

Measured Quantity	Measuring Range / Nominal Range of Use	Resolution	Additional Info	Open-Circuit Voltage U_0	Additional Info	Short-Circuit Current I_K	Int. Resist. R_I	Ref. Resist. R_{REF}	Measuring Error	Intrinsic Error	Overload Capacity	
											Value	Time
R_{PE} Protective earth resistance	man: 1 ... 999 m Ω man: 0.01 ... 9.99 Ω	1 m Ω 10 m Ω	Electronic fuse + fuse link	4.0 ... 4.5 V AC TRMS	where $I_{PE} = 200$ mA~ where 48 Hz ¹⁾	220 ... 270 mA AC TRMS	—	—	< $\pm 10\%$ rdg. within a rage of 0.1 ... 10 Ω for IP = 200 mA	$\pm(2.5\%$ rdg. + 10 m Ω) within a rage of 0.1 ... 10 Ω where IP = 200 mA	240 V AC/DC	Cont.
	auto: 0.01 ... 30.00 Ω 0.01 ... 3.30 Ω 0.1 ... 10.0 Ω	10 m Ω 10 m Ω 100 m Ω										
R_{INS} Insulation resistance	10 ... 300 k Ω	10 k Ω	Test voltage: 500 V DC ²⁾	$U_N < U < 1.2 U_N$	Nominal current > 1 mA where $R_{ISO} = 500$ k Ω	2 mA	—	—	0.01 ... 100 M Ω : < $\pm 10\%$ rdg. > 100 M Ω < $\pm 20\%$ rdg. where UP = 500 V each	0.1 ... 30 M Ω : $\pm(2.5\%$ rdg. + 1 d) > 30 M Ω $\pm(5\%$ rdg. + 1 d) where UP = 500 V each	240 V AC/DC	Cont.
	0.01 ... 3.0 M Ω	10 k Ω										
	0.1 ... 30.0 M Ω	100 k Ω										
	1 ... 300 M Ω	1 M Ω										

Leakage Current Measurements – Direct Method (DIR/DL)

I_E Equipment leakage current	10 ... 300 μ A~ 0.01 ... 3.00 mA at 0.1 ... 30.0 mA at	1 μ A 10 μ A 100 mA	= Protective earth current, direct (between L and N) Residual current monitoring, Mains shutdown: > 20 mA~ (25 ms)							0.5 ... 20.0 mA: < $\pm 10\%$ rdg.	20 ... 300 μ A: $\pm(5\%$ rdg. + 1 d) > 300 μ A: $\pm(2.5\%$ rdg. + 1 d)	240 V AC/DC	Cont.
I_T Touch current	10 ... 300 μ A~ 0.01 ... 3.00 mA at 0.1 ... 30.0 mA at	1 μ A 10 μ A 100 μ A	Probe current monitoring: Probe shutdown: $I_T > 10$ mA~ (5 ms) Residual current monitoring Mains shutdown: $I_{DIF} > 10$ mA~ (25 ms)			1 k Ω $\pm 10 \Omega$	—		0.02 ... 10 mA at: < $\pm 10\%$ rdg.	20 ... 300 μ A at: $\pm(5\%$ rdg. + 1 d) > 300 μ A at: $\pm(2.5\%$ rdg. + 1 d)	240 V AC/DC	Cont.	
I_P Patient leakage current	2 ... 300 μ A~ 0.01 ... 3.00 mA at	1 μ A 10 μ A	Probe current monitoring: Probe shutdown: $I_P > 10$ mA~ (5 ms) Residual current monitoring Mains shutdown: $I_{DIF} > 10$ mA~ (25 ms)			1 k Ω $\pm 10 \Omega$	—		0.01 ... 3 mA at: < $\pm 10\%$ rdg.	10 ... 300 μ A at: $\pm(7.5\%$ rdg. + 1 d) 0.30 ... 3.00 mA at $\pm(2.5\%$ rdg. + 1 d)	240 V AC/DC	Cont.	
I_{AP} Applied parts leakage current	10 ... 300 μ A~ 0.01 ... 3.00 mA~ 0.1 ... 30.0 mA~	1 μ A 10 μ A 100 mA	Test voltage: 110/220/230/240 V AC	110 ... 240 V~ -15 / +10%	Fre- quency 50/60/ 200/400 Hz	< 1.5 mA	> 150 k Ω	1 k Ω $\pm 10 \Omega$	20 μ A ... 15 mA AC: < $\pm 10\%$ rdg. > 15.0 mA AC: < $\pm 15\%$ rdg.	20 μ A ... 15 mA AC: $\pm(5\%$ rdg. + 1 d) > 15.0 mA AC: $\pm(10\%$ rdg. + 1 d)	240 V AC/DC	Cont.	

