CI_2</b>	Testing according to VDE 0701-0702. Class 2 device without any isolated accessible conductive parts.
11	<b>CI_3_Iso</b>	Testing according to VDE 0701-0702. Class 3 device with isolated accessible conductive parts.
12	<b>CI_3</b>	Testing according to VDE 0701-0702. Class 3 device without any isolated accessible conductive parts.

Pre-programmed autotest sequences table:

Autotest shortcircuit code		01	02	03	04
		Cl_1_Iso	Cl1_Iso_BLT	Cl_1_Ia	Cl_1_Ia_BLT
<b>Visual test</b>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Earth bond</b>	Output	200 mA	200 mA	200 mA	200 mA
	Limit	0.30 $\Omega$	0.30 $\Omega$	0.30 $\Omega$	0.30 $\Omega$
	Time	5 s	5 s	5 s	5 s
<b>Insulation</b>	Output	500 V	500 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Limit	1.00 M $\Omega$	1.00 M $\Omega$	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Time	5 s	5 s	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Insulation (probe)</b>	Output	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	500 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Limit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2.00 M $\Omega$	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5 s	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Sub leakage</b>	Output	40 V	40 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Limit	3.50 mA	3.50 mA	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Time	5 s	5 s	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Sub leakage (probe)</b>	Output	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	40 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Limit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.50 mA	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5 s	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Differential leakage</b>	Output	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	230 V	230 V
	Limit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3.50 mA	3.50 mA
	Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	180 s	180 s
<b>Touch leakage</b>	Output	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	230 V
	Limit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.50 mA
	Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	180 s
<b>Power</b>	Output	230 V	230 V	230 V	230 V
	Limit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Time	180 s	180 s	180 s	180 s
<b>TRMS clamp current</b>	Output	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Limit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Polarity test</b>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Pre-programmed autotest sequences table (cont'd):




Autotest shortcircuit code		05	06	07	08
		Cl 2_Iso	Cl 2_lbs	Cl 1_Isola	Cl1_IsolaBLT
<b>Visual test</b>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Earth bond</b>	Output	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	200 mA	200 mA
	Limit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.30 $\Omega$	0.30 $\Omega$
	Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5 s	5 s
<b>Insulation</b>	Output	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	500 V	500 V
	Limit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1.00 M $\Omega$	1.00 M $\Omega$
	Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5 s	5 s
<b>Insulation (probe)</b>	Output	500 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	500 V
	Limit	2.00 M $\Omega$	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2.00 M $\Omega$
	Time	5 s	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5 s
<b>Sub leakage</b>	Output	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Limit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Sub leakage (probe)</b>	Output	40 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Limit	0.50 mA	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Time	5 s	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Differential leakage</b>	Output	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	230 V	230 V
	Limit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3.50 mA	3.50 mA
	Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	180 s	180 s
<b>Touch leakage</b>	Output	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	230 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	230 V
	Limit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.50 mA	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.50 mA
	Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	180 s	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	180 s
<b>Power</b>	Output	230 V	230 V	230 V	230 V
	Limit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Time	180 s	180 s	180 s	180 s
<b>TRMS clamp current</b>	Output	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Limit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Polarity test</b>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Pre-programmed autotest sequences table (cont'd):


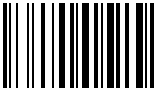

Autotest shortcircuit code		09	10	11	12
		Cl_2_Isolbs	Cl_2	Cl_3_Iso	Cl_3
<b>Visual test</b>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Earth bond</b>	Output	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Limit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Insulation</b>	Output	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Limit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Insulation (probe)</b>	Output	500 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	500 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Limit	2.00 M $\Omega$	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.250 M $\Omega$	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Time	5 s	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5 s	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Sub leakage</b>	Output	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Limit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Sub leakage (probe)</b>	Output	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Limit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Differential leakage</b>	Output	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Limit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Touch leakage</b>	Output	230 V	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Limit	0.50 mA	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Time	180 s	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Power</b>	Output	230 V	230 V	---	---
	Limit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Time	180 s	180 s	180 s	180 s
<b>TRMS clamp current</b>	Output	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Limit	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Polarity test</b>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>



## Card type test tester:

<b>Code</b>	<b>Autotest sequence name and descriptions</b>		<b>Limits</b>	<b>Barcode</b>
01	<b>KI_1_Iso</b>	Testing according to VDE. Class 1 device. Insulation resistance and substitute leakage current measurements are applicable.	Earth bond: 0.30 $\Omega$ Insulation: 1.00 M $\Omega$ Sub leakage: 3.50mA	 A01
02	<b>KI1_Iso_BLT</b>	Testing according to VDE. Class 1 device with isolated accessible conductive parts. Insulation resistance and substitute leakage current measurements are applicable.	Earth bond: 0.30 $\Omega$ Insulation: 1.00 M $\Omega$ Insulation - S: 2.00 M $\Omega$ Sub leakage: 3.50 mA Sub leakage - S: 0.50 mA	 A02
03	<b>KI_1_Ia</b>	Testing according to VDE. Class 1 device. Leakage current measurement is applicable.	Earth bond: 0.30 $\Omega$ Leakage: 3.50 mA	 A03
04	<b>KI_1_Ia_BLT</b>	Testing according to VDE. Class 1 device with isolated accessible conductive parts. Leakage current and touch current measurements are applicable.	Earth bond: 0.30 $\Omega$ Leakage: 3.50 mA Touch leakage: 0.50 mA	 A04
05	<b>KI_2_Iso</b>	Testing according to VDE. Class 2 device with isolated accessible conductive parts. Insulation resistance and substitute leakage current measurements are applicable.	Insulation - S: 2.00 M $\Omega$ Sub leakage - S: 0.50 mA	 A05
06	<b>KI_2_Ibs</b>	Testing according to VDE. Class 2 device. Touch current measurement is applicable.	Touch leakage: 0.50 mA	 A06
07	<b>KI_1_Isola</b>	Testing according to VDE. Class 1 device. Insulation resistance and leakage current measurements are applicable.	Earth bond: 0.30 $\Omega$ Insulation: 1.00 M $\Omega$ Leakage: 3.50 mA	 A07
08	<b>KI1_IsolaBLT</b>	Testing according to VDE. Class 1 device with isolated accessible conductive parts. Insulation resistance, leakage current and touch current measurements are applicable.	Earth bond: 0.30 $\Omega$ Insulation: 1.00 M $\Omega$ Insulation - S: 2.00 M $\Omega$ Leakage: 3.50 mA Touch leakage: 0.50 mA	 A08
09	<b>KI_2_Isolbs</b>	Testing according to VDE. Class 2 device with isolated accessible conductive parts. Insulation resistance and touch current measurements are applicable.	Insulation - S: 2.00 M $\Omega$ Touch leakage: 0.50 mA	 A09

## Card type test tester:

10	<b>KI_2</b>	Testing according to VDE. Class 2 device without any isolated accessible conductive parts.		 A1 0
11	<b>KI_3_Iso</b>	Testing according to VDE. Class 3 device with isolated accessible conductive parts.	Insulation - S: 0.25 MΩ	 A1 1
12	<b>KI_3</b>	Testing according to VDE. Class 3 device without any isolated accessible conductive parts.		 A1 2

## B APPENDIX B – AUTOTEST SHORTCUT CODES

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The C.A 6155 supports two barcode formats when printing device labels.

### **Autotest shortcut code and DUT number:**

Autotest shortcut codes are represented as a two digit code. These autotest codes can also be represented by the barcode.

Using the barcode reader, the instruments can accept autotest shortcut code from barcode label.



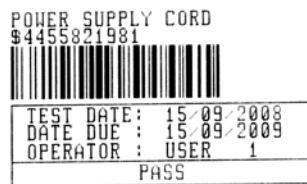
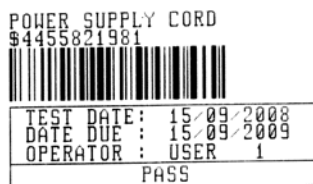
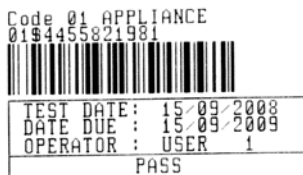
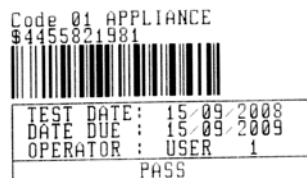
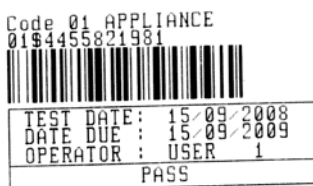
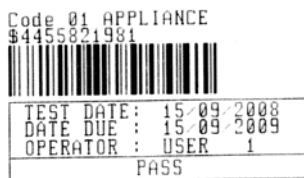
*Autotest shortcut code*

Also DUT number can be read from barcode label.

### **Single / double barcode system:**

If single barcode system is selected in the instrument, only DUT name is printed out as a barcode on device barcode label.

When double barcode system is selected in the instrument, both autotest shortcut code and DUT name are printed out as a barcode on DUT barcode label.



1 tag, barcode system:  
single (top label) 1 tag,  
barcode system: double  
(bottom label)

2 tags, barcode system:  
double

2 tags, barcode system:  
single

Examples of DUT labels

01	Autotest shortcut code
\$	Separator
4455821981	DUT number

Refer to *chapter 5.9.1 Instrument settings* for barcode system selection.

**NOTES:**

- Special character «\$» between autotest shortcut code and DUT name (ID number) is used to distinguish shortcut code from DUT name.
- Only DUT ID is printed out on the 2nd DUT label (power supply cord label).