Leakage Current Measurements – Differential Method (DIF)

I_E I_T Residual current between L and N	10 ... 300 μ A~ 0.01 ... 3.00 mA~ 0.1 ... 30.0 mA	1 μ A 10 μ A 100 μ A	= Protective earth current, direct Residual current monitoring Mains shutdown: > 20 mA~ (25 ms)							0.5 ... 20.0 mA: < $\pm 10\%$ rdg.	20 ... 300 μ A: $\pm(5\%$ rdg. + 1 d) > 300 μ A: $\pm(2.5\%$ rdg. + 1 d)	240 V AC/DC	Cont.
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Leakage Current Measurements – Alternative Method: Alternative leakage current (ALT)

I_E I_T I_{AP}	2 ... 300 μ A~ 0.01 ... 3.00 mA~ 0.1 ... 30.0 mA~	1 μ A 10 μ A 100 μ A	Test voltage: 110/220/230/240 V AC	110 ... 240 V~ V~ -15 / +10%	Fre- quency 50/60 Hz ³⁾	< 1.5 mA	> 150 k Ω	1 k Ω $\pm 10 \Omega$	20 μ A ... 15 mA AC: < $\pm 10\%$ rdg. > 15.0 mA AC: < $\pm 15\%$ rdg.	20 μ A ... 15 mA AC: $\pm(5\%$ rdg. + 1 d) > 15.0 mA AC: $\pm(10\%$ rdg. + 1 d)	240 V AC/DC	Cont.
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Function test

U_{LN} Line voltage (RMS)	90 ... 240 V AC (50 ... 400 Hz)	0.1 V							$\pm 5.0\%$ rdg.	$\pm(2.5\%$ rdg. + 1 d)	240 V AC	Cont.	
I_V Load current (RMS)	0.02 ... 16.00 A AC (50 ... 400 Hz)	10 mA	Shutdown by mains relay at: $I_V > 16$ A~ where $t > 0.5$ s Shutdown by mains relay at: $I_V > 4$ A~ where internal temperature > 70 °C						$\pm 5.0\%$ rdg.	$\pm(2.5\%$ rdg. + 1 d)	4 A	Cont.	
P Active power	10 ... 4000 W	1 W	Measured value P and calculated value S are compared, and the smaller of the two is displayed. Shutdown at internal temperature > 70 °C							f < 100 Hz $\pm 7.5\%$ rdg.	P > 10 W, PF > 0.5 f < 100 Hz $\pm(5\%$ rdg. + 10 d)	< 1000 W	Cont.
										f \geq 100 Hz $\pm 10\%$ rdg.	P > 10 W, PF > 0.5 f \geq 100 Hz $\pm(7.5\%$ rdg. + 10 d)	< 4000 W	10 min
S Apparent power	10 ... 4000 W	1 VA	Calculated vale $U_{L-N} \cdot I_V$ Shutdown at internal temperature > 70 °C							f < 100 Hz $\pm 7.5\%$ M	P > 10 W f < 100 Hz $\pm(5\%$ rdg. + 10 d)	< 1000W	Cont.
										f \geq 100 Hz $\pm 10\%$ rdg.	P > 10 W f \geq 100 Hz $\pm(7.5\%$ rdg. + 10 d)	< 4000W	10 min
LF Power factor with sinusoidal waveshape: $\cos \phi$	0.00 ... 1.00 inductive	0.01	Calculated value P / S, display as of P > 10 W							f < 100 Hz $\pm 7.5\%$ M	P > 10 W, PF > 0.5 f < 100 Hz $\pm(5\%$ rdg. + 10 d)	—	—
										f \geq 100 Hz $\pm 10\%$ rdg.	P > 10 W, PF > 0.5 f \geq 100 Hz $\pm(7.5\%$ rdg. + 10 d)	—	—