## C APPENDIX C – FUSE TABLE/ I<sub>PSC</sub>

Fuse type NV:

Rated current (A)	Disconnection time [s]				
	35m	0.1	0.2	0.4	5
	<b>Min. prospective short-circuit current (A)</b>				
2	32.5	22.3	18.7	15.9	9.1
4	65.6	46.4	38.8	31.9	18.7
6	102.8	70	56.5	46.4	26.7
10	165.8	115.3	96.5	80.7	46.4
16	206.9	150.8	126.1	107.4	66.3
20	276.8	204.2	170.8	145.5	86.7
25	361.3	257.5	215.4	180.2	109.3
35	618.1	453.2	374	308.7	169.5
50	919.2	640	545	464.2	266.9
63	1217.2	821.7	663.3	545	319.1
80	1567.2	1133.1	964.9	836.5	447.9
100	2075.3	1429	1195.4	1018	585.4
125	2826.3	2006	1708.3	1454.8	765.1
160	3538.2	2485.1	2042.1	1678.1	947.9
200	4555.5	3488.5	2970.8	2529.9	1354.5
250	6032.4	4399.6	3615.3	2918.2	1590.6
315	7766.8	6066.6	4985.1	4096.4	2272.9
400	10577.7	7929.1	6632.9	5450.5	2766.1
500	13619	10933.5	8825.4	7515.7	3952.7
630	19619.3	14037.4	11534.9	9310.9	4985.1
710	19712.3	17766.9	14341.3	11996.9	6423.2
800	25260.3	20059.8	16192.1	13545.1	7252.1
1000	34402.1	23555.5	19356.3	16192.1	9146.2
1250	45555.1	36152.6	29182.1	24411.6	13070.1

## Fuse type gG:

Rated current (A)	Disconnection time [s]				
	35m	0.1	0.2	0.4	5
	<b>Min. prospective short-circuit current (A)</b>				
2	32.5	22.3	18.7	15.9	9.1
4	65.6	46.4	38.8	31.9	18.7
6	102.8	70	56.5	46.4	26.7
10	165.8	115.3	96.5	80.7	46.4
13	193.1	144.8	117.9	100	56.2
16	206.9	150.8	126.1	107.4	66.3
20	276.8	204.2	170.8	145.5	86.7
25	361.3	257.5	215.4	180.2	109.3
32	539.1	361.5	307.9	271.7	159.1
35	618.1	453.2	374	308.7	169.5
40	694.2	464.2	381.4	319.1	190.1
50	919.2	640	545	464.2	266.9
63	1217.2	821.7	663.3	545	319.1
80	1567.2	1133.1	964.9	836.5	447.9
100	2075.3	1429	1195.4	1018	585.4

## Fuse type B:

Rated current (A)	Disconnection time [s]				
	35m	0.1	0.2	0.4	5
	<b>Min. prospective short-circuit current (A)</b>				
6	30	30	30	30	30
10	50	50	50	50	50
13	65	65	65	65	65
16	80	80	80	80	80
20	100	100	100	100	100
25	125	125	125	125	125
32	160	160	160	160	160
40	200	200	200	200	200
50	250	250	250	250	250
63	315	315	315	315	315

## Fuse type C:

Rated current (A)	Disconnection time [s]				
	35m	0.1	0.2	0.4	5
<b>Min. prospective short-circuit current (A)</b>					
0.5	5	5	5	5	2.7
1	10	10	10	10	5.4
1.6	16	16	16	16	8.6
2	20	20	20	20	10.8
4	40	40	40	40	21.6
6	60	60	60	60	32.4
10	100	100	100	100	54
13	130	130	130	130	70.2
16	160	160	160	160	86.4
20	200	200	200	200	108
25	250	250	250	250	135
32	320	320	320	320	172.8
40	400	400	400	400	216
50	500	500	500	500	270
63	630	630	630	630	340.2

## Fuse type K:

Rated current (A)	Disconnection time [s]				
	35m	0.1	0.2	0.4	
<b>Min. prospective short-circuit current (A)</b>					
0.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	
1	15	15	15	15	
1.6	24	24	24	24	
2	30	30	30	30	
4	60	60	60	60	
6	90	90	90	90	
10	150	150	150	150	
13	195	195	195	195	
16	240	240	240	240	
20	300	300	300	300	
25	375	375	375	375	
32	480	480	480	480	

## Fuse type D:

Rated current (A)	Disconnection time [s]				
	35m	0.1	0.2	0.4	5
	<b>Min. prospective short-circuit current (A)</b>				
0.5	10	10	10	10	2.7
1	20	20	20	20	5.4
1.6	32	32	32	32	8.6
2	40	40	40	40	10.8
4	80	80	80	80	21.6
6	120	120	120	120	32.4
10	200	200	200	200	54
13	260	260	260	260	70.2
16	320	320	320	320	86.4
20	400	400	400	400	108
25	500	500	500	500	135
32	640	640	640	640	172.8





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